THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.
No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man, and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

THE LOWELL SUN

ANY TWO PAPERS
The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

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CORP. ALBERT R. ARCHIBALD, of Co. C, Who Will Soon Get a Position in Washington.

Corp. Albert R. Archibald of Company C who has been performing clerical work all the week in the adjutant general's office in Boston is slated for a position in the secretary of war's office in Washington. Before leaving for the scene of the Spanish war, Corp. Archibald was employed as assistant bookkeeper in the office of C. B. Coburn & Co.

THE MAYOTTE CASE

Public Sentiment Strongly for Investigation.

To Prevent a Recurrence of Such Fatalities—Statements of Supt. Davis and Dr. Irish—No Question That Mayotte Was Neglected—Who Shall Investigate.

Seldom, if ever, has public opinion been so thoroughly united upon a matter of public importance as it is now united in demanding an investigation of the death of Mr. Charles W. Mayotte, the victim either of official neglect or an obsolete system who was deserted at the hour of his death by even his custodians and lay no one knows how long, in death on the cold floor of his cell with none so poor to close the lids of his lifeless eyes. Someone or something in the routine of Lowell's jail is at fault and all Lowell, excepting Chairman Faulkner of the board of police and the Morning Citizen want to find it at once to guard against repetitions of such a distressing affair in the future for in these days of transitory prosperity, to quote from the interview of George W. Poore "no man knows what he himself may come to and every citizen wishes to feel that if he should be the next unfortunate to fall he would be treated charitably and humanely." The Mayotte matter was discussed yesterday and the unanimity of opinion was remarkable. Many expressed their views freely to The Sun reporter when assured that their names would not be used a fear of injuring. Sheriff Cushing deterring some, while others amusing as it may seem, feared the wrath of the police commission after the inexplicable interview from Chairman Faulkner as printed in yesterday's Mail.

Chairman Faulkner's interview and the efforts of the Courier-Citizen to free the police department of all connection with the affair, have caused many citizens who heretofore did not consider the police department in the matter at all, to begin to ask what connection the police department had with the affair, reminded of the old saying, "If the cap fits you, etc." On the day of Mayotte's death the only paper to cast any insinuations at the police department was the Courier itself, which stated to the effect that Mayotte had been locked up after a spree and his sudden removal from his liquor had wrought the disastrous effect. The Sun was informed that Keeper McQuade gave Mayotte whiskey as he should have done under the circumstances and the Courier discovering the fact, yesterday, printed it.

The only criticism that will be passed on the police department by conservative ones in the manner in which they sent the unfortunate man to jail. When arrested, Mr. Mayotte, ever a neat dresser, wore a tall hat and he did not want to wear it in the patrol wagon because of the attention he would attract. As a result he rode through the streets bareheaded, in a lather of sweat on a day when the thermometer registered several degrees below the freezing point.

Before passing from the police side of the affair, The Sun prints the following interview which Supt. Davis gave to a Courier reporter yesterday:

"We are anxious for an investigation into our treatment of Charles W. Mayotte, for I am sure that it can have but one result. So far as the police department is concerned, Mayotte received all the attention that he appeared to need. He was brought in last Saturday afternoon on a warrant charging him with selling mortgaged property. He was under the influence of liquor at the time of his arrest but that charge was not pressed.

"From what I learn, Mayotte was shaky, as any man would be after drinking heavily, but he slept well during the night and made no complaint about sickness. Sunday morning Keeper McQuade asked him how he was getting along and he replied that he was feeling rather shaky and asked for whiskey. Keeper McQuade gave it to him and asked if he was hungry. Mayotte replied negatively, but Keeper McQuade sent over to the Lowell Inn for food, thinking that the man might eat if it was placed before him. Mr. Hobon of the Lowell Inn came himself with a basket of substantial food, which Mayotte ate with apparent relish. This fact went to show that Mayotte's case was not an extreme one.

"Sunday noon Keeper McQuade told Keeper Libby, whose work began at that time, that he had given Mayotte whiskey in the morning and if necessary to repeat the dose in the afternoon. Mayotte slept well Sunday night and did not ask for more liquor. On Monday morning he was somewhat shaky, but his case was apparently no more severe than hundreds of others that we come into contact with and who come out all right. Had he asked for a doctor we would at once have sent for the city physician and had he asked for whiskey, it would not have been denied him. He expressed some hesitancy about going into the crowded court room and asked to remain down stairs until most of the people had gone. The request was granted, of course. When he appeared in the court and Clerk Savage had read the complaint, Mayotte was as rational as you or I, and denied all knowledge of the disposal of a sewing machine which was included in the complaint. He, in all appearances, was progressing satisfactorily.

"I have read in the papers a criticism of the police department for allowing the man to leave the station and suffer exposure to the cold. But when he was found by the officers and arrested, he was wandering about, apparently homeless, and suffering much more than what was involved in the trip to the jail. We used him as we would an ordinary prisoner; had anybody volunteered to pay for a hack to carry him to the jail we would have been glad to accommodate the prisoner in that way.

"Mayotte took a fit in the patrol wagon and that was the first indication of the seriousness of his condition. The incident was mentioned by Keeper Libby to the keeper at the jail with the additional information that Mayotte was in a pretty bad way.

"Keeper Libby, as I have said before, first knew of the actual condition of Mayotte when the latter had the fit in the wagon, but it was then too late to do anything in the way of medical attendance, as the man had been committed to jail by an order of the court."

And the matter now comes down to whether or not the responsibility lies at the jail, which it most certainly does.

Keeper Libby, the soul of honor, informed the keeper at the jail that Mayotte had had a fit and was in a bad way. Sheriff Cushing never knew that Mayotte was in a bad way, for as he stated to a reporter had he realized the seriousness of Mayotte's condition he would have had attendants with him and summoned a physician. The keeper at the jail, therefore, could not have notified Sheriff Cushing of the condition of the prisoner. If he did not, why didn't he? Has Sheriff Cushing any rule at the jail regarding reports as to the condition of prisoners? If he hasn't, why hasn't he? If he has, why aren't they enforced? These are the questions that the public would like explained.

Medical Examiner Irish has made a a statement of his connection with the case as follows:

"When Mayotte's history for three months previous to his arrest and his appearance in the police court on Monday are taken into consideration, there can be but one conclusion as to the nature of his death. In a case of this kind, it is perhaps best to explain the duties of a medical examiner. The first inquiry as an officer of the state that I make when called to examine a dead body is whether or not the state has lost the subject at the hand of some one else or whether death is due to a sin of omission, and then again there are sins that are due to a sin of commission. In other words the medical examiner investigates the criminal liability of the case. If he is convinced that the person has died of natural causes, his responsibility, so far as the demand of the state is concerned, ends there.

"Mr. Mayotte died through a natural cause—delirium tremens. None of the wounds, in my judgment were sufficient to cause death. There was nothing to indicate that he had received a hidden fracture of the skull. The man had a disease and that disease was delirium tremens and as his death, in my judgment resulted from that, no one could be held criminally liable. That is why I signed the return, as in other cases, simply 'delirium tremens.'

"In cases of this kind, convulsions are not at all uncommon and in two or three instances, I have known men to die on the spot. Mayotte evidently had an attack of convulsions and fell on the floor, sustaining the bruises I found.

"If there is any doubt as to the real cause of death, however, I am perfectly willing to conduct an autopsy in company with other physicians if that is the desire of the authorities. Thus far, in view of all the circumstances my judgment is that the man died from natural causes."

Medical Examiner Irish appears to believe that the public are of the opinion that Mayotte died of some cause other than delirium tremens. No autopsy is needed to convince the public that his death was due to neglect while suffering from delirium tremens. The latter disease was the cause of death undoubtedly but the disease was not necessarily fatal and had the patient been properly cared for he would have recovered. That is the public conviction in the matter and undoubtedly the medical examiner will agree that it is a sound one.

But even assuming that the jail officials are entirely innocent of any neglect, the system of running the jail is rotten and should be changed immediately.

It is admitted by the jail authorities that when the lights go out early in the evening the keepers or attendants cease to go their rounds and night watchmen are unknown. Sheriff Cushing speaks of a megaphone arrangement by which the keepers can hear any noises in the cell corridors. According to the statements of men who have occupied neighboring cells on that awful night, poor Mayotte kept everyone awake with his noise but the hard-working, light conscienced keepers, and the megaphone arrangements failed to transmit the sounds to them. But even if the megaphone was in good working order, it is of no use, except when noises are made and only one man in a thousand makes outcries when dying. A man could hang himself in his cell noiselessly even in Sheriff Cushing's model establishment; they've done it elsewhere and will probably do it again. A prisoner escaping from jail was never known to do any extended cheering while making his escape. It is the general opinion that a night watchman should be appointed to do the rounds of the jail even though to pay him, it be necessary to cut slightly the salaries of the sheriff and some of his deputies and to bring this about the public wants an investigation, of the death of Charles W. Mayotte.

WHO SHALL INVESTIGATE?

The agitation for an investigation brings up the question as to what body shall preside over the investigation if such is held. The petitions being circulated are addressed to the county commissioners but many are of the opinion that the county commissioners have no authority to hold an investigation. A lawyer informed the writer that while the county commissioners decided upon the appropriations of the jail, etc., he did not believe they could inquire into or change the system in vogue at the jail. The sheriff he said, occupies an autocratic position and appears responsible to no one. The matter in his opinion, must come up in the legislature before the committee on prisons. But another lawyer, when seen, expressed his belief that the county commissioners were the proper parties to conduct the investigation as they make the appropriations and as the jail is a county institution. The sheriff is responsible to them, says the lawyer.

Rep. Sparks of the committee on prisons, when seen by The Sun reporter last evening, said: "As the committee on prisons only organized this afternoon, I must confess I am not familiar with the duties of the committee. But nevertheless, I am at the service of my constituents and will aid them in any way possible. Mr. Mayotte's death was extremely sad. I am firmly convinced that all that could be done for him at the police station was done. The whole blame appears to me to rest with the system of night watching at the jail. I believe that night watchmen should make the rounds of the cells every half hour and report at intervals. If during the night, a prisoner is taken ill, the watchmen would know of the fact at once and attend the sufferer. The public institutions of Massachusetts are held up as models to the entire country and any system that would tend to lower the state's reputation in this respect should be investigated and remedied if found deficient.

Ex-Senator Foss this morning informed a reporter that he believed that the county commissioners were the proper authorities to seek for an investigation.

The case of Mr. Mayotte it is now remembered is not the first sudden death that has occurred at that institution. About four years ago a young woman was arrested for drunkenness on a Saturday afternoon and in the police station on Sunday was taken ill as the result of her spree. She was brought around all right with ginger tea and in court on Monday was fined $5 in default of which she was sent to jail. At the latter institution she was given a bath and placed in a cell. That night she died.

MONEY DEPOSITED
On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK.
will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Compounded Semi-Annually.
£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

CHALIFOUX'S MAJESTIC
Reduction Sale draws people from near and far.
Every department of the store has some extraordinary specials. All that have taken advantage of this January clearance sale are satisfied with their savings.
The proof of the pudding is in the eating. If you will compare and investigate the various offerings elsewhere you will quickly find everything exactly as above stated.
Below we mention a few of our special offerings:
Men's Pants.
79c., worth $1.50
for dressy looking black worsted pants.
$1.39, worth $2 and $2.50
for several styles of strictly All Wool Extra Heavy Cheviot Pants in different seasonable shades.
$1.49, worth $2.50 and $3
Your choice of 500 pairs in fancy worsted Pants, winter weight in plaids, stripes and small checks, in stylish dark shades, thoroughly well made. Guaranteed to fit perfectly.
Winter Overcoats.
$2.98 for Black Overcoats, worth $5.
$3.49; worth $6
for Blue or Black Melton Overcoats.
$4.95, marked down from $3
for handsome dark drab Kersey Overcoats.
$12.95, marked down from $20
Fine Olive Brown Kersey Overcoats, very dressy.
Children's Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar.
Men's Ulsters at cut prices.
Children's and Boys' Reefers at cut prices.
J. L. CHALIFOUX,
Central and Middle Streets.

DR. LANDERS DEAD

Passed Away at St. John's Hospital

A VICTIM OF GRIP DEVELOPMENT.

His Death Came Wholly Unexpected.

Dr Landers is dead.

In the early hours of this morning, Dr. Maurice J. Landers, the well known and popular young physician, passed away at St. John's hospital. Pneumonia was the cause of death and when he was removed to the hospital it was believed by the physicians that he would be completely recovered within a week, but as days passed by a severe case of pneumonia developed from the slight indisposition and at 5 o'clock this morning he expired after receiving the devoted attention of the good Sisters during the night and up to the time of his death. For several days, the doctor himself was of the firm belief that he would never recover but at no time did he appear to be alarmed and expressed his resignation to the will of the Almighty. Few young men in private life will be more widely mourned, for though but 25 years of age, his friends and admirers were legion as already he has established a lucrative practice and the reputation of being one of the most promising of Lowell's younger physicians.

He was born in this city and obtained his early education here. At an extremely early age he passed from the primary schools to the Bartlett grammar school and became a scholar of the late Principal Samuel Bement. The result of his energy at the Bartlett school was that upon graduation day, the late Principal Bement pointed out to the fellow students of the young man, a model to emulate and the ideal scholar of the school. Upon leaving the Bartlett school, the young man went to work in the Merrimack Mfg. Co., but when the vacation season came to a close he entered the Lowell High school and graduated from a four-years' course. He was a Carney medal scholar. In 1890 he entered the Harvard Medical school and the first year he was awarded the scholarship and again in the fourth year upon his graduation from that institution he was again accorded the same honor, accompanied by a "cum laude" which is only conferred upon the graduates of the highest rank. The doctor was also possessed of the distinguished honor of being the only Lowell boy who obtained the scholarship at Harvard more than once. When he went into the medical world, he was unable to attend to the great practice he at once received and the result was that in a short time he was compelled to retire from practice being overworked. Again returning to his profession, he was besieged with patients and the strain upon him was made greater when he accepted positions as court physician of Court Merrimack, F. of A., and Prosperity Circle, C. of F. He was again compelled to retire after a short time and finally he broke down in health and never recovered. His remains were this morning removed to his home, 626 Broadway, by Undertaker O'Donnell. He leaves two younger brothers and one sister. The funeral will take place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

DECISION AFFIRMED

IN THE CASE OF ARCHBISHOP IRELAND INVOLVING TITLE TO MUCH LAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the famous case of Archbishop Ireland, involving the title to 33,178 acres of land in Minnesota. He holds that under the first contract made with the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad company, on July 17, 1880, Archbishop Ireland was not a purchaser, but under the second contract, made on March 30, 1883, he was a purchaser. Accordingly the lands covered by the first contract will not go to Archbishop Ireland while he will reserve those under the second.

KAUTZ AWAITING ORDERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Kautz in response to a query from Washington has stated that he can have the Philadelphia coaled and equipped for a voyage to Samoa by next Thursday.

"I suggested to the department," said the admiral, "the urgent need of going into drydock for repairing the ship's bottom, but they seem to think that this is not as important a matter as the Samoan business so I expect to be ordered from here to Apia as soon as we can get ready."

ICEMEN ARE NERVOUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GARDINER, Me., Jan. 21.—The icemen along the Kennebec river are showing some signs of nervousness. All are at work with the exception of the Great Falls compay who have decided to wait patiently until they can open a field 15 inches thick. The others are grooving, laying out fields, and running in ice which varies from 10 to 12 inches in thickess, most of it not exceeding 11 1-2 iches.

Albert E. O'Heir, the Merrimack Square furniture dealer starts tonight to attend the New York and Grand Rapids, Mich, furniture exhibitions.

Notice. On and after Feb. 1, we will be located at No. 127 Central street; now is the time to buy crockery, glassware, &c., at reduced prices. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. Telephone 634-2

GENERAL MILLER, Who Has Landed His Forces at Iloilo to Meet the Insurgents.

MILLER LANDED

Within Three Miles of Iloilo.

THE TROOPS TIRED ON TRANSPORTS

A Failure to Land Would Betoken Defeat.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—General Miller's expedition has landed on Gulmaras island, three miles from Iloilo, without opposition, Gen. Otis cables from Manila.

Landing was necessary because of the crowded condition of the troops on the transports. Experience has proved that soldiers lose spirit and fighting qualities when confined long on board ship, so the department asked Gen. Otis to ascertain if it were possible for Gen. Miller to land his expedition near Iloilo. He cabled that it was, and was then instructed to order a landing.

It was deemed inadvisable to have this expedition return to Manila without having landed, as it was feared the natives of Luzon would think the Filipinos at Iloilo had repulsed the Americans.

The president's policy of pacification will be continued, and no attempt to land at Iloilo will be made at present. The island on which the men have landed is healthy and has an abundance of water.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

Putnam & Son

These Demand

And are worthy of your attention. Here is a stock of Collars unlike anything in Lowell; a class of goods that cannot be found in any other store at any price.

500 DOZENS

of high class Collars, in every leading style; made from an entirely new fibre; collars that cannot be distinguished from 25 cent goods, and which we guarantee to wear as well; some say better—beautifully laundered. These are in every respect the most attracsive collars we know about.

9 cents each; 6 for 50 cents.
CUFFS, 15 cents a pair.

Have You Seen the Shirts?

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' SHIRTS,
linen bosoms, finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 29 and 31 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' WAMSUTTA SHIRTS,
finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 44 and 47 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' FANCY TRIMMED NIGHT SHIRTS,
finished like dollar goods, are WONDERS for 31 and 33 cents.

These are but a few of the great lots of Shirts and Night Shirts that we're literally "running out" by dozens.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

REMNANTS OF OIL CLOTH
AT HALF PRICE.
When A. E. O'HEIR & CO. say half price it means half price, not "about" half.

50c Oil Cloth,	25c	35c Oil Cloth,	17 1-2c
40c Oil Cloth,	20c	25c Oil Cloth,	12 1-2c

From 2 to 16 yards in a piece. First come, first served.
THE PEOPLE'S FURNITURE STORE.
A. E. O'HEIR & CO.'S. 16 Merrimack St.

A MAN ASSAULTED

At the Middlesex Factory in Marlboro

BECAUSE HE WOULDN'T QUIT WORK.

The Affair Has Injured the Strikers' Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MARLBORO, Jan. 20.—John Miller, a workman employed in Middlesex factory, was assaulted this evening shortly after 9 at the very portals of his home, 157 Church st.

The story of the assault, as told by Mr. Miller to the Globe correspondent, is that while returning from a visit, he was hailed by two men who were a short distance behind him on Warren street. He did not stop, however.

At the gate of his home he stopped and engaged in conversation with the men, who spoke pleasantly with him. They urged him to leave Middlesex factory stating that the union would pay him provided he joined and left working in the factory. They also told him that the strike would be over in a short time and he had better join them.

Mr. Miller, however, took exceptions to some of the statements and said he would remain in the factory.

Suddenly one of the men dealt him a blow in the mouth, felling him to the ground. Both of them began kicking him. Mr. Miller cried lustily for help and his assailants ran off.

William Wyman, who lives in a near by house, went to Miller's assistance, flourishing a revolver, and a number of stones were thrown at him.

Mr. Miller, although considerably shaken up, sustained no serious injury. He received a scalp wound from which he bled profusely and suffered the loss of several teeth.

One of the men by whom he was struck, he asserts, is known to him, but the other is a stranger.

Miller is 57 years old. He states that he has been threatened with injury before and has always carried a revolver, but to-night didn't have it with him.

STATE AID

THE OPERATION OF THE STATE AID LAW SEEMS UNFAIR.

The state aid office and its officials are occupying considerable attention locally of late but one seldom hears of the state aid law as it reads on the statute book. There appears to be something wrong with the law which governs the payment of state aid though as it only effects poor people, it is doubtful if the question of the justice of the law will ever be questioned before a body of lawmakers. T'was ever thus with the poor.

A Lowell woman in impoverished circumstances who has a son who has been in the navy for several years, wrote to her boy not long ago requesting him to send some money as she sorely needed it. Her boy was unable to send her much but wrote her to look up the matter of his state aid, he believing that having served in the war as a member of the navy, he was entitled to the $7 per month paid by the state to soldiers and sailors.

The woman immediately made inquiries at City Hall about the matter hoping that she might be successful in her search for that small aid. But she was doomed to be disappointed for she was informed that the state aid was paid only to soldiers and sailors who enlisted for the war and that her son, though he had served in Sampson's fleet during the trying times before Cuba he was not entitled to the state aid by reason of the fact that he had enlisted in the navy before the war. According to that only those who enlisted after the war broke out and for the express purpose of fighting during the war are eligible to state aid while those who are in the service ready and broken in to fight for the flag at a moment's notice, are barred. Is such a law equitable?

FUNERALS.

HARRIMAN—The funeral of the late Albert O. Harriman took place this afternoon from 19 Arthur street, Rev. T. J. Sayers, pastor of the Blossom street church officiated. The interment was in the Edson cemetery.

The Tewksbury Social and Dramatic club gave their first entertainment last evening before a large audience which manifestde approval and pleasure at the efforts of the entertainers.

Grip Suggestions

When you have an attack of the Grip—that shivering, chilly sensation and pains in the back, vertigo, severe headache, aches in the muscles and joints and weakness or prostration—the first and best thing to do is to get yourself warm, taking a dose of Hood's Pills to open the bowels, and then keep comfortable till the illness is past.

After the grip, scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid and other blood poisoning diseases, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will expel every trace of poison from the blood, sharpen your appetite, and tone you up.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Have seen the

Jacob Doll ELECTRIC PIANO

—AT—

216 Merrimack St.?

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

Presented a Sword by the Royal Arcanum

OF WHICH HE IS A MEMBER.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland Among the Guests.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley of the cruiser Brooklyn was presented with a fine jeweled sword by his brother members of the Royal Arcanum last night at Carnegie Music hall in the presence of about 4000 persons.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland and a large number of officers from the navy yard was present. After receiving it with a graceful speech, the hero of the fight with Cervera buckled it to his side.

Then he shook hands with about 3000 men, women and children. The hall was crowded as far up as the top gallery at 8 o'clock when the 23rd regiment band opened the ceremonies with an overture of patriotic airs.

Rear Admiral Schley sat in a box directly opposite the platform with a large party of guests. The two-starred flag that told his rank was hung in the festoon of American flags from the box. The entire balustrade in front of both tiers of boxes and the lower balcony were hung with the flags. Rear Admiral Schley was in full uniform and stood when the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung.

After the overture he was escorted to the platform amid cheers. Grand regent Howard C. Wiggins of Rome, N. Y., chairman of the committee which has been preparing the testimonial, after a few introductory remarks introduced supreme regent Edson M. Schryver of Baltimore as presiding officer.

DEATHS.

FORD—Fannie L. Ford, aged 31 years, died yesterday at her late home, 169 Appleton street.

FOLSOM—William Folsom, aged 78 years, died last evening at his late home, 151 Shaw street. The deceased is survived by one son, Fred P. Folsom of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. William H. Johnson of Veedersburgh, Ind. The funeral will take place at the above mentioned residence Monday forenoon at 9.30 o'clock. Friends invited. No flowers, by request.

REDPATH CONCERT CO.

One of the best concert companies that has visited Lowell for years appeared at Odd Fellows' hall last night under the title of the Redpath Concert company, consisting of the following talent: Helen Buckley, soprano; Mary Louise Clary, contralto; Arthur Beresford, bass; William H. Rieger, tenor; Adolph Rosenbecker, violinist and Hugo Frey accompanist. It is no exaggeration to say that every member of the company is a star and every number on the program was a gem. The hall was well filled and those who attended enjoyed a rare musical treat. Miss Buckley is a sweet soprano of more than average power and execution. Miss Clary's contralto voice captured the audience from the start and her rendition of the "Lost Chord" was never excelled in this city. The tenor, Mr. W. H. Rieger, sang his several numbers with artistic skill and in good voice. It is seldom the fortune of a Lowell audience to listen to a tenor of Mr. Rieger's ability. The star of the evening was the basso, Mr. Arthur Beresford, whose singing was simply grand. We have never heard anything to equal him outside of the best grand opera companies. The power and richness of his voice is something marvelous, and we wonder that he is not at present singing with the Metropolitan Opera company in New York. Indeed they often pay high prices there to hear much poorer singing. The accompanist, Mr. Hugo Frey, was a relief to a Lowell audience, who of late years have been forced to submit to almost "any old thing" in the form of an accompanist. The accompanying of vocalists and instrumentalists has descended to mere blacksmithing in this city, but Mr. Frey showed that there is still some art in accompanying. Adolph Rosenbecker acquitted himself as was expected in true artistic style. He is a finished violinist and it is to be regretted that we do not hear more of such music in Lowell.

If the management were to bring the same concert company to Lowell again we predict that no local hall would be large enough to accommodate the audience. To describe the several solos and concerted pieces would require more space than we have at our command; it is sufficient to say that from the beginning to the end the numbers were simply faultless.

PENSION CHANGES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of January 10th are announced:

Massachusetts—Original, Eugene M. Libbey, Lynn, $6; Maurice Herlihy, Charlestown, $12; Edward C. Estabrook, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, $8 to $12. Original widows, etc., Elizabeth L. Parker, Springfield, Mass. $8

CHEAP BAKING POWDERS DID IT.

In one of the large female seminaries in Georgia there recently occurred an epidemic which affected the students in a peculiar and in some cases most serious manner. An investigation by the local physician showed that quantities of a cheap alum baking powder were being used in the baking. He immediately ordered that the use of this brand of powder be discontinued and a pure cream of tartar powder substituted. The change was attended by excellent results. The patients rapidly improved and the peculiar affliction disappeared. The physician, one of the most eminent in the south, asserts that thousands of acute stomach troubles are directly caused by the daily use of these vile cheap alum powders.—Southern Medical Times.

The farce, "A Family Flurry," was given, introducing Messrs. Castor, Blaisdell, Kerney and Misses Parson's Seaver and Haines.

The woman who is weak, nervous, tired and exhausted; who has a poor and variable appetite and no strength or nerve; who suffers from pains and aches, dragging down and burning sensations; and who recognizes herself, that she has become irritable, cross, blue and despondent, is in almost every case suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity.

Thousands of women suffer in this way and do not recognize the cause, or if they do understand their condition, neglect it rather than submit to the obnoxious examinations and local treatment insisted upon by the average physician. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a wonderful medicine for women who suffer in this way. It does away with the necessity for these trying ordeals, and may be used in the privacy of the home. It acts directly on the delicate organs concerned, and makes them strong, vigorous and healthy. It banishes the discomforts of the expectant period and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It transforms weak, nervous, petulant invalids into happy wives and mothers. Thousands of women have testified, over their own signatures, to this fact. The "Favorite Prescription" may be procured from any good medicine dealer. Any woman who will write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y., may have the advice of an eminent and skillful specialist without charge.

Mrs. Cora M. McLaurin, of Rockport, Copiah Co., Miss., writes: "I had displacement and inflammation of the uterus. I was under the treatment of our family physician for a long time, but received no benefit. I had falling of internal organs with ulceration and enlargement. I commenced using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery,' 'Pleasant Pellets' and 'Extract of Smart-Weed.' From the first day I began to improve, and in a short time I was able to do all my housework. If it had not been for your medicines I would have been dead long ago."

Stomach and liver troubles with sluggish action of the bowels are cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

MUSIC HALL.

There was a good attendance at this house last evening to witness this great comedy melodrama, the "Sleeping City," and the performance given under the direction of A. Q. Scammon by a company of artists carefully selected by him with reference to their respective parts, was first class in every respect. The story of the piece, while it lacks novelty is still very interesting, possessing as it does many thrilling situations as well as a full share of first class comedy scenes.

The piece is finely staged, the first scene being Battery Park, New York, while in the second act the exterior of Sing Sing prison was given where the hero makes his escape from the wall around the same by jumping on a moving train. It was a very realistic scene but no more so than in the next act when the insane asylum was burned. In this act, for a time, comedy had full sway and the house was in a roar of laughter. The last act gave the East River den where after some very clever work the evillain was denounced and trapped.

Rogers Barker, as "Jack Morton" the hero, had a difficult part which he rendered in a very clever manner, Lester A. Davis as his brother, "Lu Morton" had a part which he managed to the satisfaction of all. George Wharnock as "Chas. Creston" the villain, was forcible and strong throughout. Mark S. Hogan, as Creston's tool, did a good bit of character work, as did William Mitchell, as "Fritz Dinkewinkle," the German. Florence Courtney gave a very finished performance in the role of Ethel Braintree, the heroine of the piece and was ably assisted by Belle Gold in the part of Maggie Riley. The Widow Riley, with a good honest heart, could not have a better representative than she did in clever Maggie LeClair who was the life and wit of the piece as this interesting Irish widow. Following her in the same line and equally as clever, was James F. Casey as Michael Muleahy. Madge Olinger, as Creston's sister, sustained her part in a creditable manner and the minor roles were acceptably filled. Several specialties were introduced. Lester A. Davis and Belle Gold gave a song and dance turn that was well received as was the yodling of William Mitchell. Harry F. Winsman scored a hit in song, imitations and whistling, and Belle Gold rendered in good voice and in a descriptive manner, two songs entitled "She Was Happy Till She Met You," ad "Nora."

The piece will be presented this afternoon and evening and is worthy of large patronage.

Recitations were given by the young ladies and an Irish sketch by Messrs. Neal and Kenney.

It is the intention of the club to entertain every two weeks during the winter.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

THIS OLD QUESTION HAS TO BE ANSWERED CANDIDLY BY LOWELL PEOPLE.

What do the Lowell people think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is Lowell proof for Lowell people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz: Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for Lowell people. The most exacting cannot ask for anything more. Read this:

Mr. Mark Walsh, of Southwick Building, 90 Prescott street, says: "I fell from the third floor with an elevator on which was a safe. I was taken to the hospital with some broken ribs, recovered, and returned to my employment. Kidney trouble developed, a bad backache, followed by painful urination and a tendency to gravel. If sitting, it was next to impossible to rise so great and acute were the pains. I felt that I should put myself under the doctors, but before doing so, I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, and what they were doing in Lowell and sent to Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and got a box. I took them as directed, and was helped at once. I now have no trouble of any kind, my back is all right, and the urinary difficulty is entirely corrected, and it was Doan's Kidney Pills that did it. I am recommending them highly and you may send anyone to me and I will tell them my experience. If they helped me, they will help them."

Doan's Kidney Pills, for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's, and take no substitute.

A CROOKED CLERK

After Obtaining $30,000 Illegally Disappears.

AND PROBABLY HAS COMMITTED SUICIDE

He Blackmailed Witnesses at Court.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.—Al. J. Wagenman, clerk of the court of criminal correction, has disappeared and it is said by his friends that he has confessed to a subversion of witnesses and jurors fees to the amount of $30,000. He is missing, and his friends fear he has committed suicide.

Last Saturday Wagenman admitted to City Collector Charles F. Wenneker and Election Commissioner Julius Werzberg that he had obtained $30,000 illegally by means of fictitious jurors' fees and other ways. He said he spent the money speculating. Some of Wagenman's acquaintances declare that his speculations were the result of systematic blackmailing on the part of the possessors of a disagreeable secret, while others claim that his trouble resulted from dealings with money lenders.

STATIONS CLOSED

TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION WITH SEVERAL OF THE PHILIPPINES INTERRUPTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Inquiries made at the office of the Eastern Cable Company here with reference to the notice sent out in New York yesterday by the Commercial Cable Company, saying they had been advised that telegraphic communication with the islands of Panay, Negros and Zebu, in the Philippines, was temporarily interrupted, which aroused some speculation as to the cause, show that the cable stations at Panay, Negros and Zebu have bee nclosed since December 27 for the safety of the employes, owing to the prevailing unsettled conditions. The officials of the Eastern Cable Company do not know at present whether the Americans or the Filipinos are masters of the situation. They add that the stations will remained closed until a more peaceful situation supervenes.

MAN IS CHEAP

NO USE FOR LABOR SAVING DEVICES IN CHINA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Labor saving devices are not wanted in China. This is clearly shown by Consul General Goodnow in a report to the state department made in reply to an inquiry from New York:

"I cannot give you any encouragement," he says, "in regard to the shipment of wheel barrows, scrapers, dump carts and the like in China. The wheel barrows used here have one large wheel in the middle and a seat on either side, where passengers are carried. Once in a great while dirt is carried in baskets in such a barrow but ordinarily it is carried by a coolie in two baskets hung one on each end of the bamboo rod balanced on his shoulders. These baskets are about the size and shape of a grain scoop. Labor saving devices are not in demand in China. A coolie carrying dirt will receive from seven to ten cents pay per day. He must work from sunrise to sunset—not very steadily or intensely, but putting in a great many hours and accomplishing a large amount of work for the amount of wages paid. There are more coolies willing to work for a pittance than there is work for them to do."

HELD IN $7000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 20.—David O'Connor was arraigned this morning on a warrant for manslaughter, pleaded not guilty and was held in $7000 for a hearing January 31. He is accused of causing the death by violence of his wife Mary, whose funeral was held today.

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 20.—The Republican City Committee has organized with the following officers:

Hon. Joseph O. Neill, chairman; William Mitchell, vice chairman; George W. Penniman, secretary; Dr. N. B. Aldrich, treasurer.

SCHOONER FLOATED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WESTERLY, R. I., Jan. 20—The schooner, J. G. Fell, Captain Crowley, from Perth Amboy in ballast for Newport and New York, which stranded on Mussel Bar, off Napatree Point near the Watch Hill last evening was floated during the night by the Watch Hill life saving crew. The conditions were favorable, otherwise the vessel would have gone to pieces. The vessel was taken into Stonington Harbor.

OPPOSED TO ROBERTS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20—The members of the reorganized church of Latter Day Saints of St. Louis oppose the seating of Congressman-elect B. H. Roberts on the ground that he is a pronounced polygamist. At a business session of the church here the question was discussed and a vote taken resulting in the adoption of resolutions to that effect.

The North Chelmsford Dramatic club composed of popular young residents of that village is holding rehearsals for an entertainment to be held February 1 in the town hall.

25 YEARS

of unvarying purity—seven years of ripening, in barrels, before it's bottled and sealed. Result—confidence everywhere in the name of the makers of

G.O.T. TAYLOR WHISKIES

Never sold in bulk. Of Druggists, Grocers, Licensed Dealers,—everywhere.

TAKEN TO DOVER

John Flint Arrested in Lowell Yesterday.

SUPPOSED STOLEN ROBE IN HIS POSSESSION.

Formerly Conducted Road Houses in Chelmsford.

John S. Flint, who was arrested by the police inspectors on John street for the larceny of a robe was taken to Dover, N.H., to-day by an officer from that place.

Flint had just disposed of a robe valued at $60 for a harness and for another robe much cheaper in quality than the one in his possession.

The inspectors looked into the matter knowing that a robe had been stolen from a Mr. Charles Pike of Dover.

The robe that Flint had disposed of answered the one missing from Dover in every particular and after communicating with the police authorities in that place by telephone, Flint was placed under arrest.

He positively denied his guilt and refused to accompany the inspectors until made to do so. He further claimed that he purchased the robe from a man named Gavin in Dover for $5 but the inspectors doubt this. He accompanied the Dover officer without a requisition.

Flint was recently engaged in the junk business in Lowell and formerly conducted "road houses" in East Chelmsford, Shirley and other country places. He stated that he is married that his first wife is dead and the second wife lives in Rollingsford, N. H. The Lowell inspectors have notified the Dover officials to search Flint's New Hampshire dwelling as they think that he is a bad one and further criminal evidence may be procured against him.

BIG HOTEL FIRE

Lives of the Guests Were Endangered.

MANY SENSATIONAL ESCAPES MADE.

Several Were Overcome by the Smoke.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 20.—A hotel fire with sensational escapes took place between three and four o'clock this morning. The Sherwood house, on the east side of Walnut above Sixth street, took fire and in a very brief time the house was so filled with smoke as to endanger the lives of the sixty or more sleeping guests. Many of the guests were members of theatrical companies. Very soon the upper corridors were filled with shrieking women in night robes. The male guests had difficulty in restraining the women from jumping from the windows. The firemen were active in carrying out the women and most of them were rescued by the stairway, but several were taken down by the ladders and by the fire escapes. F. H. Munch, a traveling salesman from New York, was among the last to be rescued. He was found with a wet towel over his face in an unconscious condition but by the aid of physicians was revived. Several of the half-suffocated guests were carried into the hotel Stratford. The entire fire department was called out and the fire was subdued before the building was destroyed. The money loss will not exceed $10,000; fully insured.

CLEAN SWEEP

MADE BY MAYOR KEITH IN HIS APPOINTMENT OF CITY OFFICIALS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

QUINCY, Mass., Jan. 20.—Mayor Keith this morning relieved the suspense which has been hanging over the city since inauguration day, by announcing his appointments. A "clean sweep" has been made at City Hall, the only official retained being F. W. Henry Bass, overseer of the poor, who has held his position under many mayors. The men nominated by Mayor Keith are as follows:

City clerk, James F. Harlow; city treasurer, James F. Burke; commissioner of public works, John T. Cavanagh; chief engineer of the fire department, Peter J. Williams; chief of police, Joseph W. Hayden; city solicitor, Paul R. Blackmur; principal assessor, William A. Hodges; assistant assessors, John Federhen 2d, Thomas F. Drake, John Curtis, James A. White, Henry C. Fay, Elija G. Hall; city physician, Dr. A. J. Elmore.

Always Demand The One That Gives Surest, Quickest Relief. That's a

BENSON'S,

(SEAL STAMP) (ON THE GENUINE)

'tis the best

POROUS PLASTER

Has cured millions. Will help you, if suffering from Lung, Chest, Kidney, Muscle or Joint affections. Price 25c. All Druggists. Refuse substitutes. Of mail, Seabury & Johnson, N.Y., if unobtainable.

A Young Life Saved.

This is a story of a parents' devotion and gratitude. Their fond daughter was seriously ill. The disease baffled eminent physicians. Finally the specific was found, used and perfect health followed.

Florence, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Sturdivant, of Grindstone, N. Y., was prostrated by a complication of ailments.

Her case became serious, seemed to be beyond the help of medical science.

Eminent physicians were unable to benefit her.

The outlook was discouraging.

Mrs. Sturdivant's brother advised trying Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

The advice was timely; the pills proved effective.

Little Florence was speedily restored to perfect health.

The parents are positive of the cure and Mr. Sturdivant even makes affidavit to that fact before H. W. Moore, a Notary Public.

"Florence was taken sick in February, 1896," he says, "with scarlet fever and we immediately called a physician. After two weeks the fever subsided but severe pains were constantly in her back and stomach.

"The difficulty seemed to baffle the efforts of the physician.

"Finally at the end of four months of treatment, she was completely prostrated.

"We called an eminent physician. He agreed with the diagnosis of our physician.

"He prescribed a course of treatment and we followed it faithfully for three months.

"Instead of improving, Florence failed.

"A brother of my wife, who resided in Canada, but was visiting us, advised trying Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I purchased a box of the pills and began to give them to Florence.

"After using the pills a short time we could see an improvement.

"Her strength began to return and her appetite was restored.

"When she had taken one box the pains in her back and stomach ceased and her recovery seemed certain.

"We eagerly purchased a second box of pills and watched with delight the change for the better that was being wrought daily.

"Florence finally became strong enough to walk a little. She gained in flesh and strength rapidly.

"By the time she had used three boxes of the pills she was evidently well.

"We continued the treatment using another box, the fourth, to prevent the possibility of a recurrence of the difficulty.

"We cannot praise too highly the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am positive that without their use our child would have been a confirmed invalid."

The evidence is irrefutable; Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are veritable health restorers. Thousands testify to that fact.

Composed of vegetable remedies, they act directly upon that vital element—the blood—in its impure state, and speedily restore it to healthful action.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold throughout the land.

IN BATTLE LINE

Forces in West Virginia are Lined up.

SCOTT IS McGRAW'S OPPONENT.

The Fight is a Very Bitter One.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 20.—The senatorial contest to-day has become partisan. It is no longer factional. Last night Hon. N. B. Scott, United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue, received the republican caucus nomination, and the previous night Hon. J. T. McGraw was made the Democratic nominee. The headquarters of candidates have been abandoned and many are gone. It is conceded that either Scott or McGraw will succeed Senator Faulkner with the odds in favor of the former. The legislature, as it now stands has a Republican majority of one on joint ballot, and that is what makes the situation still one of doubt. Three republican members did not attend the caucus last night. One of them was prevented by sickness and he is for Scott. If any one of the members is sick or absent from any cause when the legislature ballots for senator next Monday, there can be no election. Scott expects to receive all the Republican votes if all are present, but the probability of one or more being absent is causing great anxiety. McGraw is depending on some such contingency while his opponent has not a sigle vote to spare. Meanwhile there is talk of more suspensions, a term that is being applied to members who are unseated on contests pending a full hearing of their cases by the committee on elections when there is not time to hear such cases before the balloting for senator. While the fight has narrowed down to the two party nominees it is as bitter as at any time during the past two weeks.

WERNER COMPANY

ALLEGED TO HAVE MADE FALSE RETURNS ON THE VALUATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, Ohio., Jan. 20.—A special from Akron, O., says:

Auditor L. E. Sisler seeks to tie up the $1,200,000 paid by the re-organized company for the property of the Werner Company, a publishing house. He has filed a motion asking that no distribution be made until after a final hearing of the back tax case, now pending. He alleges that the Werner Company has made false returns on the valuation of the plant, it being on the duplicate for $90,000.

One of the Charms which makes Ivorine so universally popular with housekeepers is this Toilet Soap, which keeps the hands white, soft, and smooth.

Ivorine WASHING POWDER

supplies soap for every department of the house. Both soap and washing powder are the best that the skill and experience of half a century can produce.

A Great Hit. You will find this splendid cake of White Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package of Ivorine Washing Powder.

The J. B. Williams Co., Glastonbury, Ct. Makers of Williams' Famous Shaving Soaps.

"I had indigestion and dyspepsia, the doctors said, but I do not know what was the matter. I only know that I almost suffered death, especially when at a delicate period, my bowels were bad, and I had such pains in my back of a morning I could hardly get out of bed. When I had taken Ripans Tabules for two weeks, as directed, I was a new person. These are facts, and my friends can say the same."

The above words are from a letter written by a young lady of Holton, La., whose cousin recommended the Tabules.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—TEN CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the first-cost cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

CAPTAIN GREIG of Co. C, Sixth Regiment.

LOST HIS JOB.

Began to Get Well When He Quit Coffee.

You could not get me to return to coffee after my experience if you were to give me a gold mine.

Two different physicians who treated me helped me some but as soon as I left off the medicines I went down

L. F. McMINN,
1702 High Street, Des Moines, Ia.

again. Neither of these doctors told me that coffee was the cause of the trouble.

I was compelled to give up my occupation and had been for a long time constantly taking medicine of some sort. The trouble was indigestion and constipation causing loss of sleep, and running me down seriously in weight.

I was discouraged with the drugging and remained ill until I noticed one of your advs. about how coffee affected some people and thought I would stop drinking it and see if that might not be the cause of my trouble. I took to drinking Postum Cereal Food Coffee and grew to like it very much indeed. As soon as I stopped drinking common coffee I began to get well and have increased in weight from 140 to 158. Since beginning Postum, I have never taken a pill or any kind of medicine and I never felt better in my life.

THE MUSTER OUT

The Last Day's Services as Volunteers.

LIEUT. NEWCOMB MUSTERING OUT OFFICER

Company C's Banquet Last Night.

Today, after a service lasting a little more than eight months ,the Sixth Massachusetts ended its career as a United States regiment mustered into service in the war with Spain. The large number of recruits that joined the regiment while it was stationed at Framingham, from May 6 until May 20, and at Camp Alger from May 22 until July 5, interfered with an early development of a regimental spirit. That was the uncertain beginning and the unfortunate trouble that culminated at Ponce about the first of August made the very embarrassing circumstances of the second stage of the history of the Sixth during the war. The third stage which began on August 8 with the assumption of command by Colonel Edward Rice and Lieut. Colonel Butler Ames and which finally closed today, has been one constant enthusiastic display of the excellence of discipline and zeal of service that make the good soldier.

During the march across Porto Rico beginning early in August and ending in the middle of October, the regiment improved to a degree that must have reminded Colonel Rice of his former comrades, the Nineteenth Massachusetts, which Gen. Miles has said was the best regiment in the army of the Potomac. So far as the courage of the Sixth goes, that fight on the Yauco road showed a sterling, reliable quality. Discipline was lacking most of all, but the regiment that left Arecibo for home on October 21 was decorated with the praise of so severe a critic as General Henry. The good conduct of the boys of the Sixth during the period of furlough is also worthy of commendation.

The picturesque campaign of the 6th Massachusetts regiment in Porto Rico is brought before the public once more in the mustering out of the regiment which occurs on Saturday of this week. The 6th regiment was fortunate in going to the front under the immediate command of General Miles, who personally conducted the tour. The result was the 6th returned home as returning troops should come, somewhat dilapidated in apparel, but strong and rugged in physique. The story of the campaign will be made the special feature of The Boston Sunday Herold of January 22. The story of the regiment will be written by Frank T. Pope, the Boston Herald correspondent, who accompanied the regiment to the front. Graphic illustrations will add to the interest of the text and help to show the friends at home the life the boys led at the front. Place your orders for next Sunday's Herald quite early so that you may be sure of getting a copy

This forenoon about 9.30 o'clock, Company C boys under command of Capt. Greig were the first to assemble for muster. The mustering-out officer was Lieut. Newcomb, who was accompanied by Paymaster Royon. Both officers left Fitchburg this morning, where was mustered Companies B and D of the Sixth. After mustering out Company C, Capt. Fairweather's command, Company G assembled in line for the concluding exercises with the United States militia.

Both companies were paid off in the officers' room from Oct. 31, 1898, to Jan. 20, 1899 inclusive and each member received a certificate of discharge suitable for framing. Paymaster Doyon started for Boston with Lieut. Newcomb to assist in the mustering out of the Hub companies of the Sixth. A special paymaster went to Framingham The entire 6th will be mustered out of service tonight.

Announcements were made by both Captains Greig and Fairweather that an invitation had been extended to Lowell soldiers to attend a Royal Arcanumite "Smoke Talk" the first Thursday in February in Odd Fellows' hall, Lieut. Wisner of the Frankfort, Ky., arsenal will deliver an address.

Capt. Fairweather stated to his command that Joseph Ferrole Albane, the Porto Rican lad who accompanied Private Eugene Young from his Cuban home to Lowell is unable to obtain employment, and as he is unwell, a movement is being inaugurated to have him sent home on Thursday next.

Subscriptions will be received from any source, no matter how small and can be forwarded to Capt. Fairweather

The other Porto Rican is also unable to obtain employment. He informed a Sun reporter at the armory that he liked Lowell very much but if he cannot obtain work, he too, will have to return to San Juan.

Both companies of the Sixth regiment were photographed in groups after the muster out by Oliver Baines.

Great credit is due to Armorer Charles Carr for the clean manner in which he has left the armory. When Company M rendezvoused at the armory a detail of "police" from that command performed that office. Both Captains Greig and Fairweather in person thanked Armorer Carr for his many kind offices to the Lowell boys of the Sixth.

The members of Company C, Sixth regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, regaled themselves most royally at the Rockingham Hotel last evening, it being the scene of a grand jollification and "grand "round-up" prior to the mustering out exercises of today.

All regard of rank and military formality were shifted to the winds and men and officers assembled around the festive board like the military brothers that they are. There were no invited guests with the exception of the genial and whole-souled Bill Decatur of Westford and the diminutive chanticleer, "Billy Phalanx," the idol of the company and who went through the campaign with the soldier boys in Captain Greig's command. It will be remembered that this bantam rooster was presented to the company by Mr. Decatur at Camp Dewey and saw service at Camp Alger and Porto Rico. The popular bird was also present and occupied a position of honor on the ice tank, because he is a veritable "in-in cooler." He seemed to realize the fact that he was with old comrades and that he was one of the heroes of the late war.

The dining room was decorated for the occasion with numerous American flags. One of the Rockingham's finest spreads was set before the boys and 97 noses were counted when all were seated at 8.15. The menu was an elaborate one and required about an hour for proper digestion.

Capt. Greig opened the post-prandial exercises by stating that the men had been gathered together with a view of strengthening the bonds of friendship that had been established during their service in Uncle Sam's army, as it would probably be a long time before they would ever assemble together in a social way again. He hoped that everybody would enter into the spirit of the occasion and make it one of which they would retain the pleasantest memories in the future, Lieutenants Livingston and Costello spoke in a similar strain.

There was also an excellent musical program which embraced selections by a quartet consisting of Capt. Alex. Greig, James N. Greig, Private Desmarais and John Moir; duet by Captain Greig and Mr. Moir; solos by Privates O'Hearn, Desmarais and others. It was about midnight when the festivities terminated.

The Ambulance Corps held its weekly meeting at the armory last evening, and voted to take possession of the quarters vacated by Co. D last spring just as soon as it is ready for occupancy. At the present time the rooms contain the equipment of Captain Garity's provisional company and the captain is awaiting orders to turn the property over to the state. It will then require an order from Adjutant-General Dalton to Armorer Carr before the Ambulance Corps can take possession. Owing to the enforced absence of Lieutenant Bell there was no lecture last night.

The following is in answer to a letter to General Miles, tendering him the good offices of the Volunteer Aid association in the line of furnishing information that might be valuable to him in the pending "embalmed beef" investigation, so-called:

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 133, 1899.
Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, Lowell, Mass.:

My Dear Madam:—Your very kind letter of December 26th was duly received and I thank you for the same.

I would be very glad to have any information in the shape of statements or affidavits of persons who have knowledge concerning the so-called canned roast beef or refrigerated beef issued to the army during the war, the character and condition of the same, and the effect of its use upon the health of the troops. This information is desired in the interest of the truth and to protect the welfare and honor of the soldiers.

Very respectfully yours,
Nelson A. Miles.

Upon the receipt of Gen. Miles' letter of Jan. 13, the association failing to understand clearly just how to proceed, again communicated with Gen. Miles for information as to what method of proceedure to adopt.

Gen. Miles received the second letter at about the time of the issuance of the order for a court martial in the case of Gen. Eagan and being too busy to reply personally, he instructed Brigadier General Gilmore to make the following answer which was received yesterday afternoon:

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 17, 1899.
Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association:

General Miles has your very kind letter of a recent date and being very much pressed with official business desires me to reply and say to you that he appreciates your interest in the matter under discussion and would be much indebted to you if you would have prepared the affidavits referred to either in the form of a signed general statement or each one separate at your earliest convenience.

Very respectfully,
—J. V. Gilmore, Brig. Gen.

Immediately upon receipt of this information it was decided to procure the services of an attorney who will at once draft a general statement setting forth the information that is required and every local officer and man of the Lowell companies of the Sixth Massachusetts regiment of volunteers will be given an opportunity to sign the statement under oath.

The captains of the local militia companies have been asked to actively assist in their work which will begin at once and will be prosecuted with vigor.

A PRIVATE ON EMBALMED BEEF.

The following is from a private in the Sixth regiment to a Sun reporter:

"Now, as we are mustered out, a fellow can speak his mind without fear and while so many officers are saying so much about embalmed beef, a word from the privates will not hurt the matter any. My opinion of it is that is was the rottenest stuff that was ever put out for anybody to eat. It was the cause of the little dog Dewey, the company's mascot, dying on the Yale of starvation, as he refused to eat it. I have seen starving mongrel dogs in Porto Rico, when we would put some down to them to eat, sniff at it and turn away, refusing to eat it. When dumb brutes will not eat it, how can they expect even starving soldiers to do so. If a fellow has anything to say about his officers he can now say it without people saying he is looking for favors or of being afraid of court martial or the guard house. I can say without fear of contradiction that Capt. Wm. Fairweather and Lieuts. Howard and Hunton of Company G were the most gentlemanly set of officers in the whole volunteer army and were well liked not only by those under them but by all they came in contact with."

Chairman D. E. Salmon of the committee on army legislation of the American Veterinary Medical association has written to veterinary doctors in this vicinity asking them to co-operate in the endeavor to have veterinary surgeons in the United States army receive the rank of second lieutenant.

EIGHT HOURS

WILL CONSTITUTE A DAY'S WORK IN THE COAL MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 21.—The Post this morning says: Eight hours' work for one day shall be the rule in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois during the next year beginning April 1, 1899. This was agreed to after last midnight by the sub scale committee of operators and miners who are to dispose of the wage question for the next year. This conclusion was arrived at after the members of the committee had receded from their position of demanding a reduction of 16 cents in the rate of mining.

POLICE COURT.

The principal business for Judge Pickman in police court today was the disposing of drunks.

Four were each fined $1; three were released and one placed on probation.

Hugh F. McDonald was fined $5 and Peter J. Langan was sentenced to four months in jail.

The continued case of Ed. Leblen for non-support of wife, was further continued until Saturday next.

CITY HALL NOTES.

On Monday morning Mayor Crowley, Supt. Doherty, Architect Gardner, and a representative of the Locks and Canals Company will go to Boston to confer with the Boston & Maine authorities in regard to the re-building of Huntington hall. After the conference an idea can be had when work will begin on the building.

THOMAS F SHEEHAN, General Manager Wentworth Club Ball.

EDWARD F. MARTIN, Floor Director Wentworth Club Ball.

WENTWORTH CLUB

Held Its Second Assembly Last Night.

ASSOCIATE HALL THE SCENE.

A Large and Joyous Assembly Present.

The second grand assembly of the popular Wentworth club was held last night in Associate hall and about 700 young couples attended. Although there was no concert, the festivities were not begun until about 8.30 o'clock when Hibbard's orchestra under the direction of the genial Joe, struck up the music for a beautiful waltz. The floor was soon thronged with happy dancers who remained throughout the evening. Even the midnight bells saw the party dancing as gayly as in the opening number. The club is congratulating itself upon the great success of the affair. Particularly noticeable was the number of fancy dances on the program of 20 numbers. Prominent among the engagements were the schottische, redowa and Newport which are always greatly enjoyed by the more advanced dancers. When the tenth number was danced an intermission of 15 minutes was taken. The "Good Night and Thanks to All" was danced in the early morning. The officers of the dance were:

General manager, Thomas F. Sheehan; assistant, George P. Rousseau; floor director, Edward F. Martin; assistant, Jeremiah A. Daly; chief aid, Thomas P. Ledwidge; aids, J. Gilley, E. Saunders, J. O'Brien, J. Sullivan, M. Hansbury.

Reception committee—Samuel Seymour, chairman; J. Edwards, Sec'y; J. Flemings, Treas.; E. Conners, F. Laflamme, A. Smith, A. Burns, J. Crowe, J. McDonald, P. Derry.

Every time a man's thinking tank gets weary he should place a little of Dow's Menthol Cream in the nostrils. Note the prompt recuperation. Makes a clear head.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid; and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G.O. Taylor Whiskies suited for the sick room

Pond's Extract
(Avoid Substitutes)

Cleanses and Heals all Inflamed Surfaces, Cures Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh and

Relieves Pain

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Laziness is a Disease of the Liver and Stomach. When a man is "out of sorts," indolent and don't feel like working, he needs a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to liven up his digestive organs and to stimulate his liver and kidneys.
It will also put new vigor and vitality in his blood. **HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**

SKATES

W. T. S. BARTLETT

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 Merrimack Street.

KNOWN WORTH.
By the curcs it shall be known. Medicine is no good unless it cures. It's all good if it cures. For cold in the head, rose cold and nasal affections get
DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM.
and cancel the "ills" Dows' cures. Always cures, and does nothing but cure. Can't help but cure because it's got the cure in it. That's the secret.
10cts. tube; 25cts. box. All druggists.
A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0,695 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

GUARANTY OF SATISFACTION.
By employing the best teachers that money will hire for business and shorthand instructors, the merit system of giving the best tuition or no pay prevails—day and evening—at the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Next Wednesday
We take account of stock and from now until then, all the small lots and odds and ends in Men's and Boy's Clothing, Furnishing Goods of all kinds, and Hats and Caps will be cleaned up at little bits of prices.

No trash nor worthless cut-of-date and shop worn goods
in any of our departments, such as some unscrupulous dealers are offering every day as bargains. We don't permit such goods to enter our store, but only bright, fresh, new, reliable merchandise, the sorts we sell.

Men's High Grade "Odd" Suits, were $10, $12 and $13.50, **$3.97.**
Boys' $3, $3.50 and $4 "Odd" Knee Pant Suits, to wind up at **$1.25.**
Fine Frieze Overcoats, several lots grouped together which makes a good line of sizes, to close at at **$4 50.** Sold all along at $8, 9 and $10.
Lots of Fine Underwear, Sweaters, Gloves and Mittens, Winter Caps; all selling at little bits of prices.

Be on hand early and secure some of the best plums.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.
72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

PERFECT SHOES
TRI-ON-FA LADIES' SHOE
HANDSOME
COMFORTABLE
WELL MADE
....as any.

Price, **$2.50**

FOOTNOTE.—Tri-on-fa cork insoles are used in every pair, making the shoes flexible and waterproof. They are a new and great invention.

Shoe Book Free.

Sold only at the
SUNLIGHT Shoe Store
100 Central Street.
W. S. GRADY.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW. 43 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOST—A purse containing money and other valuables, Sunday last, either on Market or Salem streets. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 5 Gage street.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

NEW YORK HOTEL. 866 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c.; music; lunch 35c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL. Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No cooler, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant; rooms; popular prices; table d'hote lunch 35c; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

TO HELP OUT
During dull season, we will sell the best All wool Carpet for 50c. per yard. Bring your measure and cash with you and we will do the rest.

A NEW RANGE FOR $10.00.
We have only a few of these Ranges in stock, and if you are in need of a good low-priced Range, now is the time to buy one.

GAYNOR & CO.
35 Prescott Street.

CAPTAIN FAIRWEATHER of Co. G, Sixth Regiment.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

What has become of the extra session talk? The remnants of the movement will evaporate if exposed to the atmosphere.

Had George Washington been in Miles' place during the Cuban campaign, he would probably have been even more emphatically stigmatized as a liar than was General Miles.

The state is asked expend $200,000 for the gypsy moth, and $25,000 for the brown tail moth. Better expend the money in the Keeley motor stock, or in the Jernegan marine gold company.

It is reported that the sharks ate the embalmed beef thrown into the sea during the war and probably died as a result. The report can't be true, because the large class of sharks that victimized the soldiers during the war is still alive.

It now turns out according to the statements of some newspapers that investigated Keeley's motor building that he played the gold brick game upon those who subscribed for his motor. It appears that he had the walls of the building piped so that by means invisible to those who might visit the place he could supply the power which was supposed to be inherent in his motor. Is it possible that Rev. Mr. Jernegan could have deduced his marine gold factory idea from Keeley's motor building?

MAYOTTE'S DEATH BUT ONE OF MANY.

It is time that the people of Lowell ell had some guarantee that men who fall into the hands of the police in delirium tremens or any condition approaching thereto will not be allowed to die or to kill themselves in the convulsions of that dread malady. Mr. Mayotte's death has attracted wide attention merely because he was well known, young, robust and popular. Had he been less prominent, his death might have passed without a word of comment as did dozens of others under similar circumstances. It is quite a frequent thing for "drunks" to be found dead in their cells on the morning following their arrest and it has heretofore passed as a matter of course due to natural causes. Mayotte's death has shed a light on the matter because it has shown that men are allowed to die of neglect in delirium tremens. This is why an investigation is necessary to bring out the facts and provide that all such prisoners shall receive the care and treatment their condition demands.

SMALL POLITICS.

The Haverhill Gazette shows up some of the petty politics practised by the partisanship shown in the appointment of legislative committees in the following statement:

"In 1895, the state, by legislative act took Boston's water supply and created a metropolitan district. The cost of supplying this district with water will not be less than $30,000,000. Boston is, by law, forced to pay over 80 per cent. of the cost of this, and even a larger share for maintenance, and yet in the make-up of the committee on water supply Boston is not given a single representative. This is unjust, and because it is unjust it cannot be good business or wise politics.

"It is bad enough to take Boston's water supply without consulting in any way the people of that city, but it seems like heaping insult upon injury to shut the city out of all representation on this important committee. Boston is not without a large and powerful republican representation in the State House, but we have yet to hear a protest against such unjust discrimination. No wonder that the republican party in Boston is out of favor; it seems willing, by its silence, to allow rural statesmen, in the name of partisan politics, to imperil the best interests of the people of Boston. It is a simple rule of politics that a political party succeeds best with the people which best safeguards the interests of the people, and never divorces justice from politics. As republicans we repudiate as hostile to our party any act which is unjust, for as men we can never be free from the moral obligation to render justice as we all hope for justice.

"Boston has suffered sorely in the from hostile legislation: now let us begin right for the good of all concerned."

A GOOD SOCIETY.

The Street Railway Aid Association has a model organization, model in respect to the benefit provided, because it meets the most urgent needs of such men in time of sickness or death. If a member is sick he gets a benefit sufficient to keep him and pay doctor's bills; if his wife dies he gets $50 to defray the expenses of her burial, and if unmarried he gets the same allowance on the death of his mother. The associations of this stamp are too scarce. The common people need more of them. Associations that provide medical attendance and pay benefits during sickness and pay burial expenses in cases of death do a vast amount of good. They do not take in enough of the common people to make their benevolence generally felt. Hundreds of poor families live from hand to mouth, and have no safeguard against destitution when stricken by sickness or death. If they are fortunate enough to secure credit, they get so deeply into debt that they can never recover from it until some of the small children get big enough to work and perhaps not even then. The example set by the railway men should be imitated by other crafts throughout the city.

If the United States is to maintain discipline, and the kind of discipline necessary for the success of the army, it must severely punish such offences as that of General Eagan's in stigmatizing the commanding officer of the army as a liar. Such a thing in any other army in the world, so far as we know, would cause the discharge or the summary punishment of the offender. No official of the English army would dare to utter a word of reproach against a superior officer. They have been taught from the very beginning their business is to obey, and if they have any grievance they are obliged to seek redress in some other way. It must be admitted that since the very opening of the Spanish-American war General Miles has been ill-treated by the secretary of war, and in various ways subjected to indignities which he should not be allowed to endure. In the first place he was relegated to the rear to give way to General Shafter, a man who was wholly incompetent for the position of commanding general of the Santiago campaign. Even on various points of generalship and policy his instructions were ignored and always to the injury or loss to the army and the country. The only skilful generalship shown throughout the war was that which was done under General Miles' direction and his personal command. His generalship in Porto Rico was absolutely perfect and throughout the whole ordeal in the Eagan episode he has acted the part of a gentleman.

There is a provision which allows congressmen one hundred dollars a month for clerk hire, and strange though it may appear, every congressman draws the full amount of one hundred dollars per month though not one out of ten employs a clerk for his congressional work, while those who do employ them do not pay them one hundred dollars a month. It simply shows the selfish patriotism of men in making out to take all they can get even from the country they love so dearly.

Now it appears that even Admiral Dewey is opposed to the annexation of the Philippines. Where will the imperialists land if they are to sustain such hard knocks?

CURRENT COMMENT.

Baltimore Sun: Acording to Gen. Eagan's revelsed testimony, it is the supposition that Gen. Miles is not as many kinds of a liar as he was before.

Springfield Republican: The treaty cannot now be ratified—such is the news from Washington. There is a way to secure a ratification within a week. Give the opposition a safe and substantial guarantee that permanent acquisition of the Philippines is not intended. In short, don't annex. Amend the treaty.

Philadelphia Times: With fifty or more Republicans pledged to vote against Senator Quay, and the Democrats apparently determined to adhere to their own candidate, a protracted deadlock would seem probable. If Quay can be re-elected under existing conditions it would seem probable that he must win out within a week or two at the most. The democrats will be likely to increase in interest in the contest and may decide to take a hand in the solution of the problem before long. They hold the balance of power and by the vote as presented yesterday, they have their choice either to elect an independent republican or Senator Quay.

Columbus Press: It is probably more than a century since an American army under General Washington flogged the British for attempting to do exactly what an American army under General Otis now proposes to do in the Philippines.

Salem News: The "world power" shriekers might as well turn their attention to ways and means for securing the additional revenue, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars yearly, which the United States will henceforth require, as the cost of maintaining new policies. The American people are going to feel the pinch of taxation as never before, and in the end the republican party will be the big loser thereby.

New Bedford Standard: The idea which some people outside this commonwealth appear to have that Senator Hoar could not be re-elected if his term were to expire now, has no good foundation. Massachusetts knows a man when she sees him, and she long ago got over expecting him to agree with her in everything.

Portland Press: The amendment of the treaty will no more reopen the war with Spain than the amendment of the treaty of Gaudaloupe-Hidalgo half a century go reopened the war with Mexico. Any claim to the contrary is insincere, put out in the hope of frightening somebody.

Providence Journal: Whatever the schemes of the secretary of war to "down Miles" may be, it is clear that the intelligent sentiment of the country is with the commanding general of the army. He has been treated scandalously from first to last by the department, but everything he has said or done in all this time has demonstrated his competence and his good judgment.

Army and Navy Journal: This business of calling officers who differ with you as to facts liars, is, we regret to say, far too common in our army, and it is time an example should be made of some one. We cannot understand how any man who respects his uniform can charge a brother officer with a mean offence when he knows that our laws and public opinion save him from the consequences which in other countries, and in other days in our own country, following a personal attack.

Newport News: Alger's relief commission is a name very properly applied to the present war investigating body. And now a resolution is before the country providing for the appointment of a committee of five senators—not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party—to investigate the conduct of the war. Judging from the past and present experiences it is to be hoped that no more "investigations" will be had, at least until the time shall come when a calmer and more judicial spirit shall prevail. As things go, matters are much more likely to be made worse instead of better by further investigation. The war department is conducted as a political machine and will be so long as Russell A. Alger is boss.

BOXING GOSSIP.

From New York comes the rumor that when Fitzimmons fights again it will be under the management of Dan Stuart. It is said the contract between the two calls for fights in no other ring than one controlled by Stuart, who has the picture-taking scheme as a strong card. Tom O'Rourke opines that Stuart has Carson City only as a prospective battleground for the two big gladiators. The Lenox Athletic club will outbid the Carson people and bring the fight off under the best conditions, no matter how much Stuart bids. If Fitz can afford to turn down big money that's his look-out. The Lenox A. C. has barred him for the present, although time may alter things.

Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Harry Fisher of Brooklyn will box a preliminary to the Peter Maher-Stockings Conroy fight at Bridgeport, Jan. 26.

Black Griffo of New York and Hugh McWinters of Brooklyn, two clever colored lightweights, are matched to box twenty rounds at Scranton, Penn., Jan. 30. The same club may secure Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Dick Moore of St. Paul for twenty rounds at catchweights on February 15.

Tom Sharkey, the conquering heavyweight from old Erin, was the stellar attraction at the Palace theatre this week. A rare crowd packed the aisles, boxes, exits and everywhere else to get even a glimpse of the sailor Hercules, and the storm of applause which greeted his appearance on the stage attested his growing poularity. All along Court street there was a line-up of sports and admirers of the fighter.

Sharkey sparred one of the most rugged exhibition bouts ever seen in this city with Bob Armstrong, who towered over the sailor, but had to give ground in the rushes. To-night George Byers, the clever local middleweight who has joined Tom O'Rourke's stable, will spar Sharkey, and a good exhibition should result.

The sailor was the recipient of a silver ring yesterday from an admirer, which at one time adorned the digit of a Spaniard who met an untimely death in the late Spanish-American war, and which Sharkey treasures for his connection with the United States fighting forces before he took professionally to the padded mitts.

PELHAM

REGULAR MEETING OF SHILOH LITERARY SOCIETY.

The Shiloh Literary society held its regular literary meeting last night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keyes in Kent Village, Pelham. A large number of Lowellians and Dracut residents graced the occasion with their presence. The evening was made a joyous one with songs, instrumental music, literary exercises and games. Refreshments were served, the following acting as waiters: Cyndie Raymond, Florence Burrill, Martha Banister, Flora Hutchinson, Henry Welton and Lester Burrill.

COLBURN CLUB.

The Colburn club held a benefit dance last evening at McCarthy block. The Manhattan orchestra furnished music for the dancing. Refreshments were served during the evening and the following men served on the supper committee: Mr. John O'Niel, Mr. Hickey and Mr. McHugh.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

PROF. UMPLEBY of the Textile School.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Present Term Will End January 26.

EXAMINATIONS BEGIN ON MONDAY

Sixty Day Students and About 150 Evening.

The four-months term at the Lowell Textile school, which began on October 3rd, will end on Thursday next, January 26. Examination will, therefore, be in order, beginning on Monday next and continuing throughout the week. At present there are sixty day students, including the ladies art class, and about 150 evening pupils. These pupils come from all parts of the country, including Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, Connecticut, including North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Canada. The Bay State pupils are principally from Lowell, Boston, Worcester, Fitchburg and Pittsfield. All the students board in Lowell. The instructions given day students in the term now coming to a close, consist of principles of mechanism, machine drawing, textile calculation, elementary designing and elementary chemistry. Within the past few weeks each student was required to elect which of the four district courses he will follow in his subsequent, or coming studies. The instructions to be given after the first term of the first year is specialized to suit each course. The courses may be summarized into the clothing manufacturing course, which includes cotton picking, carding, combing, spinning, warp preparation, and weaving on all varieties of looms, and textile calculations, chemistry and dyeing, and designing.

Besides the above may be included the woolen manufacturing course, the designing course, chemistry and dyeing. Each of the above courses occupies 3 years to complete, including the first term of preliminary instruction.

The second branch of the school gives thorough evening instruction to those who are engaged during the day in the mill and workshops, to enable those who wish it to perfect their knowledge of other processes than those in which they are engaged in the day time, and, in the course of several winters, a thorough technical education at a low cost, and without interfering with their daily labor.

Evening students have the option of entering for one or more of five different courses, and arrangements are made for them to commence with any process, and take such a section of each course as is suitable to the student's daily occupation in the mill.

In the women's department are special day classes, in art subjects, especially in textile designing.

A special course is arranged for those contemplating a commercial career.

Science and art are taught here, not with the object of educating professional men, but with a view to industrial and commercial applications. The equipment of the school consists of high grade machinery with all latest improvements, specially built to afford facilities for all kinds of experimental work, and of such variety, so it is stated, as is never found in any one textile mill. When all the machinery that is already arranged for is installed, this school will have a more extensive equipment of machinery and plant than any other textile school either in America or Europe.

The school being at a textile school centre, the student is thus brought directly in touch with the textile industry.

The school which has proved so successful was formally opened by Governor Wolcott on January 30, 1897 in the presence of a large gathering of gentlemen interested in textile industries from all parts of New England. Instruction was commenced on February 1, 1897, the number of students up to now, the conclusion of the last term of the second year, exceeding the most sanguine expectation.

The staff of lecturers and instructors consists of men, who in addition to their special experience in textile school work, have been for years practically engaged in mill work as manager, designer or in other capacities.

The school staff is as follows: Principal, William W. Crosby, S. B.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Fenwick Umpleby; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; professor of woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; professor of cotton spinning, Charles C. Hadrick; professor of weaving, William Nelson; professor of mechanics, William W. Crosby, S. B.; instructor of cotton spinning, H. McDermott; instructor of chemistry, G. C. Spencer, S. B.; instructor in hand looms, W. K. Denniston; instructor in weaving, A. B. Taplin; instructor in woolen spinning, M. W. McCarthy; assistant in chemistry, A. L. Baldwin; assistants in the administration department: Stenographer, Miss A. B. Marinel; clerk, Mr. J. T. Broadbent.

Prof. Vesper L. George, instructor of decorative art is to take charge of department of design at the Normal Art school in Boston.

TEWKSBURY

BUSINESS MEETING OF CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The members of the Tewksbury Congregational church met last night to finish the business left over from the meeting held Thursday evening, Jan. 12. The meeting was held in the vestry of the church and was very harmonious.

The attendance was exceptionally small but a quorum being present the meeting was called to order promptly at 8 o'clock by Mr. Julius C. Knowlton, who was moderator during the evening. The principal business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mrs. E. J. Taylor was chosen clerk at the last meeting and the officers elected last night were as follows: Deacon for three years, E. J. Taylor; deacon for two years, N. F. Frost; treasurer, Enoch Foster; superintendent of Sunday school, I. M. Locke; auditor, J. C. Knowlton; church committee, one year, Miss Esther Marshall; two years, C. H. Battles; 3 years, Enoch Foster; standing committee, one year, Joel Phelps; two years, Mrs. C. E. Clark; three years, George Pillsbury.

The officers elected, it was then voted to raise $1300 for current expenses for the ensuing year. Notice was given that the church pews would be rented next Monday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Maria Tingley, aged 75 years and 7 months, and wife of Henry L. Tingley, died last night at her home in Tewksbury. Deceased was one of the oldest residents of the town and is survived by a husband and two sons, Charles H. and Arthur C. Tingley.

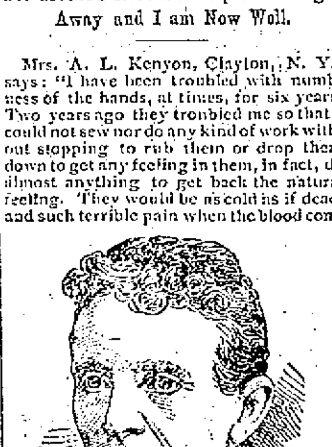
NUMB, POOR CIRCULATION.

I Thought I Should Go Crazy In Such a Nervous State.

I Was in Pain, Appetite Was Poor, I Could Not Sleep.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Helped Me Right Away and I am Now Well.

Mrs. A. L. Kenyon, Clayton, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with numbness of the hands, at times, for six years. Two years ago they troubled me so that I could not sew nor do any kind of work without stopping to rub them or drop them down to get any feeling in them, in fact, do almost anything to get back the natural feeling. They would be as cold as if dead, and such terrible pain when the blood com-



menced circulating. I cannot express how very nervous I was. My appetite was poor and I could not sleep. As soon as I would get to sleep that terrible feeling would commence. I thought I should go crazy, I was in such a nervous state. I commenced taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It helped me right away. I have taken six bottles and I now can sleep soundly and have a good appetite. I will answer any questions I can about my case, for the benefit of anyone who is suffering."

You make a mistake if you do not try Dr. Greene's Nervura. At any time you can consult free of charge with Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. Call or write about your case.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Ladd and Whitney circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., held their regular meeting in Post 185 hall last night. The installation, which was not finished at the last meeting, was finished last night. The arrangements were made to send a delegation to the department convention at Boston. It was voted to hold a series of entertainments under the auspices of the young people of the circle. The committee appointed to arrange for the entertainments consists of Miss Maude Plumstead, chairman; Miss Mule Potter and Miss Josie Pierson. The circle will accompany the comrades of Post 185 to their department convention.

The visitors present from J. P. Maxfield circle, were: Past President Helen Corliss, Junior Vice President Augusta M. A. Pratt and Past Junior Vice President Kate C. Brown. During the evening remarks were made by the visitors and several prominent members of Lad and Whitney circle. The supper, which was served previous to the business meeting, was in charge of the following committee: Mrs. A. A. Davis, chairman; Mrs. J. Q. A. Furgerson, Mrs. Eliza Potter, Mrs. Addis Charters, Mrs. Annie D. Boudinot and Mrs. Emma A. Gilman.

Garfield Purple Star lodge, Loyal Lodge of Orangemen, elected the following officers at their meeting last night: Worthy master, Robert Shaw; deputy master, John Wiley; chaplain, James Clark; secretary, David Wiggins; treasurer, James F. Robinson; director of ceremonies, George Leahy; inside tyler, James Thompson; standing committee, James Rogers, foreman, William Graham.

Echo lodge, N. E. O. P., held their regular meeting last night and installed their new officers. The officers were installed by District Deputy Grand Warden Charles W. Coffin and suite of Lawrence.

Lowell lodge, I. O. O. F., installed their newly elected officers at their meeting last night. The intalling officers were Deputy Grand Master Geo. H. Frye and suite of Centralville lodge.

At their regular meeting last night, Court Gen. Butler, F. of A., initiated three candidates and accepted five propositions.

BIG 7 A. C.

The Big Seven A. C. held a grand box party and dance last evening at their rooms in McCarthy block. Refreshments were served during the evening. The officers of the dance which was enjoyed until midnight are as follows: General manager, John Broadley; floor director, Mr. Simpson, and the rest of the members served as aids.

The young men of St. Peter's parish held a meeting last evening and completed arrangements for the coming festival which will be held in Associate hall, February 8.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.
Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.60, †8.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, †3.03, 4.25, †5.14 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.42, 6.28, †6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.83, *7.43, w*8.15, *8.07, *10.10, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50 11.03, *11.42 a m; w12.05, 12.15, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.22, *5.19, w*5.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.15, a m, w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.28, w5.50 z7.31, w8.39, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4 05, 4 15, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8 15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.28, 7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.33 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.29, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4 05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 6.19 p m; SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.20 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12 05, 5.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.29, 7.01, 7.83, *7.43, 11.03 a m; 1.43 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.13 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.09, 3.01 and 5.49 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.10 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40,* 3.41, *5.49, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a m (to Nashua only), 3.03 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 3.41, †8.40 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.40 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *†8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.40 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; *†8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m., †*8.40 p m.
References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 16, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.30 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.
C. PETER CLARK, G. S. | Ticket office
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A. | at
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D. | Middlesex St
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt. | Station.

MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Friday, Jan. 20. Two Nights Only, With Saturday Matinee,

The Great Comedy Melo-Drama,

THE SLEEPING CITY

Under the Direction of A. Q. Scammon.

Incidental to the Play: The Cannon Ball Express, The Thrilling Escape from Sing Sing, The Marvelous Rescue from the Burning Asylum, The East River Den, A Great Play.

Jan. 23-24 and 25 with usual Wednesday Matinee

Scribner's Columbian Burlesquers

40—people—40. The largest burlesqued on the road. 20—beautiful maidens, 10 clever comedians. Seats now on sale at box office.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.

BANKERS.

121 Devonshire St.

BOSTON, MASS.

Investment Bonds.

LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

CONSUMPTION

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY

MME. LE CLAIR'S FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY

Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.

Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

CAREFUL & ATTENTION TO DETAILS
PRESCRIPTI

BEEF, IRON AND WINE

A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's DRUG STORE, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

SEE WHAT YOU CAN BUY AT

7c lb. Fresh Boston Shoulders, Smoked 7c lb.
" " Fresh Rib Roast Pork, " "

$4.75 bbl. Warranted Best Haxall Flour in the market. $4.75 bbl.

Central Cash Market

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Telephone 600-3.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all modern improvements, steam heat and electric bells in each room. Electric cars to door every few minutes. Choice cigars, sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Garr...

THOSE TAX CASES

Will be Heard by Commissioners Next Week.

THREE YEARS' ABATEMENT PETITIONED FOR

By the Tremont and Suffolk Mills.

Great things are expected of City Solicitor Qua next Wednesday when the much-discussed Tremont & Suffolk tax abatement cases against the city involving something like $1,500,000 come up before Arthur Lord, the special commissioner designated by the superior court to hear the cases. Mr. Lord has had experience in such cases, having been the commissioner in the famous Holyoke cases. On Tuesday the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills will be inspected and the hearing will be held on the following day. Frank E. Dunbar, Esq., will appear for the petitioners and City Solicitor Qua for the city. The city's side of the cases was originally prepared by ex-City Solicitor John J. Hogan but Mr. Qua, his successor, took them up where he discontinued. When Mr. Qua's candidacy for re-election was discussed, some of the members of the city council who under any other circumstances would have supported another candidate voted for Mr. Qua because of his familiarity with and work on these tax cases about to come up believing that the city's best interests could be conserved by retaining Mr. Qua in office.

Therefore, great things are expected of him.

The Tremont & Suffolk mills have petitioned the superior court three times for an abatement of their taxes in the years 1895, 1896 and 1897. As an immense amount of money is involved in the matter the city can ill afford to lose. A separate petition is presented for each of the three years and as they are practically similar, the petition for the abatement of the taxes of 1895 printed below will give the reader an insight into the nature of them. The petition is as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex ss.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills
vs.
City of Lowell.

To the Honorable, the Justices of the Superior Court Within and For the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully represents your petitioner, the Tremont & Suffolk mills:

1. That it is a manufacturing corporation duly established and organized under the laws of the Commonwealth and having its usual place of business and manufacture established in the city of Lowell in the county and commonwealth aforesaid:

2. That it was the owner of and possessed on the first day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five certain real and personal estate in said city of Lowell and taxable therein;

3. That upon notice from the assessors of the said city of Lowell as provided by statute, your petitioner within the time specified in said notice, brought in to said assessors a true list of all its real and personal estate, subject to taxation and made oath that such list was full and accurate according to its best knowledge and belief and submitted to examinations by said assessors as to the truth and accuracy thereof;

4. That the said assessors did appraise and make a valuation of said real and personal estate for the purpose of taxation and did assess taxes upon the same for said years and a bill for the amount thereof was rendered to your petitioners by the collector of taxes of the said city of Lowell and the same was duly paid by your petitioners under protest;

5. That the said assessors did not make a fair cash valuation of the said estate, real and personal, of your petitioner subject to taxation in said city of Lowell, but placed a valuation on said property of your petitioners far exceeding its fair cash value and that the taxes assessed to your petitioners for said years by said assessors were more than its just proportion and excessive, unequal and illegal and much larger than your petitioner ought in justice to pay;

6. That the said assessors did not enter in their books for said year opposite the description of each building of the manufacturing establishments of your petitioner, the value of the machinery used in said building and did not enter in said books the buildings in your petitioners' manufacturing establishments describing each cotton factory of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms used in the same nor enter in said books the value of said buildings opposite the description of the same respectively, nor enter in said books the cotton factories of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms in the same.

7. That within six months from the date of said tax bill, your petitioner being aggrieved by the tax assessed upon it by said assessment as aforesaid, applied to them for an abatement thereof, and said assessors thereupon refused to make an abatement and gave notice in writing to your petitioner of their decision on the third day of May, 1898:

8. And your petitioner comes and makes complaint thereof to your honors and doth pray that you will decide the value of each part of said property, and that you will make such reduction of the valuation of the same and such an abatement of said tax assessed by said assessors as to you shall seem just and reasonable and for such other and further relief as to you shall seem meet and proper in the premises.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills.
A. S. COVEL, Treas.

AGAINST DEATH

REPRESENTATIVE DALTON WANTS CAPITAL PUNISHMENT ABOLISHED.

Representative J. Frank Dalton of Salem says that Alfred Williams, who was convicted of murder in Essex county and hanged in Salem last November, should never have been executed for the crime.

The evidence, he said, did not warrant such a severe sentence, he thinks, especially when the district attorney and the two previous district attorneys recommended the commutation of his sentence on the ground that there was not sufficient proof of his guilt, although there was some circumstantial evidence.

It is to abolish capital punishment altogether that Representative Dalton will make a strong effort during the present session of the legislature. He says that he does not believe in capital punishment at all, and he says the hearings upon the subject will demonstrate that the ablest men and women in Massachusetts favor the bill. Among the many who have urged him to present the measure to the legislature is the Rev. William J. Byrne, the vicar-general of the Boston archdiocese.

His bill provides that in case a convict is wrongfully accused, and there is evidence to prove his innocence, he shall have an opportunity to present such evidence to the Supreme Judicial Court, which shall have power to act in the matter.

FREE DELIVERY

EXPECTED IN SUBURBAN TOWNS IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

A matter that has engaged the attention of prospective postal employes is the proposed establishment of a substation at Dracut. The reason for the interest taken is that in the event of such a arrangement being made, a great reinforcement to both clerk and letter carrier service in the local post office will be necessary. At the present time there are about 40 clerks employed in the post office and there are many applicants with high standing on the eligible list. The last civil service examination was taken by about 50 young men and as there will be only a small number of positions to fill, the friends of all the applicants are working earnestly in their behalf with the hope that some action will be taken by congress to extend the free delivery to such towns as Dracut.

A Sun reporter yesterday afternoon interviewed Postmaster Thompson relative to the matter and the latter said the proposed extension would require more clerks and carriers and perhaps an additional wagon. "In making appointments," he said, "I take the candidates foremost on the list and highest in the recommendations of responsible citizens."

WINIFRED MACBRAYNE

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF GREENHALGE CLUB.

The meeting of the Federick T. Greenhalge Debating society of the high school was held yesterday afternoon and one hundred members were present. The meeting was the semi-annual one for the election of officers for the ensuing term, and resulted in the election of Winifred MacBrayne, president; John J. Rogers, first vice president; Edith S. Richardson, second vice president; Edna Thompson, secretary; Dana B. Whipple, treasurer; Osborne Cilley, sergeant-at-arms.

PRIVATE MOONEY

TAKES EXCEPTION TO THE PUBLISHED STATEMENTS.

Private Mooney denies the statement that his wife was buried by the Volunteer Aid association or at the expense of that body. He admits having received some aid but not to the extent reported in the press. He naturally thinks it strange that he was not notified of the death of his wife until two days after her death, but accepts the explanation that it was due to death in Dr. Simpson's own family which called him away. Somebody should be left in charge, however, with authority to notify the proper parties in case of death.

PROBATE MATTERS.

In the will of Sally M. Scales of this city, filed for probate yesterday morning at East Cambridge, the residue of the property after a number of private bequests is left to the Kirk Street Congregational church of this city, for the support of public worship.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL.

There will be a regular meeting of the Trades and Labor council in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street, Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Report from the ways and means committee appointed at the last special meeting, and other important matters will come before the meeting. Every delegate is requested to be present.

PERKINS COMFORTABLE.

Edward M. Perkins the tobacco salesman who attempted suicide at his home in the Varnum block, Centralville, Thursday, and who has since been under treatment at the St. John's hospital, was resting comfortably at 2 o'clock this morning.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

The Lowell Association of Stationary Engineers held a meeting last evening. One new member was admitted, two applications were received and accepted. There was a discussion on erecting one hundred H. P. plant, size of engine, boilers and belts to transmit, the same to be continued.

NEW ERA FOR MEN.

Happy Marriage, Health, Energy and Long Life.

A magically effective appliance and a month's course of restorative remedies sent on trial and approval, without expense. *Not a dollar need be paid until results are known to and acknowledged by the patient.*

The Erie Medical Company's Appliance and Remedies have been talked of and written about till every man has heard of them.

The highest medical authorities in the world have lately commended them.

They possess marvellous power to vitalize, develop, restore, and sustain.

They create vigor, healthy tissue, new life.

They stop drains that sap the energy.

They cure all effects of early evil habits, excesses, overwork.

They give full strength, development, and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Failure impossible, age no barrier.

No C. O. D. scheme, nor deception; no exposure—a clean business proposition by a company of high financial and professional standing. Write for sealed information.

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

SOLDIER RECORDS

Being Prepared by Committee on Memorial Tablets.

MOST IMPORTANT BOOK FOR THE FUTURE

Arthur F. Salmon Doing the Work.

Many who follow the published accounts of City Hall matters in the local press have undoubtedly asked themselves often as to what is the reason for the existence of the Memorial Tablets committee of the city council. Few are familiar with the nature of its duties and as the only thing at present to show any result from its work is the collection of tablets in Memorial Hall bearing the names of the soldiers and sailors who died in the war of the Rebellion, this is not to be wondered at, for it is seldom that the general public finds its way to the beautiful hall over the library. Not entirely familiar with the purpose of the committee the writer looked it up as it were, to find that its mission is a most worthy one and well worth to posterity the expenditure of any reasonable amount of money.

In the early part of last year, Alderman Dimon introduced an order in the city council for the appointment of a committee to provide a set of tablets for Memorial Hall to bear the names of all the soldiers and sailors connected with Lowell who died either in battle, from wounds or illness between the years of 1861-1866, the period covering the war of the rebellion. A committee was appointed and $500 was appropriated for its work.

At the time the order was introduced those supposed to know estimated that the committee would find about 370 names to place on the tablets and the committee was assured that all it had to do was to consult the "city records" of the soldiers. The committee went to work expecting a snap. It elected Arthur F. Salmon, its clerk, and delegated to him the work connected with the matter. It didn't take Mr. Salmon more than a day to realize that he had assumed a herculean task for upon looking them up he was greatly surprised, as was everyone else, to find that the city of Lowell was absolutely without any record of its soldiers and sailors who fought in the civil war. It was then decided by the committee that as long as it had started on the tablet work it should make a complete job of it and establish a city record for the use of Lowell for the future. More money was accordingly appropriated and Mr. Salmon immediately began on the tablets first. He gathered his data by correspondence with Washington, repeated visits to the archives and vaults of the state house and by looking up and visiting the historians of all the Massachusetts regiments in which Lowell men were enlisted. When he had gathered together the names of 370 men from Lowell who died during the war, he found that he had gathered but a little over half and last August when the tablets were placed in Memorial hall they contained over 600 names. The committee also placed at the stairway leading from the street floor to the hall, a tablet explaining the character of the building. Having finished the tablet work, Mr. Salmon dropped the record gathering temporarily to take charge of the soldiers returning from the Spanish war, which kept him busy to the close of the year. At the beginning of the new year he began the arduous task of compiling a complete record of Lowell's soldiers and sailors in the rebellion and in the Spanish war. Up to date he has got through the A's and B's in the former record. There were some 5700 soldiers and sailors in the war of the rebellion and about 600 in the Spanish war. These will all go on record for the benefits of the city clerk, the overseers of the poor, the state aid officials and the pension agents of the future. The record of the soldier of the war of the rebellion will contain the name of the subject, his birthplace, residence, name of regiment and company, dates of enlistment and discharge, all if any promotion during service, when, where and how if wounded, and date of death should it occur at any time before the completion of the book, together with any other information of the subject's career that can be gleaned authentically. The records of the soldiers of the Spanish war will be even more complete and will contain the names of the parents and their birthplace and residence as it is much easier to get at them.

The work of recording points out many difficulties, prominent among them being that of duplicating records. With so many names gathered from so many different sources, it is an extremely difficult task to avoid duplication. Then many who enlisted were discharged before the war was over and were lost track of. For instance soldier who was with the Sixth in its memorable march through Baltimore was mustered out after 100 days and lost track of. Mr. Salmon looking him up, found that he afterward enlisted in a Maine regiment and was wounded. A soldier supposed to have died in the South was found to be alive today taking life easy at Togus, Me. Then again, while the Massachusetts men were in the south, many of them were killed and their places were filled by loyal Southerners. These afterward re-enlisted in Lowell companies and therefore must be recorded as Lowell soldiers. Nearly every city and town in the North has a more or less complete record of its soldiers that of the town of Danvers in particular. The Danvers records give the names of the parents, brothers and sisters of every Danvers soldier but were compiled immediately after the war.

Of all its valuable features perhaps the most valuable of this book of records in the estimation of many old soldiers will be the fact that it will give a true account of every man in the war as far as is possible to learn and will thereby set many an old soldier right with the world, for though it may not be generally known, it is a fact that many Lowell soldiers who served creditably are down on the records of the Adjutant General in the state house as being deserters. A well known business man of this city who can produce an honorable discharge from the army is called a deserter on the state house books.

Before concluding its work the committee on tablets would do well and please the entire city if it should add to the tablets in Memorial hall the names of all soldiers and sailors who died in the Spanish war.

SENATOR PUTNAM

Wants the Senate to Ratify Peace Treaty.

HIS RESOLUTIONS PRESENTED TODAY.

He Asks Congress to Act Speedily.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 20—Senator Putnam of Lowell introduced a resolve in the state senate today, urging the ratification of the treaty with Spain at the earliest moment.

The resolution states that the legislature of Massachusetts in common with all Americans, rejoice in the successful conclusion of the war with Spain and congratulates the president upon the manner in which he has led the country through a victorious war to a triumphant peace. Believing that peace should be legally re-established at the earliest moment, the ratification of the treaty with Spain is urged confident that to the wisdom of the president and congress the just settlement of the new questions which must hereafter arise, must be left.

DREYFUS DEBATE

AGAIN PLUNGED INTO BY THE FRENCH DEPUTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The Chamber of deputies today, after defeating by a vote of 332 to 150, a resolution proposed by M. de Joante, socialist, to demolish the chapel erected in explation of the misdeeds of Louis XVI, plunged into another Dreyfus debate.

M. Breton, Socialist, interpellated the government on the subject of the package of diplomatic papers among the documents in the Dreyfus case and asserted that the former minister Rambaud, speaking at the Agricultural show, declared the members of the Meline cabinet were aware of the forgery of the late Lieut.-Col. Henry. The statement caused great excitement among the deputies.

INDIGESTION is the national ill. Nine-tenths of the people suffer from some form of Indigestion. It would require volumes to tell why. It is sufficient to know that there is now on the market in convenient form an old and tried prescription for the trouble, and it is guaranteed to relieve immediately and cure permanently.

INDIGESTION SEMIT CONSTIPATION

Bellevue Hospital remedy for Indigestion, Constipation, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels. Pleasant to take; no purging; safe and sure. Put up in tablet form, packed in glass. Sold by all Druggists, 10c., 25c., 50c. Mailed on receipt of price by Semit Chem. Co., Brockton, Mass.

JUDGE TOWNSEND

Gives an Important Decision in Sugar Case.

COURT FINDS FOR DEFENDANT.

The Text of the Decision.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 20.—Judge W. K. Townsend of the United States District Court, to-day handed down an important decision in the American Sugar Refining Company against the United States in which is involved the legality of the right of custom appraisers to assess duty on moist or green grain to assess duty on moist or green sugars imported from Brazil in accordance with their construction of the laws regulating imports etc. The decision of the court finds for the defendant and the action the appraisers is affirmed.

Following is the text of the decision:

United States Circuit Court, Southern District of New York.

American Sugar Refining Co.
vs.
The United States.
Same vs. Same.

Townsend, District Judge.

Certain moist or green sugars were brought from Brazil into the port of New York while the Act of 1894 was in force, upon which duty was assessed at 40 per cent. ad valorem under the provisions of paragraph 182, of said act. It appears that there is an understanding acquiesced in general by shippers, importers and appraisers, that as the moist sugars from Brazil lose from 14 to 16 per cent. in weight on the voyage from drainage and evaporation this percentage of loss shall be generally accepted as a basis of settlement of value at the port of entry. The board of appraisers, acting upon the basis of this so-called settlement, assumed such a loss of weight and found not the actual market value of the green sugar as shipped from Brazil but the increased market value of the dry sugar when it reached the port of New York.

Thus the appraisers advanced the valuation of the sugar in the first importation from 6s 8d per cwt., 87 per cent., the market value when shipped, to 7s 9d per cwt., 87 per cent, owing to its increase in value from drainage on the voyage and made similar advances in the other importations.

The question presented by these appeals is whether the appraiser was authorized in thus advancing the valuation of the sugar, and whether the assessment of duty upon such advanced valuation is valid.

Section 10 of the customs administrative act of 1890, provides inter alia as follows:

"That it shall be the duty of the appraisers of the United States to ascertain, estimate and appraise the actual market value and wholesale price of the merchandise at the time of exportation to the United States in the principal markets of the country whence the same has been imported."

Counsel for the importer contends that this language refers to that merchandise in its condition in the foreign port and its actual value at the time of exportation to the United States in the principal markets of the country whence it is imported. He claims that the phrase "actual market value" of the merchandise could not refer to the merchandise in its condition when it reached the port of New York, because such valuation would be merely speculative within the reasoning in U. S. vs. Southmayd et al, 9 How, 637, and Merritt vs. Welch, 104 U. S., 694.

Counsel for the government contends that the language of section 19 refers to the value in the foreign market of said merchandise in the condition in which it arrives at the port of New York. He claims that the mode adopted by the appraisers results in finding the actual market value at its place of exportation of such sugar as reaches this port.

Owing to drainage, there are less pounds of sugar on arrival here than when the ship left Brazil but the cargo is actually worth as much as when it started. It appears, therefore, that if the sugar had been kept for the same length of time in Brazil, the same loss in weight by drainage and increased value per pound would have taken place there and the value of the cargo as a whole would not have been affected thereby. If this be so, I do not think the importers should gain by the decrease in weight coupled with an increase in value per pound. Unless, therefore, the appraisers have acted in bad faith or have clearly committed a substantial error by their mode of ascertaining the market value in Brazil of the sugar on its arrival here, their decision would be affirmed. I am unable to find any such mistake or error. Passavant vs. United States, 148, U. S., 214.

This construction is supported by the statement of Mr. Justice Curtis in Austin vs. Peasley, 2 Fed. Cas. 235, that: "The merchant is to pay duties on what is actually imported, not what is put up for export in the foreign country," and of Judge Coll in Weaver vs. Sterry 38 Fed. 493, that the true construction of the law is to assess duty only upon the quantity which arrives in port and not upon the quantity which appears by the invoice to have been shipped and by the language of Judge Lacombe in charging the jury in Heiss vs. Magone, 39 Fed. 105, that if what reaches this country has become more valuable by reason of shrinkage it should in fairness be assessed at the higher value.

For the importers,
H. B. Closson and A. K. Tingle.
For the United States,
Henry C. Platt.

TAFILET REBELS DEFEATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 20.—The government troops, commanded by Prince Marani, have defeated the Tafilet rebels in a big battle. The rebel chief's son and nineteen others were decapitated and their heads were exposed at Rabat. This is expected to finish the Tafilet rebellion.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

WHY HAVE MALARIA.

It Is a Disease That Cannot Exist Where There Is No Catarrh. Pe-ru-na Will Cure the Catarrh.

Mr. George Wahl Certifies To This.

PE-RU-NA never fails to cure Malaria. Every day we receive letters of praise, endorsing its wonderful action. As an example we will quote what Mr. George Wahl, of Louisiana, Mo., says: "I had long been affected with Malaria, suffering much pain and spending large sums of money in attempting to get relief, without success. Finally I began taking Pe-ru-na. From the first I began to improve. From a pain-racked, living skeleton, I was transformed into a robust, healthy man."

Another case where Pe-ru-na was effectually used to drive the poisonous malarial parasites from the system, was that of Mrs. G. W. Warner, of Austerlitz, Mich., who says: "After a violent cold I suffered with chills and malaria; could not sleep nights, coughed almost incessantly, suffering from dizzy and sick headache. Tried everything, without avail. A friend advised Pe-ru-na. The first bottle helped me. The cough, chills and malaria disappeared. My headache began to grow less and my appetite improved perceptibly. I kept on taking it until I had taken four bottles. This completely cured me. I would not be without it."

Similar letters from all over the country are continually coming to hand. The mission of Pe-ru-na is to cure Catarrh, no matter what part of the body may be diseased by this distressing malady. Malaria cannot exist where there is no catarrh. Hence Pe-ru-na is the best known remedy for malaria in existence. Druggists everywhere sell Pe-ru-na, and Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, who has used it for upwards of forty years in his private practice, and who owes to it his reputation of being the greatest catarrh specialist in America, will gladly advise anyone, absolutely free, who will write to him.

HON. WM. S. KNOX

Is Preparing Report on Hawaiian Bill.

THE CONGRESSMAN HAS SOMETHING TO SAY.

Relative to the Labor Phase of Bill.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The friends of the Hawaiian bill in the house of representatives will make an effort to take it up at an early day, and they express confidence that it will get a hearing. The bill was agreed to in committee some days ago and Chairman Knox of the committee on territories is drawing the report. There was some idea that the bill might be taken up this week, but owing to the press of business it went over with the understanding that a strong effort would be made next week to get a hearing then or soon thereafter. Mr. Knox and Mr. Hitt, the latter being one of the Hawaiian Commissioners, say that no purpose is manifested to postpone the legislation until the next congress meets. They say also that it is imperative that legislation of some character shall be enacted, otherwise some 10,000 contract labor Japanese will be brought into Hawaii and then into the United States. For this reason the extension of United States immigration restrictions to Hawaii is held to be of first importance. A similar view is taken as to extending the United States customs and revenues laws to the island. The latter extension is by a special bill which has already passed the house and is pending in the Senate. There is a growing disposition among those interested in the legislation to secure the passage of the bill as a whole very soon and in the event that it is not practicable to secure the enactment of such special features as are most pressing.

MATAAFA'S ELECTION

WAS ANNULLED BY CHIEF JUSTICE CHAMBERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAMBURG, Jan. 20.—According to news received here from Samoa, Chief Justice Chambers on December 31, annulled the election of Mataafa, who was returned by a sextuple majority, and declared Malietoa Tanus, the son of the late King Malietoa, who is still a minor, to be a king, and the three consuls recognized Mataafa's people as a provisional government. Malietoa Tanus, Humasee, another claimant for the throne, and Chief Justice Chamber it is added, went on board a British warship, whereupon the provisional government closed the chief court. The British warship then landed a detachment of blue jackets and later the court was re-opened under the protests of the provisional government.

FIREMAN KILLED

LIMITED EXPRESS TRAIN COLLIDED WITH AN ENGINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 20.—The west-bound limited express on the Southern Pacific railroad collided with an engine near Lacosta, 20 miles west of here, early this morning. Alonzo Miller, fireman, of San Antonio, was killed, and Robert Nicholson, engineer, was fatly injured. The passengers were badly shaken up, but sustained no serious injury.

MAJOR W. H. DALY

Testified Before War Commission Today.

BEEF DID NOT TASTE NATURAL

He Noticed Indications of Chemical Purposes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20—Major W. H. Daly, Chief Surgeon with Gen. Miles and whose field service stretched from Tampa to Porto Rico, and whose report condemning the beef furnished the expeditionary forces created a sensation some weeks ago, made his long awaited appearance as a witness before the War Investigating Commission today. Surgeon Daly's report was the strongest in language of those submitted by Gen. Miles in substantiation of his attack on the beef supplies. Dr. Daly has been too ill to appear here before. He was accompanied by Gen. Miles' own stenographer, despite the presence of the commission's official stenographer.

On being sworn, the witness identified the report submitted as his own, changing its date, however, from September 31, to October 31. He was willing, he said, to stand by his report. It was wholly voluntary and was not called out by any request or in obedience to any circular or letter, so far as he remembered. He had heard nothing of an official letter calling for reports. At Ponce, however, some time between August 1 and August 12, he believed, he had communicated to General Miles some observations regarding beef supplies. At Tampa, on shipboard he had noticed a quarter of beef hanging free in the sun, on board the vessel and he became interested in the experiment of having fresh slaughtered beef placed under such moist climatic conditions, to see how long it could stand it. "I observed," he said, "that the flies, especially the bull flies, did not affect it, did not alight on it, or, if they did, they got away from it very quickly."

He had cut off a piece of that beef at Tampa and cooked it, but it neither smelled nor tasted naturally. Later he lashed the men corral some horses and subsequently he had trouble with his stomach, which he first attributed to the activity of corraling. Then he noticed indications of chemical presence that brought back recollections of chemical stuff he had used to preserve elk in a hunting expedition in the Rocky Mountains some years before. All that day at Tampa and the next he had an unpleasant taste. In that previous hunting expedition he had analyzed the chemical preservative and found it to contain borax and salicylic acid. These were to be used externally on the elk, but he had rubbed it in the raw flesh and also infected it.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hon. Ira A. Hazeltine of Dorchester, Me., died to-day.

Capt. George A. Walker, of Police Division 12 of Boston, died at his home in West Roxbury to-day.

The First Assistant Postmaster General has issued an order increasing the salaries of all the regular free delivery carriers, who provide their own horses or other modes of conveyance, from $300 to $400 per annum beginning Jan. first last.

George W. Dearborn, the well-known checker player, will lecture on the game before a checker club in Newfields, N. H., in the near future.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House

It will positively cure the many common ailments which will occur to the inmates of every family as long as life lasts. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every soreness everywhere. It prevents and cures sciatica, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, diphtheria, gout, backache, lumbago, headache, whooping cough, influenza and neuralgia.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician.

For more than forty years I have used Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in my family. I regard it as one of the best and safest family medicines, good internally and externally in affections of the throat and lungs. O. H. INGALLS, Dea. 2d Bapt. Ch., Bangor, Me.

CROUP. My children are subject to croup. All that is necessary is to give them a dose, bathe the chest and throat with your Liniment, tuck them in bed, and the croup disappears as if by magic. R. A. PERRENOT, Rockport, Tex.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases and Care of Sick Room," Mailed Free. Sold by all Druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

JOSIAH F. FISKE.

The Haverhill Gazette announces the engagement of one of Lowell's best known young men, Josiah Fielding Fiske, to Miss Madge Gilbert, daughter of Mr. George Gilbert, a prominent shoe manufacturer of that city.

It was known by a few that "Joe," as he is familiarly known, was absent at Haverhill the first few days of the week but it was thought that his visit there was in the interest of his firm. It was not possible to substantiate the reported engagement by the party most interested, Mr. Fiske himself. He would neither deny nor affirm. He would reveal nothing to the reporter, but smiles and these he dealt out profusely.

Afterwards a friend of his volunteered the information that he had beheld the genial Josiah yesterday engaged at no other task than diamond shopping.

Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently in the local papers only recently when at the death of his grandmother, he was found to have been handsomely remembered in her will.

Prior to his debut in tailoring, Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently as an organizer and promoter of theatrical enterprises. Few people in Lowell are better posted on matters dramatic. Miss Gilbert is a sister of Miss Bessie Gilbert, a cornetist of national reputation.

SUNDAY SUBJECTS

UPON WHICH THE MINISTERS WILL DISCOURSE TO-MORROW.

Grace Universalist—Morning, "For Whose Sake?"

Mount Vernon F. B.—Morning, "Ye Shall Receive Power;" evening, "The Devil Poisoning a Woman." Rev. F. Allison Currier, M. A., will preach.

Mr. Frederick Lincoln will preach at the mission, corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets at 3 p. m.

Chelmsford Street F. B.—Morning, "Friendship."

First Primitive Methodist—Morning, "The Christian's Passion;" evening, "Failed in the Weighing."

Fifth Street Baptist—Morning, "How to Win;" evening, "The Precious Christ."

Worthen Street M. E.—Morning, "Life and Translation of Enoch;" evening, revival service.

Branch Street Baptist—Morning, "Forward;" evening, "Remember Now Thy Creator."

Highland M. E.—Morning, "In Remembrance of Me;" evening, "Faith Waiting."

Christadelphian Ecclesia—Morning, "A Peculiar People."

Westminster Presbyterian—Morning, "Church Work;" evening "Ideal Living."

First Trin. Congregational—Morning, "God is Spirit;" evening, "Conscious and Unconscious Influence."

Central Methodist—Morning, "Practical Preaching;" evening, "Personal Preaching."

First Unitarian—Morning, "The Weight of the Soul."

Eliot—Preaching in the morning at 10.30 by Prof. W. H. Ryder of Andover. Vesper service at 6.45 p. m.

First Congregational—Morning, "The Deity of Christ;" evening, "Slippery Places."

New Church—(Odd Fellows Temple) Morning, "Internal Sense of the Lord's Prayer."

St. Paul's M. E.—Morning, "Notes From the Field."

Rev. Frederic Lincoln of Boston Theological school will preach at St. Paul's church Sunday evening.

The usual consecration meeting at the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the parlor Sunday morning at 9.15. Mr. Fred Sunderland will lead the meeting. At the 4 o'clock song service in the hall, Rev. J. A. Bowler will give an illustrated address. Rev. H. Lockhart will also speak. The quartette of the Immanuel Baptist church will furnish special music.

The teachers' normal class will take the place of the regular meeting for the study of the Sunday school lesson this afternoon.

John Street—Morning, "A Clean Heart"; evening at 7, stereopticon lecture on Palestine.

House of Prayer, Walker street, Rev. W. E. L. Ward—7.30, holy communion; 10.45, choral eucharist; 3.30, children's vespers; 7, evensong and third lecture of pastor's course.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Pollard building, Palmer street—Sunday service 10.45 a. m.; subject, "Love."

Second Church of Christ, Scientist—Morning at 10.45, "Love."

Centralville M. E.—Morning, "A Promise to the Thirsty;" evening, "The Lost Sheep," illustrated by original sketches.

Revival services will be held next week at the Centralville Methodist church. Preachers: Monday evening, Rev. W. S. Searle of Lawrence; Tuesday, Rev. W. J. Wilkins of Methuen; Wednesday, Rev. G. M. Curl of Lawrence; Thursday, Rev. C. H. Farnsworth of Lawrence.

Paige Street Free Baptist—Morning, "Daniel's Courage;" evening, "Knowledge Better Than Theory."

First Baptist—Morning, "Two Great Needs;" evening, "The Valley of Decision." Prelude—"A Death in Jail."

The service at the Kirk street church to-morrow night will have an innovation in the singing. The Men's league developed a chorus of 50 male voices the other night, and it is proposed to have this chorus upon the platform. The orchestra that played at the league social has volunteered its services also, and the "family sing" promises to be one that will be enjoyable both for volume and vigor.

Free—Morning, "The Moral Necessity of Beauty."

Unity Meeting House—Afternoon at 4 o'clock. "The Creators of Modern Life."

The Seventh Day Adventist church, A. H. Clark, elder, will hold services Saturday afternoon at old Highland hall. Sabbath school at 2, preaching at 3. Subject, "The Christian's Armor."

WEST BILLERICA

AGED RESIDENT DIES SUDDENLY WHILE SEATED IN CHAIR.

Casper Rondorf, aged 77 years, died suddenly while seated in a chair in his home at West Billerica, Thursday evening. The deceased was well known in Lowell where he formerly conducted a dyeing establishment on School street. He retired from active life about five years ago. He leaves a wife and four children, Mrs. Henry S. Pill of Lowell, Mrs. William Kulp of Pennsylvania and Albert and Hugo Rondorf of Philadelphia.

BASKET BALL.

There will be a lively and interesting game in Fitchburg tonight when the Burkes will play against the Y. M. C. A. team of that place.

This evening the Y. M. C. A. will play the association team from Amesbury and the game will be well worth seeing.

A correspondent suggests that it would be an excellent idea for the referee when he calls a foul to announce the nature of the foul and the name of the offender. He avers that this would aid the audience greatly in following the play. The referee would undoubtedly be willing to make this announcement if the managers of the teams so arranged. The same correspondent also inquires "when a foul is called how far does the man stand from the basket for a free throw?

The official basket ball guide says: "When a foul has been made the opposite side shall have a free throw for the goal at a distance of fifteen feet from a point on the floor directly beneath the centre of the goal, measuring towards the opposite goal." In reply to his next question, "why is it that the ball when thrown up in the centre if not touched by either centre, is thrown up again?" Section 3 of XI may be quoted as follows:" After the referee puts the ball in play in the centre, it must be first touched by one of the centre men, who shall have been previously indicated to the umpire."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pain's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY FORMED BY YOUNG PEOPLE.

In the vestry of the Second Congregational church at North Chelmsford Thursday night a debating society was organized. A large number of the young men of the village attended the meeting. These officers were chosen: President, Stewart McKay; vice president, A. W. Trubey; secretary, Mr. Trembley; treasurer, Mr. Mitchell. The society will be a great help to the young men of the village, for during the next few months, the society will have a series of debates and some interesting questions will be discussed.

Samuel Hodgon, who has been confined to his home the past few weeks has almost recovered and in the course of a few days he will be able to be around.

The North Chelmsford orchestra will play at the box party and dance of St. John's T. A. society, Monday evening. The members of the society are determined that their new hall shall be tested to its full capacity that evening.

LEATHER WORKERS' UNION.

At Old Manchester Unity hall, last evening the Leather Workers' union of this city held a rally and were addressed by J. D. Cowper of Lynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who expounded the principles of organization. A call was issued to the machinists to meet one week from next Friday night at Old Manchester Unity hall. After Mr. Cowper's speech, remarks were made by Dennis Haley, Joe Convery and Chas. H. McCullough. John J. Whelan was chairman.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Mr. Brennan of the boot and shoe strikers of Marlboro addressed the brussels carpet weavers at their meeting yesterday afternoon. During the meeting the weavers voted to donate $100 from the funds of the union to assist the strikers in their efforts to resist the demands of the manufacturers.

COMMON SENSE CURE

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Permanently by Curing the Cause.

Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning, and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkley, 601 Mississippi St., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Major Dean of Columbus, Ohio, says: "I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure has effectually cured me."

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is one dollar per package and it is put up only by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We claim the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1883 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.

(CORPORATION.)

315 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Over entrance to Boston Tavern.)

MONEY TO LOAN

At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Sold by all local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodale & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $35 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Beiz's Half Stock

At 1 deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Beiz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and Cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.

Corner Willie and Broadway.

WANTED.

MADAME ROYAL the renowned western Clairvoyant, will remain in the city a while longer, owing to a rush of business. 117 Middlesex street.

AGENTS WANTED.—We are the largest manufacturers of Slot Machines. Our prices and terms will suit you. Keep posted. The Leo Canda Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, with prosperous business; no encumbrances; will appreciate gracious, sensible wife. "Merchant," 3125 Forest ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—6 good canvassers at once. No other need apply. Call between 5 and 7 p. m. A. W. Burke, 123 Broadway.

WANTED—Men or women to canvass for women's Shoe. Must have references. Address Unu, 24 Middlesex street.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 454 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 83 Rock street.

WANTED—Good health. The blooming idiot died last fall, wouldn't drink Gloria, that is all. S. Bartlett, 162 Middlesex St., sells Gloria.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 65 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store, Nesmith's Block and 304 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 117 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit look good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONAN'S—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moore's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dove, D. O'Brion's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money at or near St. Peter's church Sunday morning. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 14 Gorham street.

FOUND.—Gentleman's seal glove. Owner can have by calling at 10 Lyons street and paying for this advertisement.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two newly furnished rooms to let at $1 each, in private family. 3 Tyler street.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—5 more farms on line of electrics, $10.00. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $4.50; also 5 good rooms, fine condition for $8.50. Save money by reducing rent. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel, P. O. Box 31, Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 718 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 382 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—81 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3000 WILL BUY wine rooms and cafe, including complete stock and license to May next; last year, receipts, $10,000. Address G., Box 304, Providence, R. I.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Lee Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucker, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stores set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.00 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE Dye Works

54 PRESCOTT ST.

SKATES

"Long Reach" and all leading makes for

25c. PAIR

and upwards to $5.00 pair.

SLEDS

For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for

25c. EACH

and upwards.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2 cottages opposite Stevens Hosiery. Cheap. H. G. Bebarrell, Bon Marche Block.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a first class drug store. Address H. W. S., Arlington street, Haverhill, Mass.

FOR SALE—Quick Lunch Rooms. New and modern; one of the best in Lowell, and on principal street. Satisfactory reason for selling. Address Marshall, Sun office.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $3200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 6 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Tea R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1650. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hairdressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house; good repair, large lot of land. Price $2200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 3 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Johnson Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 22 Middle street.

Only Perfect Bath Cabinet; Latest patent; Greatest seller. R. M. Irwin, Trenton, N. J.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 153 Merrimack street.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS.—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

MAKE YOUR MONEY EARN MONEY—The money-making chances in Stocks, Wheat, Cotton and Bonds are better and safer now than ever before. There are no losses under our plan, and a stipulated income on your capital is guaranteed. Every facility for successful investment is offered our clients. Write for free advice and literature, showing how you may increase your income without risk. C. E. Mackey & Co., 9 Wall street, New York.

MONEY TO LOAN

We loan money on good SECOND MORTGAGES. We also make building loans and buy houses for you on the "Rent pays for home" plan. AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 137 Central Street, Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

NAPKINS

What kind?

PAPER

To reduce our stock we are now selling

PAPER NAPKINS

BELOW COST.

The stock is not all, and at the Present Prices the buyer saves Money.

10c. PER HUNDRED

—TO—

60c. PER HUNDRED.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

The Wonderful New Drink,

"Gloria"

You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA pleases a different set of nerves,
But makes an improvement in your curves.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Help you walk upright and not on your head.
Parting we say it will make you a man.
And not have the name of rushing the can;
Likely to give you a new lease of life;
Possibly the same effect on your wife.
Drink GLORIA to-day and more tomorrow;
You'll have very little trouble to borrow.

5 Cents everywhere.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

THAT'S RIGHT!

When you want a nice piece of Jewelry or a fine Watch

COME TO

LEGAULT & CO.

The Reliable Jewelers,

70 CENTRAL ST.

Now is the Time

TO BUY A

Richmond Range

If your old range is not giving satisfaction buy a RICHMOND RANGE before the coming of the severely cold weather. You will save money in doing so.

Floor Coverings of All Descriptions at the Lowest Prices

Come and see our Heating Stoves. You will wonder how we sell them so cheap.

General Furniture Satisfactory in Quality and Price.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION

HOT COFFEE. FREE SAMPLE.

THE BEST 25c. COFFEE YOU EVER SAW

—AT THE—

Banner Market Grocery

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE.

68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.

John P. Squire's Sugar Cured Ham,	8c
Fresh Pork,	6c
Fore Quarters Lamb,	7c
Hind Quarters Lamb,	10c

THIS WEEK ONLY

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rubber Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. E. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 21, 25, 27, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

446 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

Ladies' High Cut

Lace Shoes, made from box calf stock, 3 soles, a first class storm or skating boot, regular $2.50 value, sale price $1.75 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,

52 to 60 Charles St.

465 Lawrence St.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU

With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it of us, as we will give you the best and cleanest Coal in the market at the least possible prices.

D. W. HORNE & SON,

16 Central Street.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY

Wholesale Dealers in

Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,

SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,

Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.

Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.

532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST Runels Bldg.

THE CHANGES IN FOOTWEAR.

The Sharp Points Are Giving Way to the English Bull-Dog Toe and Good Scotch Heel.

WOMEN WITH MUCH SOLE.

In the House Feminine Daintiness Rules in the Matter of Stocking and Shoes.

A LADY KNOWN BY HER BOOTS

"How do you tell a lady?" propounded a clubwoman the other day.

"By her boots," said a Gothamite.

"And her bonnet, of course," added a Brooklynite.

"Don't forget her gloves," whispered a Philadelphian.

So, by a symposium of clubwomen a woman is adjudged a lady by her boots, her bonnet and her gloves—with the boots coming first.

With the long enveloping cloaks now in style very little can be seen except these articles and a woman must depend for her style upon the elegance of the three.

If you will ask the average woman how much the style in shoes can change in a year she may say "not at all," but on second thought she will tell you that there are subtle changes all the time which, at the end of the year, count for a great deal. On going to get a pair of pointed toed shoes the other day a woman was met with a polite stare from the clerk.

"For the street?" asked the clerk. "Oh, we have none of that description—except for the house."

"Actually," said one woman, "I felt as out of date as if I had asked for Congress gaiters."

"I am sorry about the toes," sighed another woman that had just become used to the needle points, "for now I must jump into the clumsy broad English bull-dog shoes when toothpick points fit me best."

RETURN OF FRENCH HEEL.

There have been so many things for the clubwomen to discuss that the depunciation of the French heel has made the most of the full and crept back into vogue. For instance, in milady's dress shoe. The slender curved heel is almost three inches high, the top of the shoe is of cloth or dull glove kid and the vamp or patent leather.

For the house two styles are used—a heavy, broad, thick, rolled tie, either entirely of patent leather with large brass eyelets for the broad silk strings, or heavy tan leather with black heels and soles.

Then there is the Puritan slipper of soft tan leather with a narrow square toe, quite a heavy extension sole, a high flaring tongue and leather bow held by a nickle buckle, but so inconsistent a three-inch French heel! There seems scarcely to be an end to the vagaries in house slippers. It looks, sometimes, as though the odds and ends of the dressmaker had been purchased for the purpose of making pretty fancy slippers.

For the boudoir a dainty slipper is a mull with just the cloth toe of Scotch plaid silk and pasted over the dangerously high heel is the same silk. Across the instep is a band of black fur.

EVENING SLIPPERS.

For evening slippers one's fancy can have full sway. Satin ties in all colors or dancing slippers made from a scrap of the gown with which they are to be worn are seen.

For a quiet little dance there are patent leather slippers with high red heels or the smartest little patent leather "pumps," made very mannish with little or no heels.

The fur-lined brocaded silk evening boots to wear right over the dancing slipper are clumsy looking but indispensable to a girl who goes out a great deal. These are often seen in democratic New York in cable car or elevated train of an evening, for in a city where distances are so great, cabs are nuisances. It takes so long to go in this way that one prefers electricity or steam of a cold night to a slow-going horse.

The velvet-covered fur-edged foot-warmers used in a victoria or landau are very comforting.

From shoes to stockings is but a step, and as many novelties are shown in one as the other. The most marked is the return of clocks, gayly embroidered on black, blue or maroon silken hose, sometimes in the form of a rose vine; or again, just green leaves, but the embroidery is always in light shades.

Nickel blue stockings are powdered with white silk polka-dots, and navy blue stockings have bias light Roman stripes running around.

Plaided stockings in silk or fine cashmere are more used than ever; sometimes the plaids are bias, but often straight.

The half-colored stockings are not used as much as formerly, but an odd pair were checker-boarded with black and white half way up, then black alone.

Open-work stockings are the favorites for evening, quite often showing real lace applique. Stockings with sequin trimming over the instep are actually seen, but, of course, they are to be worn only with slippers.

HOME-MADE STOCKINGS.

Fancy stockings are so expensive that many women, with more taste than money, are making them at home. They buy the plain stocking and embroider it to suit the slippers.

In shoes for winter a dull finish is sought. This is put on with a kid glove which has been wrung out of oil until almost dry. The shoe gets, in this way, a dull, dressy finish which is admirable.

On pleasant days the shoes come forth shining, for then patent leathers are worn.

A word about skating shoes. They are usually made to order of black or brown, a heavy, broad shoe of the "bull-dog" type, coming quite high, though not quite so high as the bicycle boots.

Tights are often used instead of petticoats, or silk or light woolen bloomers are liked. All of the fashionable set are great skaters, and the ice rinks, where lessons are given, have boasted the smartest debutantes and matrons among the pupils.

It is the style in Gotham to be healthy, therefore, warm, comfortable stockings are worn in the street, and stout, good shoes. The "paper" sole is for dancing only; or for the parlor, but in the street its thin and necessarily soggy appearance is a sign of poverty.

MARY GOODWIN HUBBELL.

THE EMPRESS AS A COLONEL.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST OF THE EMPRESS ALL WORDS OF FRENCH ORIGIN HAVE BEEN BANISHED FROM THE ARMY, AS SHE DESIRES HER SOLDIERS TO USE ONLY THE PUREST OF GERMAN.

AN EASTER COSTUME OF 100 YEARS AGO.

THE BELLE OF THE EARLY CENTURY

THE FADS AND FANCIES OF THE NEW YEAR WOMAN OF 1899.

A PROGRESSIVE EMPRESS.

In Germany as in America it has always been considered a mark of superior education to be able to throw in a French word here and there; to punctuate one's language, so to speak, with a foreign phrase; and to guide one's speech with a line from another tongue.

But the German Empress—she who has always distinguished herself as being a quiet woman with only the raising of her children as an object in life—has decided otherwise, and owing to her opinion the Kaiser has just issued the most extraordinary command to his army.

The last issue of the royal organ of Berlin publishes an imperial cabinet order substituting German for all French words now employed in the army, or for words of French origin. The paper, in another column, says that the Kaiser is determined to promote the use of pure German in his empire, and with that end in view has banished all foreign words from army and navy use. This shuts out an immense variety of terms, for, until one stops to think, one has no idea how many foreign words are employed in every-day conversation.

The German Empress, who has worked to bring about this innovation, has always been a stickler for pure German. As a Princess of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, which is one of the oldest of German Provinces, she aimed to speak only the purest German, and up to the time of her marriage she was unable to understand even a word of any other language—a most remarkable state of affairs for a royal Princess.

Immediately upon her entrance to the Court of Berlin she was compelled to take lessons of private tutors in English, French and Russian, but it was several years before she learned these sufficiently to preside without embarrassment at her own court functions.

The Empress has long since learned to speak all foreign languages, but she likes German best, and has always been greatly distressed at the careless way in which the children of Germany were speaking their native tongue.

In English, as a mark of refinement, we sound the G and speak the Boston A, and in Germany there are just as delicate refinements of speech. These the Empress caused to be introduced in the public schools some years ago, and she gives every year certain prizes to poor children who speak German with a clear, good accent. The language of the street urchin is to her very offensive, for she does not like to hear the Kaiser's German murdered.

When the Kaiserin was appointed a Colonel of the Emperor's Guard she allowed to do so. Now at length she has taken him at his royal word. She has asked that only the best of German be used in military documents. This to a country, just over the border, means a great deal, for though these nations may be separated by a strong national feeling there have been international marriages, and so a patois is formed thereby.

The Empress of Germany is a very progressive woman, although she has never been given credit as such. Only a woman of great strength of character would have cared to go to the Holy Land at such a season. The Empress faithfully accompanied her husband every step of the way.

She is well posted on art matters and her criticism greatly aided the Kaiser in his allegorical painting of a year ago. She is a magnificent musician, and is as good a critic of theatricals as of music. In ten years the Kaiserin—now that her family can take care of itself—will be as well known in the world of women, as the progressive women of Germany predict, as the Kaiser is known in the world of men.

The Kaiserin is not a pretty woman, for she has high cheek bones and has a tendency toward stoutness, which she constantly fights down. She inherits this from her mother, who grew immensely fat at a very early age. The Kaiserin rides horseback and takes frequent violent exercise to keep down her size, but it constantly increases until now she is very near the 200 mark. Still she is a handsome woman with a good presence, and of such fine height that she carries her weight without being at all noticeable. In fact she would pass for a woman of only 145 pounds.

As Colonel of the Guards she is a very pretty sight, and, now that she has come out strongly in favor of all things German, her popularity is increased fifty-fold.

REMEMBRANCE RINGS.

The very latest thing in remembrance rings is a ring with a stone of rock. This typifies eternal remembrance.

A certain gentleman of this city has a ring and scarfpin to match, each set with a small rock.

The rock is supposed to be from the rock of Gibraltar. But there is a New Jersey firm engaged in turning out these rock rings in such quantities that the observer is led to doubt if the rock of Gibraltar could furnish them all.

Yet, they are Gibraltar rings, just the same—eternal in memory

THE BLACK STOCKING HAS GONE OUT AND THE PLAID AND THE STRIPED STOCKING HAS COME IN.

VICTORIA'S PICTURE OF EUGENIE.

QUEEN VICTORIA IS SO FOND OF HER FRIEND, THE EX-EMPRESS OF FRANCE, THAT SHE ANNUALLY REQUESTS HER TO HAVE A SPECIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN FOR HER OWN PLEASURE. THIS IS EUGENIE'S LATEST GIFT TO VICTORIA.

TWO WOMEN FRIENDS OF EUROPE

It used to be playfully remarked that Queen Victoria and the ex-Empress Eugenie were never so happy as when shedding tears together over a cup of afternoon tea. That time has passed and the feeling of playfulness has deepened into one of respect for the great friendship which exists between these two remarkable women. One great because of her magnificent reign which includes almost the whole of the nineteenth century, and the other remarkable because of her life history.

When Eugenie suffered the great loss of her life in the death of her son, twenty years ago, she found a sympathetic friend in Queen Victoria, who had known what it was to lose those dearest to her.

That tie was the one which bound these two women together and it formed the basis of the great friendship which has since existed between them. Supported by a lapse of years, for there is a wide difference in their ages, they have yet a great deal in common, for both are masculine women, strong in thought and active in mind. They are women who have little thought for dress, but all the thought in the world for the affairs of the world.

Every year the ex-empress pays a long visit to Queen Victoria and the two talk together for hours, until the ladies-in-waiting to the queen suggest to the ex-empress that Her Majesty is tired. Forcibly separated they part only to renew their conversation next day. It is a familiar sight to see these two women, one supernaturally young and the other prematurely old, sitting on one of the benches at Balmoral, or driving together in the queen's pony phaeton, always deep in thought.

It has frequently been maliciously whispered that Eugenie has an axe to grind when she goes to see Victoria, but if so the ex-empress grinds it so quietly that no one but herself is the wiser. This year she took with her the great burden of the trouble between France and England. She feared that it might break out over the Fashoda difference and she talked it over many times with Victoria, making the latter promise that she would do all in her power to prevent any hostility between the two nations.

The queen is a hard woman to influence, but when she separated from Eugenie she said: "If war should break out between France and England, I should ask God to allow me to die before hostilities began."

This was interpreted by the English to mean that the queen would prohibit war between the two countries as strongly as a queen could prohibit war.

So firm is the tie between these two women that when Victoria has been in poor health Eugenie has pined, for she feels that when this, her strongest friend ilies, she will have little to live for.

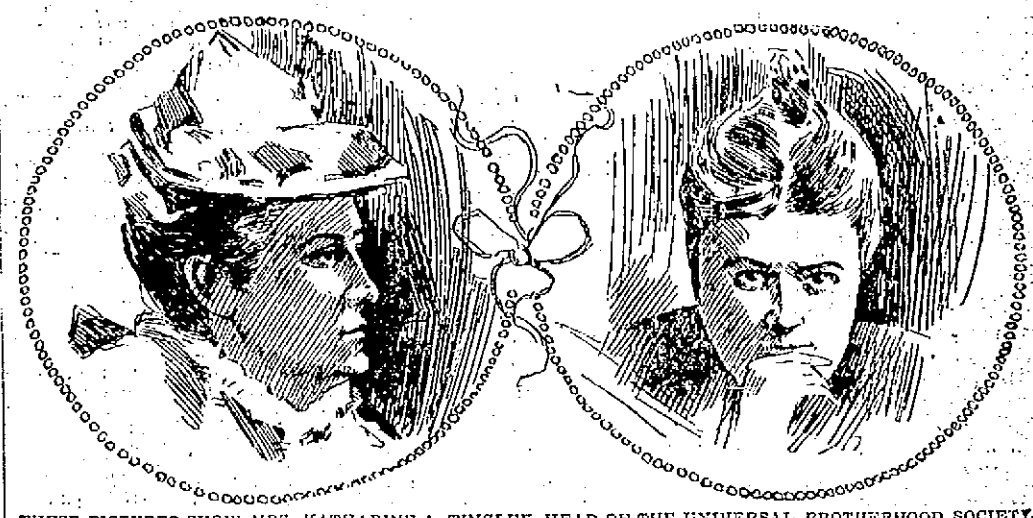
Although Eugenie is not now on the throne of France, and stands no chance of ever becoming its empress, she still feels very dear to that country, and would greatly grieve at its misfortune. She watches France as a separated mother watches the career of a dear child, and her life is bound up in the joys and sorrows of her pet city—Paris!

It is said that Eugenie cared little for the sorrows of Spain, although she was a Spanish princess. Certain it is that she used no influence to keep England from siding with the United States. But when it comes to trouble between England and France, that is different.

It is a matter of royal gossip that Eugenie, who once had a thousand dresses a year, now wears only one at a time, and when that is worn out she gets another one. She wears no jewelry, does not dress becomingly and seems to have lost all her fancy for fascination.

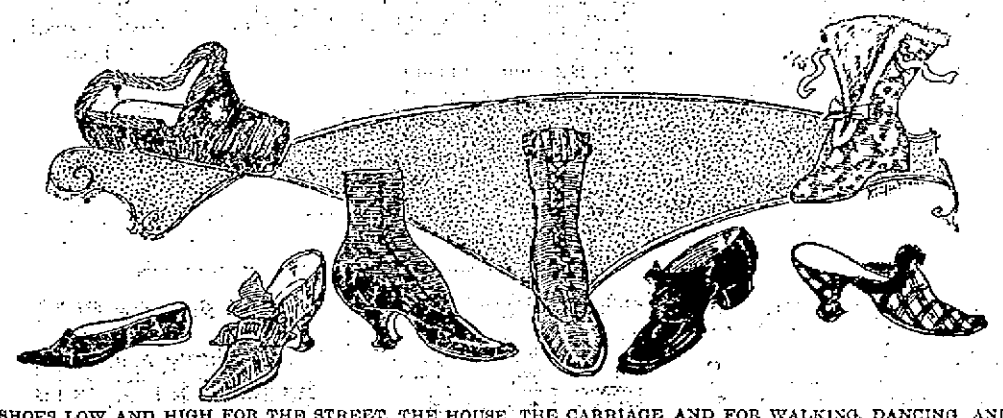
But she still speaks well and, like certain great beauties, she will be a woman of power to the end of the chapter.

A RECENT VIEW OF MRS. TINGLEY.



THESE PICTURES SHOW MRS. KATHARINE A. TINGLEY, HEAD OF THE UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD SOCIETY, AS SHE LOOKS AT HOME AND AS SHE APPEARS IN HER STREET DRESS. SHE HAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN WORK OF GENERAL PHILANTHROPY AND IS STILL CARING FOR A HOSPITAL FULL OF CONVALESCENT SOLDIERS.

THE LATEST FANCIES IN FEMININE SHOES.



SHOES LOW AND HIGH FOR THE STREET, THE HOUSE, THE CARRIAGE AND FOR WALKING, DANCING AND CYCLING.

A CHANCE IN NEW YORK.

The Western Girl Conquers With Her Progressiveness and the Southern Girl With Her Soft Voice.

"There are a great many chances for out-of-town girls now in New York," said the president of a woman's club the other day. "I do not mean for the poorer class of young women, but for educated ones. I know now at least 100 girls who are living independently in New York, as girl bachelors, who earn a livelihood at the trades, occupations and professions and of them all, not more than 5 per cent. are New York girls. It is the day of the out-of-town girl.

"Southern girls succeed best. Their beauty and soft gentle ways captivate. Their talents are great, too, especially along the lines of literature. But they marry too soon.

"Western girls are remarkable along the progressive lines. Their clear headedness makes them admirable in the professions. They are ideal as business managers and in positions requiring general good health and good nature. They make excellent wives, too, but they are witty and hard to suit. They do not marry the first man that asks them.

"Which do I like best? Don't ask me! Well! Give me the Southern girl. Her soft accent is to me irresistible."

"THE LASSO." A FAVORITE COTILLION FIGURE IN THE JANUARY DANCES.

THIS PRETTY FIGURE IS DANCED IN DOUBLE ROWS DOWN EACH SIDE OF THE ROOM. THE GENTLEMEN LASSO THEIR FAIR PARTNERS WITH RIBBON OR WITH LONG STRIPS OF LASSO PAPER WHICH COMES FOR THE PURPOSE.

THE GIRL OF '99.

She Must Model Herself Along These Lines If She Wants to Please the Chappies.

(The Confession of a New York Dude.)

All women are fond of dudes.

All dudes are fond of women.

A dude meant in other days a dandy, a fop, but the dude of to-day is more. He is a dandy, according to the very latest interpretation of the name. He fought well in the Spanish War—the dude—and in times of peace he lives well.

The dudes, or the chappies, have their feminine ideals. This is the girl of '99, according to the best ideal of the chappies.

She will be slender, the girl of '99, extremely so, yet not attenuated. She will be lithe and willowy, with that very stylish air which only comes with lithesome. Her waist will be the athletic waist. This is the waist which looks small because it has a blouse jacket falling over it, and a big, round skirt emerging from it. The girl of '99 will not be an hour glass, by any means, nor a meal bag; far from it, she will have an athletic waist—you know what that is—broad and full.

The girl of '99 will be extremely accomplished. She will be able not only to argue, but to laugh. Any girl can argue. Argument comes with narrow-mindedness, with the single-souledness, with the petty sentiments of a little nature. But to laugh takes broad-mindedness.

We can all of us laugh at the joys and sorrows of a year ago, but it is hard to laugh at the sorrows of to-day. The girl of '99 will meet the vicissitudes of the day and the hour with a philosophic smile, and will laugh long all through the year. That is the twentieth century girl.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

GOOD TEAS AND COFFEES.

Our teas are strictly new crop, high grade. Our coffees are fresh roasted and ground to order. DICKSON BROS., 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Full line of Blank Books at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central St.

Watches cleaned, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 180-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Vespers went to Lawrence to play the Home club of that city. Following is the result:

POOL.

Vespers—A. M. Chadwick, 75; A. K. Chadwick, 64; totals, 139.

Home Club—Priestman, 60; Eastham, 76; totals, 136.

BILLIARDS.

Vespers—Farrington, 130; Leighton, 123; totals, 253.

Home Club—Lannigan, 119; Morris, 150; total, 269.

WHIST.

Vespers, 313, plus 1.

Home Club, 311 minus 17.

BOWLING.

Vespers—Adams, 476; Wellman, 503; Fels, 500; Hill, 437; Grover, 539; totals 2493.

Home Club—Robinson, 447; Sherman, 480; Dow, 410; Day, 550; Pond, 519; totals, 2407.

Company G team defeated Boucher's team at the armory yesterday afternoon. The score:

Co. G—Fairweather, 501; Dodge, 481; Jones, 446; Durant, 394; Brock, 512; totals, 2334.

Boucher's Team—Waugh, 390; Hennessy, 444; Delmore, 439; Boucher, 372; Sub, 413; totals, 2058.

Teams Three and One of the High school played at Les Miserables in the afternoon and rolled the following scores:

Team Three—O'Sullivan, 351; Bennett, 430; Goddard, 330; Libby, 358; Jewett, 430; totals, 1899.

Team One—Kelley, 368; Harmon, 446; Conant, 332; Brady, 264; Davis, 333; totals, 1733.

The Defenders last night met and defeated the Heroes on Les Miserables alleys in a very exciting game. The matter of winning the contest was decided by only 8 pins. The score:

Defenders—Bridge, 402; Jordan, 356; Buckley, 463; Lyons, 419; sub, 499; totals, 2198.

Heroes—Flood, 468; McCaffery, 370; Whalen, 416; McShea, 466; sub, 470; totals, 2190.

FATAL FALL

FROM A CART—THOMAS MURRAY THE VICTIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MELROSE, Jan. 20.—Thomas Murray a well-known resident of this town was fatally injured this afternoon while at work for the Metropolitan park commission in the Middlesex Fells reservation.

He was driving his tip cart when his horse became frightened at a carriage with rubber tires in which were seated two women. The horse shied and threw Murray out of the cart.

He struck on his head against a stone, making an ugly gash. He was brought to the Melrose hospital where he died soon after his arrival.

He was about 60 years old and leaves a wife and grown up family on Tremont street.

SHOT IN HEAD

BALTIMORE WOMAN HELD FOR KILLING HER HUSBAND.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 21.—Azariah Reckard was found in a dying condition with a bullet hole in his head yesterday at his home here and his wife is under arrest, charged with having shot him.

Reckard died soon after his removal to the hospital, and the police say the shooting was the result of jealousy. The woman was found wandering in her night dress and told the police that she was awakened from sleep by a pistol shot and saw a colored man in the room, whereupon she leaped from the window, carrying the sash with her and escaped. The pistol with which the shooting was done could not be found.

KIRK ST. CHURCH

ANNUAL MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

The annual meeting of the Kirk street Congregational church was held last evening. Rev. W. A. Bartlett was the moderator and George H. Spalding was chosen clerk pro. tem.

The report of the treasurer showed receipts to the amount of $2506.33; balance on hand, $23.07. The report of the secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school, Geo. H. Spalding, showed general receipts and expenditures of $204; class accounts, $255.

Other reports were submitted.

Deacon H. B. Shattuck, though he deprecated further service, was re-elected for another term, receiving 61 out of 62 votes.

Other elections were as follows: Clerk and treasurer, A. L. Thompson; deaconesses, Alice Merrill, Mrs. J. B. Trueworthy, Mrs. Burrill, and Mrs. Jolley; chief usher, Henry Hyde; superintendent of Central mission, R. W. McAllister with the deacons as an official board; auditor, Geo. W. Bachelder.

Appropriations—Sunday school, $200; flowers, $50; social purposes, $50.

The meeting closed about 9.30 o'clock with the singing of a familiar hymn and the benediction by the pastor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 PERK ST.

PRIVATE DEMPSEY

Writes a Tale of the Late War.

ENTITLED "HIS LAST GOOD BYE."

Story of a Brave Soldier's Death.

John W. Dempsey of Co. G, Sixth regiment, contributes the following story of an occurrence of the late war. It is an actual happening though the names of the parties are disguised and it will be read with interest by the soldier boys who will at once recognize the characters. Private Dempsey gives the title "His Last Good Bye" to the story which follows:

"In a certain Massachusetts village there was a local military company which contained some well-known young men of the place among whom was one who was the support of a widowed mother whose husband served in the Civil War losing an arm there and had died since then. At the outbreak of the war between America and Spain when the call for volunteers rang far and wide, everybody was filled with the desire to enlist, especially the young men of this militia company. When they were asked to go they all accepted but this young man and being asked the reason, he said: "I cannot in justice to my mother leave her; who will there be to take care of her?"

At last it got noised around that Jack Conway, which was his name, was afraid to go and so must be a coward. It was one of the topics among his fellow soldiers, one of whom was a chum of his called Ned. One day not long after, a lot of them in Jack's absence began to taunt Ned about the cowardice of his friend Jack, when Ned spoke up and said "Shame, boys, to speak of him so. His father served through the Civil war, and as for himself, who was it when Deacon Jones' house was ablaze, and his little daughter appeared at an upper story window and everybody stood appalled at the sight, thinking she was doomed to be burned to death, who was it who rushed into the burning building and rescued her at the risk of his own life, and who was so severely burned that he lay for weeks suffering on a bed of pain? And who was it that was always ready to give a helping hand to the poor and needy? It was no one else, as you all know, but Jack Conway, and then to have those he calls friends charge him as a coward behind his back. Shame on such friends."

The boys began to feel ashamed of themselves, but it did not stop the talk any.

It at last got to his own ears and going to his mother, he said, "I must leave you; I must go."

The company he joined was called away, and as he bade good bye to his gray haired mother, who sadly allowed him to go while tears were coursing down her withered cheeks, he pressed her to his heart, and, as he tried to stay the tears that came unbidden to his own eyes, he said, "Cheer up, Mother; the war will soon be over, and then I will come back to you, never to leave you again."

Ah, little did he know that they will never meet again on this earth. He was among the first to land in Cuba, and often made his comrades wonder at his deeds of bravery.

One time, when water was needed, and the spring was within sight of the Spanish sharpshoters, it was he who took a number of the boys' canteens, and under the crack of the Mauser bullets, went and brought back water to those who were suffering so much with thirst. At another time, when on a march, when a fellow soldier fell down in a faint he remained by him, standing over him to shield him from the hot sun, and took his own hat off to cool his fevered brow, and when they were ready to proceed, carried all of the other's load beside his own. And at the gallant charge up San Juan hill he was among the foremost until he fell mortally wounded by a deadly Mauser bullet.

He was carried by his comrades to a place called a hospital, and laid on a cot. And as the doctor stood over him, he asked "Will I live?" and the doctor looked grave and sadly shook his head. The poor sufferer said "Well never mind; it is God's will, and it is in a good cause." He lingered for days, suffering in silence, and God alone knew his thoughts of the dear old mother so far away.

The end drew near, and his wandering mind went through the sad scene of leaving home again, and hearts stout and true loved and sympathized with the dying soldier.

He died surrounded by the very ones whom he befriended, and the last word he uttered was "mother," and many were the eyes that were dimmed with unshed tears as they thought of their own dear mother whom they might never see again.

They prepared a rough coffin and placed his body carefully in it, wrapping the flag for which he had died, around him. Four of his comrades carried him, followed by the regiment, until they came to a newly dug grave. And in obedience to orders given in a low respectful voice, they formed a hollow square, and as the body was lowered the Chaplain read the burial service. As I stood there in the glare of the hot sun that day, while they were burying him my thoughts were far away. I thought of the loving mother who had held the bright faced boy in her arms, and had thanked God for the joy he had sent into her life. How she had watched every evidence of his opening mind; how lovingly she listened for the first spoken word. And then how happy she was as he played around her, or climbed into her lap and threw his little arms around her neck and kissed her. The school days come and go, she watches him go and listens with impatience until she hears his returning step. Then comes the dark day when the father died and the little one, now grown to manhood says "never mind, mother, you have only me now, but I will take care of you," which he does. Then came the war he said "good bye; I'll be back; my country's call." He went out of her sight. I wonder where she is today. Like many others she waited and waited in vain for news of her boy. He told them not to write until he is better, as she will be uneasy about him.

Well, mother, he is better today. No more long weary marches and lonely night watches of the picket. And the day of battle will come for him no more; and when she hears of his death her already heavily laden heart will beat more wearily, if it does not break altogether.

A squad of soldiers fired three volleys over his grave, and as each volley broke the stillness of the solemn hour the scene became more sad, more painfully oppressive. The bugler, through the sobs he scarcely could smother, sounded taps, that most beautiful of all calls, which means "lights out," just as this soldier's life went out. And as the echo came to us through the hills, God alone knows what thoughts coursed through the minds of those comrades who such a short time ago taunted him with being a coward. They placed a board at the head of his grave with the simple inscription

"Not a Coward, but a Hero."

Sleep, comrade, sleep, tho' we all will miss thee.
Who left you in thine lone grave today;
Alas, soon thy country will forget thee,
And thy name from the earth pass away.
But there's one who'll remember; 'tis mother.
Who nursed you in sickness and pain.
The God above makes room for another,
A hero we'll ne'er meet again.

In Pain?

In the Back? Then probably the kidneys.
In the Chest? Then probably the lungs.
In the Joints? Then probably rheumatism.

No matter where it is, nor what kind; you need have it no longer. It may be an hour, a day, or a year old; it must yield to

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after applying it you feel its soothing, warming, strengthening power.

It quiets congestion; draws out inflammation.

It is a new plaster.

A new combination of new remedies. Made after new methods. Entirely unlike any other plaster.

The Triumph of Modern Medical Science.

The Perfected Product of years of Patient Toil.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the treatment of all throat and lung affections.

Placed over the stomach, it stops nausea and vomiting; over the bowels, it controls cramps and colic.

Placed over the small of the back, it removes all congestion from the kidneys and greatly strengthens weakness.

For sale by all Druggists.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THROWN 20 FEET

BY AN ENGINE BUT BRIDGET HUGHES WAS UNHURT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Bridget Hughes of Mt. Vernon was struck by an express train on the N. Y., N. H., & H. R. R. railroad and was hurled 20 feet in the air and escaped without injury. After the accident she walked to her home, a mile away, and prepared supper for her husband.

Mrs. Hughes is 65 years old. When a reporter called upon her this evening he found her preparing supper for her husband.

"I'm all right," she said, "but I don't know how I escaped death. All I know is that I have walked the railroad tracks for the last time in my life."

PERSONAL.

Rev. H. Lockhart preaches his last sermon at the Chelmsford street church one week from next Sunday.

Mrs. Stetson Gordon who returned last month from a prolonged visit to relatives in Philadelphia and who has been a sufferer from the grip nearly all the time since her return is now able to be out and about.

Mrs. Artemas S. Young of 73 Beech street is rapidly recovering after a very severe attack of grip.

Arthur C. Moore with his uncle, George E. Parker, has gone to Jamaica for three months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Boynton were among the guests at the brilliant wedding of Mr. Arthur Lang Foster and Miss Lydia Armenell Ackley in Immanuel Congregational church in Roxbury Wednesday. Mr. Foster, who was formerly a clerk in the Appleton bank, and now teller in the Eliot Savings bank of Boston is a brother of Mrs. Boynton.

Miss Sarah Johnson of Exeter, who was taken ill on the train while on her way home a few days ago and was brought to St. John's hospital, has recovered and set out for her home yesterday.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

CHISHOLM LOSES

To Patsy Sweeney at Manchester, N. H.

LOWELL MAN PUT UP GAME FIGHT

But Was Outpointed by Opponent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 21.—One of the liveliest boxing exhibitions ever held in this city was witnessed at Mechanics' hall last evening, when "Patsy" Sweeney of this city defeated Billy Chisholm of Lowell in twelve rounds.

About 600 local and out-of-town sports occupied seats and the entire city force of policemen were on duty at the hall. Chief Healy, Deputy Chief Cassidy and Sergeant O'Dowd were present on the stage, but the services of the officers were not necessary as the exhibition went off in a very smooth manner. A sixteen-foot ring was pitched and the betting seemed to be in favor of the local man, with odds of 3 to 2.

The first event scheduled was a ten-round contest between Bob Montgomery of Boston and George Gardner of this city. Montgomery is a colored man who has acquired considerable notoriety as a pugilist, and proved himself a hard fighter. George Gardner, his opponent, is a young boxer who has gained some reputation and is willing to meet any 146-pound man in New England. The official time-keeper was George V. Toohey of Boston and John J. Sullivan of Boston acted as referee.

The contest was scheduled at catch weights, and both men weighed close to 145 pounds, Gardner having a little the better of it in height. Montgomery's seconds were Mallt Flaherty and Tim Kearns of Boston, while Artie Allen and Jack Walker seconded Gardner.

The principal bout of the evening was then announced, and Billy Chrisholm entered the ring, seconded by Billy Taylor, Birge Pattee and "Young" Chisholm. He weighed at 126 pounds. Sweeney entered shortly afterward and was roundly applauded. For seconds he had Tom Maguire, Jack Caley and Jim Stewart. He weighed 124 pounds. Both seemed to be in the pink of condition, Chrisholm having a little the advantage in height, though his reach was not as good as that of the Manchester lad.

At 10.20 the referee called the men to the center of the ring and cautioned them as to hiding on the breakaway. At 10.25 he called time and the men started.

Round 1—Chisholm led and Sweeney rushed, landing left and rights repeatedly. The Lowell man led out with a light left on the ear and Sweeney returned with a succession of straight jabs and uppercuts and got off with a punch on the chin. The round ended in Sweney's favor and Chisholm bleeding freely from the nose.

Round 2—This was practically a repetition of the first round, Chisholm avoiding some punishment by clever ducking, but could not get away from straight arm blows which Sweney seemed to dent out at will, Chisholm landing an occasional left in the wind, but with little effect.

Round 3—Sweeney started in fast and got in a succession of blows without a return. Chisholm ducked a vicious swing and both clinched. Sweeney landed uppercuts and Chisholm swung low and wild. Sweeney landed a stiff right on the face, followed by two straight jabs and took a left on the ear and both clinched. Sweeney landed right on Chisholm's face repeatedly and Chisholm ducked; both exchanged lefts. Sweney landed three hard lefts on the chin. The round ended in Sweeney's favor. Chisholm bleeding freely and appearing somewhat weary.

Round 4—The Lowell boy was a little groggy but led with a hook on the body. Sweeney got back with a right on the face and an exchange of lefts followed. Chisholm swung wild and received several stiff ones in the face, which covered his countenance with blood. Both clinched, Sweeney landing right on face and both countered with left. Sweeney landed left and right in rapid sucession and the round closed with an exchange of lefts and rights.

Round 5—Chisholm was gradually weakening and did not look as though he could stand another round. He led and an exchange of rights followed by a left on the face from Sweeney, who continued to rush matters and had his man dazed at the call of time. Chisholm was covered with his own gore but seemed to stand his punishment with considerable gameness.

Round 6—Both got in close and a clinch followed. Sweeney got in with rights and left and uppercuts, seeming to hit his man just when and where he chose and keeping out of reach of his adversary's wild swings.

Round 7—Sweeney rushed and landed a left uppercut which staggered his opponent and again started the blood. Chisholm took a brace and landed left on the jaw and got one in the mouth in return. This was the Lowell man's best round, but Sweeney's pace was too fast and he was obliged to take several jabs and uppercuts which called for loud applause.

Rounds 8 and 9 were in Sweeney's favor throughout, and his opponent was swinging wild and showed considerable weakness.

Round 10—Chisholm served as a punching bag for his opponent, who landed at will and did not allow the Lowell man to reach him once.

Rounds 11 and 12 were one-sided. Sweeney knocked his man at short range, playing for the heart with the right and placing his left on the jaw and face. In the last round they exchanged lefts and Sweeney ducked a right swing and slipped to the floor. He then put in three left-handers on the face, and just before the call of time landed both right and left, staggering his adversary, who was just about able to put up his hands.

The referee awarded the bout to Sweeney amid the cheers of the spectators, and the 600 sports who witnessed the affair counted on "Young Corbett" as a coming light in the roped arena.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made of Cream of Tartar.

Most healthful leavener in the World. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SUPT. BATES

OF FALL RIVER SPOKE TO SCHOOL-TEACHERS.

Supt. Bates of the public schools of Fall River spoke to a large audience composed of local school teachers at the High school hall yesterday afternoon. His subject was "What the Pupils Taught the Teacher," and according to his treatment it proved of great interest.

Superintendent Bates does not believe in depriving the children of their recess nor of keeping them after school as a punishment, to learn lessons. He maintains that if there is not enough in the teacher to enable him to inspire the child to do his work, in school hours, he will not be very successful outside of school hours.

The children, he thinks, should be met more than half way in their affectionate advances. Children are all ready to give more than obedience, if only the teacher is ready to accept it.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

DOWN GO THE PRICES.

Jackets Almost Given Away

BUY NOW. BUY NOW.

$12.50 Jackets now $5.00.
$18.00 Jackets now $8.00.
$25.00 Jackets now $12.00.
$7.50 Jackets now $3.49.
$6.50 Jackets now $2.98.

New Style Separate Skirts, draped, braid and button trimmed, exclusive designs.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

A FEW SPECIAL ITEMS

FOR CONTINUATION OF THE

Sale of the Globe Shoe Stock

We shall sell all the 15 cases of Rubbers for Ladies, Children and Misses, low cut and storm rubbers,

25c PAIR.

Here are 2 bargains for Men:

We have divided in two lots about 300 pairs of odd lines, real good shoes, in black calf and russet vici kid, bals and congress, but there are sizes out in some of these, and to close them out we offer them for

98c PAIR and $1.39 PAIR.

Worth $1.50 to $2.50. Worth $2.50 to $3.00.

We can fit you to a pair of these, no doubt, and save you some money.

And then for Children's and Misses:

We have also divided the assortment in 2 lots, from the shoes Sears sold $1.00 and $1.50 and we will sell them

50c and 89c.

All solid well made shoes, and good styles, in black, russet, lace and buttons. These are only a few bargains of this good stock, and it will pay all to come and look over the new lots we are bringing out every day.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A Murder

Right Here in Lowell.

Cor. of Central and Middlesex Sts.

Next Door to Drug Store.

CLOTHING

Is to be Slaughtered.

WAIT! WAIT!

We open SATURDAY, Jan. 21st, and will have in operation

A Big Blue Tag Sale

Which is slashing affair. We are the Originators in Everybody's Mouth.

Money Saving

Men's $7.00 Overcoats,	$1.98
Men's $10.00 Overcoats,	3 98
Men's $12.00 Overcoats,	4.98
Men's $13.50 Overcoats,	6 89
Men's $15.00 Covert Overcoats,	7.48
Men's $16.00 Covert Overcoats,	7.98
Men's $15.00 Spring Covert Overcoats,	5.98
Men's $18.00 Light Covert Overcoats,	9.98
Youth's $10.00 Ulsters,	2 48
Men's $12.00 Ulsters,	3.48
Men's $15.00 Ulsters,	4 98
Men's $6.00 Suits,	1.98
Men's $7.00 Suits,	2.98
Men's $8.00 Suits,	3.98
Men's $10.00 Suits,	4.98
Men's $12.00 Suits,	6 48
Men's $13.50 Suits,	7.48
Men's $15.00 Suits,	9 98
Men's $7.00 Reefers,	2.98
Men's 25 cent Silk Handkerchiefs,	7c.
Boys' $6.00 All Wool Long Pant Suits,	1.98
Boys' $1.00 Sweaters, all colors,	39c.
Men's $2.50 Pants,	98c.
Men's $3.00 Pants,	1.24
Men's $3.50 Pants,	1.48
Men's $4.00 Pants,	1.98
Men's 40 cent Overalls, Jumpers,	14c.
Men's Odd Vests,	48c.
Men's 75 cent White Shirts,	38c.
Men's 67 cent Shirts, fancy bosom and cuffs,	34c.
Men's Grey 40c. Shirts or Drawers,	18c.
Men's 75 cent Shirts, fleece lined,	29c.
Men's $2.00 Hats,	93c.
Men's 50c. Winter Caps,	14c.
Men's 25c. Suspenders,	6c.
Men's 15c. Cotton Hose,	4c.
Men's 25c. All Wool Blue Hose,	9c.
Men's $1.00 Blue Rib Shirts and Drawers,	46c.
Boys' 40c. Knee Pants,	9c.
Boys' $1.75 Blue Chinchilla Reefers,	97c.
Children's $3.00 3-piece Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.50 Knee Pant Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.00 Knee Pant Suits,	1 08
Boys' $4.00 Ulsters,	98c.

LOOK FOR BIG BLUE TAG.

Cor. Central and Middlesex Sts.

L. W. RICHARDS, Prop.
A. W. QUIMBY, Manager.

The Clown and the Mule is Ours.

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

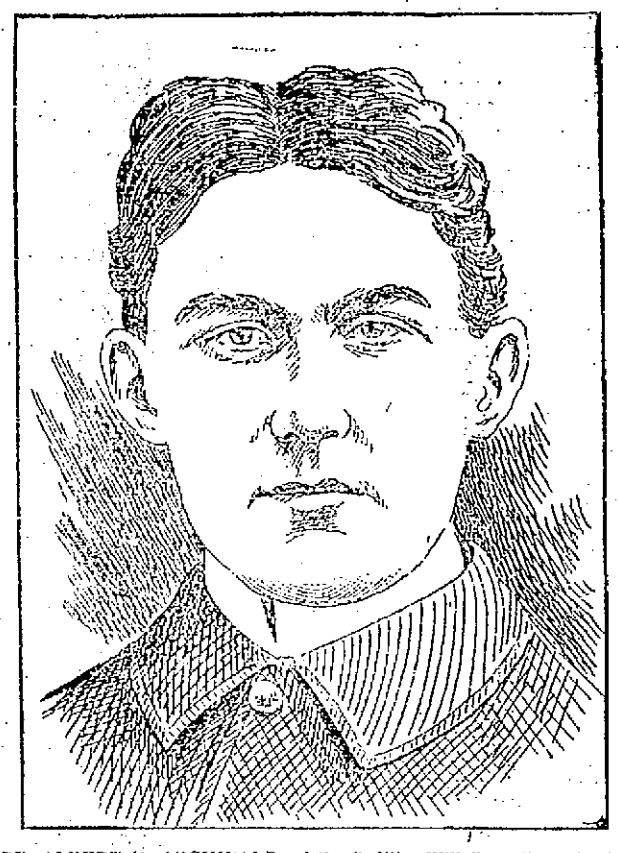
No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man, and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

THE LOWELL SUN

ANY TWO PAPERS.

The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT



CORP. ALBERT R. ARCHIBALD, of Co. C, Who Will Soon Get a Position in Washington.

Corp. Albert R. Archibald of Company C who has been performing clerical work all the week in the adjutant general's office in Boston is slated for a position in the secretary of war's office in Washington. Before leaving for the scene of the Spanish war, Corp. Archibald was employed as assistant bookkeeper in the office of C. B. Coburn & Co.

THE MAYOTTE CASE

Public Sentiment Strongly for Investigation.

To Prevent a Recurrence of Such Fatalities—Statements of Supt. Davis and Dr. Irish—No Question That Mayotte Was Neglected—Who Shall Investigate.

Seldom, if ever, has public opinion been so thoroughly united upon a matter of public importance as it is now united in demanding an investigation of the death of Mr. Charles W. Mayotte, the victim either of official neglect or an obsolete system who was deserted at the hour of his death by even his custodians and lay no one knows how long, in death on the cold floor of his cell with none so poor to close the lids of his lifeless eyes. Someone or something in the routine of Lowell's jail is at fault and all Lowell, excepting Chairman Faulkner of the board of police and the Morning Citizen want to find it at once to guard against repetitions of such a distressing affair in the future for in these days of transitory prosperity, to quote from the interview of George W. Poore "no man knows what he himself may come to and every citizen with a to feel that if he should be the next unfortunate to fall he would be treated charitably and humanely." The Mayotte matter was discussed yesterday and the unanimity of opinion was remarkable. Many expressed their views freely to The Sun reporter when assured that their names would not be used a fear of injuring Sheriff Cushing deterring some, while others amusing as it may seem, feared the wrath of the police commission after the inexplicable interview from Chairman Faulkner as printed in yesterday's Mail.

Chairman Faulkner's interview and the efforts of the Courier-Citizen to free the police department of all connection with the affair, have caused many citizens who heretofore did not consider the police department in the matter at all, to begin to ask what connection the police department had with the affair, reminded of the old saying, "If the cap fits you, etc." On the day of Mayotte's death the only paper to cast any insinuations at the police department was the Courier itself, which stated to the effect that Mayotte had been locked up after a spree and his sudden removal from his liquor had wrought the disastrous effect. The Sun was informed that Keeper McQuade gave Mayotte whiskey as he should have done under the circumstances and the Courier discovering the fact, yesterday, printed it.

The only criticism that will be passed on the police department by conservative ones is the manner in which they sent the unfortunate man to jail. When arrested, Mr. Mayotte, ever a neat dresser, wore a tall hat and he did not want to wear it in the patrol wagon because of the attention he would attract. As a result he rode through the streets bareheaded, in a lather of sweat on a day when the thermometer registered several degrees below the freezing point.

Before passing from the police side of the affair, The Sun prints the following interview which Supt. Davis gave to a Courier reporter yesterday:

"We are anxious for an investigation into our treatment of Charles W. Mayotte, for I am sure that it can have but one result. So far as the police department is concerned, Mayotte received all the attention that he appeared to need. He was brought in last Saturday afternoon on a warrant charging him with selling mortgaged property. He was under the influence of liquor at the time of his arrest but that charge was not pressed.

"From what I learn, Mayotte was shaky, as any man would be after drinking heavily, but he slept well dur-

(Continued to Page Two.

REMNANTS OF OIL CLOTH

AT HALF PRICE.

When A. E. O'HEIR & CO. say half price it means half price, not "about" half.

50c Oil Cloth, - 25c | 35c Oil Cloth, - 17 1-2c
40c Oil Cloth, - 20c | 25c Oil Cloth, - 12 1-2c

From 2 to 16 yards in a piece. First come, first served.

THE PEOPLE'S FURNITURE STORE.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO.'S. 16 Merrimack St.

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

MILLS ON FIRE

Laurel Hill Yarn Company's Plant Destroyed.

PROPERTY DESTROYED VALUED AT $75,000.

Two Tenements Were Also Consumed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PASCOAG, R. I., Jan. 21.—The mill of the Laurel Hill Yarn Company in Bridgeton, a suburb of Pascoag, and two houses, one a two tenement house and the other a one tenement, together with stock house and out buildings, were entirely consumed by fire early this morning.

The fire was discovered between 1 and 2 o'clock but the flames had gained great headway and it was useless to try to save the building. The buildings were all owned by Messrs. Olney T., and F. A. Inman. The mill was a two story building, 120 by 56 feet and was built in 1893. On the lower floor was machinery for the manufacture of woolen yarns. The machinery was of a valuable kind. This room was operated by the Messrs. Inman.

The stock house destroyed was partially filled with stock.

The one tenement house consumed was occupied by James Fairbrother, superintendent of the woolen yard company. With difficulty he saved the larger part of his furniture.

In the two tenement lived a family named Bellaman and Mrs. Hoard and family. Mr. Bellaman succeeded in saving most of his furniture, but a large part of Mrs. Howard's was consumed.

The house of Mrs. Reuben Buxton was in great danger but by the united efforts of the by-standers it escaped with a slight scorching. A little girl of Mrs. Howard's was overcome by smoke, but this morning is reported as having recovered. It was the largest fire that has ever visited Bridgeton.

The property destroyed was valued at about $75,000 and was partly insured.

DR. CHAS. ADAMS

Favors Expansion of American Power and Influence

PROBLEM SOLVED BY LUISIANA PURCHASE

His Utterances Met With Great Favor.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 21—At the Foundation Day exercises at the University of Indiana yesterday, Dr. Chas. K. Adams, president of the University of Wisconsin, spoke on "Colonies and Other Dependencies." His utterances in favor of the expansion of American power and influence were enthusiastically applauded. President Adams said that the constitutional questions involved in the subject of national expansion were not likely to present any permanent embarrassment. The problem, he thought, was solved by the Louisiana purchase when Jefferson, without constitutional authority, made the purchase and the people of manufacturing and transportation are forcing such a movement into the tropics as history has never known before. Shall the people of the United States take no part in this world movement, and if they take part in the movement shall they leave unprotected their commercial interests at a distance of thousands of miles? It is not difficult to foretell the answer to the question? Call it imperialism, if you will. It is simply the beneficent substitution of republican methods for the government of a people that has never known anything but the dominance of rapacity and cruelty."

PRIVATE WORTHEN

GOES TO HIS HOME FROM THE HOSPITAL.

Private Waller Worthen of Company C, who has been confined in both the Lowell General and St. John's hospital came out of the latter institution today to be mustered out and received discharge certificate from Uncle Sam's militia. He went to his home at 27 Forrest street this noon to further recuperate. He is still weak and will be under medical care for some time to come. Private Worthen came with the "first batch" on the transport Bay State from Porto Rico. He is a son of Inspector George E. Worthen of the Lowell Water Works who himself is an old soldier and a crack shot with a rifle.

OFFICE TO LET—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

SHAFTER SPEAKS

Not a Mistake Made in Santiago Campaign.

THE BEST MEN WERE VICTORIOUS.

"We Kept the Enemy Busy" He Says.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 21.—Major General Shafter was given a public reception by the citizens of San Francisco last evening at the Palace Hotel. The affair was under the auspices of a company of 100 citizens headed by Major Phelan. The general shook hands with thousands of citizens. In his address the general said:

"The campaign of Santiago had been criticised but heretofore I have said little about it. Now that I am at home and among friends I have no hesitation in saying that not a mistake or a blunder was made in the campaign. If you want to hurt anybody, you have got to get up near enough so they can hurt you. (cheer.) It was a fight between men and the victory went to the best soldiers and best marksmen. We kept the enemy so busy they had no time to attack our flanks."

He said that the part of the army was done, and he had no fears that the people could not successfully cope with the new responsibilities thrust upon them. The war was a great blessing and the outlook was bright for long continued peace.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WALL STREET—Noon — Confident buying of the Vanderbilt stocks, combined with purchases by London of about 50,000 shares, turned the current of prices again strongly upward. The publication of the bank statement, showing an increase in cash of almost $10,000,000 was another great bull card and caused extreme covering by the shorts. Heaviness was notable in a few stocks, notably Manhattan and People's Gas. In the final dealings heavy realizations caused some irregularity and the market closed with a generally strong tone. There were handsome advances in the Vanderbilt's Union Pacific and Atchison, but very moderate rises in the Grangers and other railways. Sales 762,927 shares.

SCHOOLS CLOSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WILTON, N. H., Jan. 21.—The public schools here have been closed on account of sickness among the children.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK, will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office arcade.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

CHALIFOUX'S MAJESTIC

Reduction Sale draws people from near and far

Every department of the store has some extraordinary specials. All that have taken advantage of this January clearance sale are satisfied with their savings.

The proof of the pudding is in the eating. If you will compare and investigate the various offerings elsewhere you will quickly find everything exactly as above stated.

Below we mention a few of our special offerings:

Men's Pants.

79c., worth $1.50 for dressy looking black worsted pants.

$1.39, worth $2 and $2.50 for several styles of strictly All Wool Extra Heavy Cheviot Pants in different seasonable shades.

$1.49, worth $2.50 and $3 Your choice of 500 pairs in fancy worsted Pants, winter weight in plaids, stripes and small checks, in stylish dark shades, thoroughly well made. Guaranteed to fit perfectly.

Winter Overcoats.

$2.98 for Black Overcoats, worth $5.

$3.49; worth $6 for Blue or Black Melton Overcoats.

$4.95, marked down from $8 for handsome dark drab Kersey Overcoats.

$12.95, marked down from $20 Fine Olive Brown Kersey Overcoats, very dressy.

Children's Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar.

Men's Ulsters at cut prices.

Children's and Boys' Reefers at cut prices.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
Central and Middle Streets.

BOSTON'S HARBOR

Appropriation Bill Carries $55,940 for It.

MYSTIC AND MALDEN GOT $55,000

And Also $150,000 for Cape Ann.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The river and harbor bill was completed last night.

The appropriations above $50,000 for harbors, including the contract amount in each case under contract being in addition to the amount allowed for the ensuing year:

Maine—Cape Porpoise, $70,000 and continuing contract for $55,000.

Massachusetts—Boston Harbor, President Roads to Broad Sound $75,000 and continuing contracts, $151,940; Sandy Bay, Cape Ann harbor of refuge, $150,000; Mystic and Malden rivers, $55,000.

Connecticut—Bridgeport Harbor, $50,000; continuing contract, $288,327; New Haven Harbor, $50,000; continuing contract, $29,000.

New York—New York Harbor, for 35-foot channel, $1,100,000; continuing contract, $3,510,000; Buffalo Harbor, $125,000; continuing contract, $348,113; Hudson River, $100,000; Larchmont Harbor, $50,000.

Pennsylvania—Erie Harbor, $125,000; Pittsburg Harbor, $110,002; Delaware River, from Trenton to its mouth, $300,000.

Maryland—Patapsco River and channel to Baltimore, $300,000.

Washington, D. C.—Potomac River, $50,000.

Virginia—James River, $150,000.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

ARE PREVALENT AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILFORD, N. H., Jan. 21.—Owing to the prevalence of contagious diseases among children here, the board of health has issued an order closing the public school, Sunday schools and public library for a period of at least four weeks, and all children under 15 years of age are prohibited for that length of time from attending church or other public gatherings of any kind. This action was taken after consultation with Dr. Watson of Concord, who advised the step. Scarlet fever is the illness from which the children are suffering most severely. Nineteen cases already have been reported and many others which have shown serious symptoms are under the eyes of the physicians. These have not yet developed into virulent form, but necessitate the separation of the patients and those caring for them. One death occurred this forenoon and several other cases are serious.

IMPORTANT NEWPORT RENTALS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 21.—Two important rentals of summer cottages for next season were announced today—the Glover Villa on Beacon Hill Road, known as "Belvilr," to William K. Vanderbilt Jr., and Pinard Cottage No. 2, to Senator-elect Chauncey M. Depew of New York. Mr. Depew has occupied this cottage for two seasons past. Last year the Glover Villa was occupied by J. Edward Addicks now the Republican candidate for United States senator in Delaware.

STEAMER NEW YORK DISABLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOUTHAMPTON, Jan. 21—The American line steamer New York, Captain Passow from New York, for this port, was docked at 1.30 p. m. today here. She was delayed in her arrival owing to the disabling of her intermediate cylinder of the starboard engine, which occurred on January 14. From that time on, she used her port engine. The weather was fine throughout the passage. The steamer will be repaired here.

SUITS THAT WILL WEAR.

'Till you'll wonder if they're not partly made of iron. Best values for the money. Reduced prices to clean up season's stock.

LOUIS ALEXANDER

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,
IMPORTER AND TAILOR,
65 CENTRAL STREET.
PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

"A Rice Pudding"

A comedy given by local amateurs for the benefit of St. John's Hospital,

HIGHLAND CLUB HALL,

Wednesday Night, Jan. 25, 1899.

Tickets 25 cents.

Notice. On and after Feb. 1, we will be located at No. 127 Central street; now is the time to buy crockery, glassware, &c., at reduced prices. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. Telephone 626-2

DR. LANDERS DEAD

Passed Away at St. John's Hospital

A VICTIM OF GRIP DEVELOPMENT.

His Death Came Wholly Unexpected.

Dr. Landers is dead.

In the early hours of this morning, Dr. Maurice J. Landers, the well known and popular young physician, passed away at St. John's hospital. Pneumonia was the cause of death and when he was removed to the hospital it was believed by the physicians that he would be completely recovered within a week, but as days passed by a severe case of pneumonia developed from the slight indisposition and at 5 o'clock this morning he expired after receiving the devoted attention of the good Sisters during the night and up to the time of his death. For several days, the doctor himself was of the firm belief that he would never recover but at no time did he appear to be alarmed and expressed his resignation to the will of the Almighty. Few young men in private life will be more widely mourned, for though but 25 years of age, his friends and admirers were legion as already he had established a lucrative practice and the reputation of being one of the most promising of Lowell's younger physicians.

He was born in this city and obtained his early education here. At an extremely early age he passed from the primary schools to the Bartlett grammar school and became a scholar of the late Principal Samuel Bement. The result of his energy at the Bartlett school was that upon graduation day, the late Principal Bement pointed out to the fellow students of the young man, a model to emulate and the ideal scholar of the school. Upon leaving the Bartlett school, the young man went to work in the Merrimack Mfg. Co., but when the vacation season came to a close he entered the Lowell High school and graduated from a four years' course. He was a Carney medical scholar. In 1890 he entered the Harvard Medical school and the first year he was awarded the scholarship and again in the fourth year upon his graduation from that institution he was again accorded the same honor, accompanied by a "cum laude" which is only conferred upon the graduates of the highest rank. The doctor was also possessed of the distinguished honor of being the only Lowell boy who obtained the scholarship at Harvard more than once. When he went into the medical world, he was unable to attend to the great practice he at once received and the result was that in a short time he was compelled to retire from practice being overworked. Again returning to his profession, he was besieged with patients and the strain upon him was made greater when he accepted positions as court physician of Court Merrimack, F. of A., and Prosperity Circle, C. of T. He was again compelled to retire after a short time and finally he broke down in health and never recovered. His remains were this morning removed to his home, 625 Broadway, by Undertaker O'Donnell. He leaves two younger brothers and one sister. The funeral will take place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MUSTERED OUT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FICHBURG, Mass., Jan. 21—The local companies, B. and D. of the Sixth Mass. Regiment were mustered out at their armory in this city, at 6 o'clock this morning. Lieut. Col. Newcomb, accompanied by the government paymaster, Major Doyon arrived at 5.45 and fifteen minutes later the work of mustering out the men was begun. It was completed in less than an hour.

As each man's name was called he stepped to the front, the lieutenant read his discharge and presented him with a parchment signed by the Chief Mustering Officer and the captain of the company. Only one man out of 100 was absent from Co. B., but five of 101 members of Co. D. were not present. These men are either in the hospital or confined to their homes by sickness.

LOWELL PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 21.—Harley J. Lowell, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, whose case was postponed in the local police court until this morning, pleaded not guilty and went back to jail in default of $1,200 bail, the same amount as first fixed.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables,
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

Putnam & Son

These Demand

And are worthy of your attention. Here is a stock of Collars unlike anything in Lowell; a class of goods that cannot be found in any other store at any price.

500 DOZENS

of high class Collars, in every leading style; made from an entirely new fibre; collars that cannot be distinguished from 25 cent goods, and which we guarantee to wear as well; some say better—beautifully laundered. These are in every respect the most attractive collars we know about.

9 cents each; 6 for 50 cents.
CUFFS, 15 cents a pair.

Have You Seen the Shirts?

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' SHIRTS,

linen bosoms, finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 29 and 31 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' WAMSUTTA SHIRTS,

finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 44 and 47 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' FANCY TRIMMED NIGHT SHIRTS.

finished like dollar goods, are WONDERS for 31 and 33 cents.

These are but a few of the great lots of Shirts and Night Shirts that we're literally "running out" by dozens.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

THE MAYOTTE CASE.

(Continued.)

ing the night and made no complaint about sickness. Sunday morning Keeper McQuade asked him how he was getting along and he replied that he was feeling rather shaky and asked for whiskey. Keeper McQuade gave it to him and asked if he was hungry. Mayotte replied negatively, but Keeper McQuade sent over to the Lowell Inn for food, thinking that the man might eat if it was placed before him. Mr. Hoban of the Lowell Inn came himself with a basket of substantial food, which Mayotte ate with apparent relish. This fact went to show that Mayotte's case was not an extreme one.

"Sunday noon Keeper McQuade told Keeper Libby, whose work began at that time, that he had given Mayotte whiskey in the morning and if necessary to repeat the dose in the afternoon. Mayotte slept well Sunday night and did not ask for more liquor. On Monday morning he was somewhat shaky, but his case was apparently no more severe than hundreds of others that we come into contact with and who come out all right. Had he asked for a doctor we would at once have sent for the city physician and had he asked for whiskey, it would not have been denied him. He expressed some hesitancy about going into the crowded court room and asked to remain down stairs until most of the people had gone. The request was granted, of course. When he appeared in the court and Clerk Savage had read the complaint, Mayotte was as rational as you or I, and denied all knowledge of the disposal of a sewing machine which was included in the complaint. He, to all appearances, was progressing satisfactorily.

"I have read in the papers a criticism of the police department for allowing the man to leave the station and suffer exposure to the cold. But when he was found by the officers and arrested, he was wandering about, apparently homeless, and suffering much more than what was involved in the trip to the jail. We used him as we would an ordinary prisoner; had anybody volunteered to pay for a hack to carry him to the jail we would have been glad to accommodate the prisoner in that way.

"Mayotte took a fit in the patrol wagon and that was the first indication of the seriousness of his condition. The incident was mentioned by Keeper Libby to the keeper at the jail with the additional information that Mayotte was in a pretty bad way.

"Keeper Libby, as I have said before, first knew of the actual condition of Mayotte when the latter had the fit in the wagon, but it was then too late to do anything in the way of medical attendance, as the man had been committed to jail by an order of the court."

And the matter now comes down to whether or not the responsibility lies at the jail, which it most certainly does.

Keeper Libby, the soul of honor, informed the keeper at the jail that Mayotte had had a fit and was in a bad way. Sheriff Cushing never knew that Mayotte was in a bad way, for as he stated to a reporter had he realized the seriousness of Mayotte's condition he would have had attendants with him and summoned a physician. The keeper at the jail, therefore, could not have notified Sheriff Cushing of the condition of the prisoner. If he did not, why didn't he? Has Sheriff Cushing any rule at the jail regarding reports as to the condition of prisoners? If he hasn't, why hasn't he? If he has, why aren't they enforced? These are the questions that the public would like explained.

Medical Examiner Irish has made a statement of his connection with the case as follows:

"When Mayotte's history for three months previous to his arrest and his appearance in the police court on Monday are taken into consideration, there can be but one conclusion as to the nature of his death. In a case of this kind, it is perhaps best to explain the duties of a medical examiner. The first inquiry as an officer of the state that I make when called to examine a dead body is whether or not the state has lost the subject at the hand of some one else or whether death is due to a sin of omission, and then again there are sins that are due to a sin of commission. In other words the medical examiner investigates the criminal liability of the case. If he is convinced that the person has died of natural causes, his responsibility, so far as the demand of the state is concerned, ends there.

"Mr. Mayotte died through a natural cause—delirium tremens. None of the wounds, in my judgment were sufficient to cause death. There was nothing to indicate that he had received a hidden fracture of the skull. The man had a disease and that disease was delirium tremens and as his death, in my judgment resulted from that, no one could be held criminally liable. That is why I signed the return, as in other cases, simply 'delirium tremens.'

"In cases of this kind, convulsions are not at all uncommon and in two or three instances, I have known men to die on the spot. Mayotte evidently had an attack of convulsions and fell on the floor, sustaining the bruises I found.

"If there is any doubt as to the real cause of death, however, I am perfectly willing to conduct an autopsy in company with other physicians if that is the desire of the authorities. Thus far, in view of all the circumstances my judgment is that the man died from natural causes."

Medical Examiner Irish appears to believe that the public are of the opinion that Mayotte died of some cause other than delirium tremens. No autopsy is needed to convince the public that his death was due to neglect while suffering from delirium tremens. The latter disease was the cause of death undoubtedly but the disease was not necessarily fatal and had the patient been properly cared for he would have recovered. That is the public conviction in the matter and undoubtedly the medical examiner will agree that it is a sound one.

But even assuming that the jail officials are entirely innocent of any neglect, the system of running the jail is rotten and should be changed immediately.

It is admitted by the jail authorities that when the lights go out early in the evening the keepers or attendants cease to go their rounds and night watchmen are unknown. Sheriff Cushing speaks of a megaphone arrangement by which the keepers can hear any noises in the cell corridors. According to the statements of men who have occupied neighboring cells on that awful night, poor Mayotte kept everyone awake with his noise but the hard-working, light conscienced keepers, and the megaphone arrangements failed to transmit the sounds to them. But even if the megaphone was in good working order, it is of no use, except when noises are made and only one man in a thousand makes outcries when dying. A man could hang himself in his cell noiselessly even in Sheriff Cushing's model establishment; they've done it elsewhere and will probably do it again. A prisoner escaping from jail was never known to do any extended cheering while making his escape. It is the general opinion that a night watchman should be appointed to do the rounds of the jail even though to pay him, it be necessary to cut slightly the salaries of the sheriff and some of his deputies and to bring this about the public wants an investigation of the death of Charles W. Mayotte.

WHO SHALL INVESTIGATE?

The agitation for an investigation brings up the question as to what body shall preside over the investigation if such is held. The petitions being circulated are addressed to the county commissioners but many are of the opinion that the county commissioneds have no authority to hold an investigation. A lawyer informed the writer that while the county commissioners decided upon the appropriations of the jail, etc., he did not believe they could inquire into or change the system in vogue at the jail. The sheriff he said, occupies an autocratic position and appears responsible to no one. The matter in his opinion, must come up in the legislature before the committee on prisons. But another lawyer, when seen, expressed his belief that the county commissioners were the proper parties to conduct the investigation as they make the appropriations and as the jail is a county institution. The sheriff is responsible to them, says the lawyer.

Rep. Sparks of the committee on prisons, when seen by The Sun reporter last evening, said: "As the committee on prisons only organized this afternoon, I must confess I am not familiar with the duties of the committee. But nevertheless, I am at the service of my constituents and will aid them in any way possible. Mr. Mayotte's death was extremely sad. I am firmly convinced that all that could be done for him at the police station was done. The whole blame appears to me to rest with the system of night watching at the jail. I believe that night watchmen should make the rounds of the cells every half hour and report at intervals. If during the night, a prisoner is taken ill, the watchmen would know of the fact at once and attend the sufferer. The public institutions of Massachusetts are held up as models to the entire country and any system that would tend to lower the state's reputation in this respect should be investigated and remedied if found deficient.

Ex-Senator Foss this morning informed a reporter that he believed that the county commissioners were the proper authorities to seek for an investigation.

The case of Mr. Mayotte it is now remembered his is not the first sudden death that has occurred at that institution. About 4 years ago a young woman was arrested for drunkenness on a Saturday afternoon and in the police station on Sunday was taken ill as the result of her spree. She was brought around all right with ginger tea and in court on Monday was fined $5 in default of which she was sent to jail. At the latter institution she was given a bath and placed in a cell. That night she died.

MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP.
Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

GENERAL MILLER, Who Has Landed His Forces at Iloilo to Meet the Insurgents.

MILLER LANDED

Within Three Miles of Iloilo.

THE TROOPS TIRED OF TRANSPORTS

A Failure to Land Would Betokon Defeat.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—General Miller's expedition has landed on Guimaras island, three miles from Iloilo, without opposition, Gen. Otis cables from Manila.

Landing was necessary because of the crowded condition of the troops on the transports. Experience has proved that soldiers lose spirit and fighting qualities when confined long on board ship, so the department asked Gen. Otis to ascertain if it were possible for Gen. Miller to land his expedition near Iloilo. He cabled that it was, and was then instructed to order a landing.

It was deemed inadvisable to have this expedition return to Manila without having landed, as it was feared the natives of Luzon would think the Filipinos at Iloilo had repulsed the Americans.

The president's policy of pacification will be continued, and no attempt to land at Iloilo will be made at present. The island on which the men have landed is healthy and has an abundance of water.

FUNERALS.

HARRIMAN—The funeral of the late Albert O. Harriman took place this afternoon from 19 Arthur street, Rev. T. J. Sayers, pastor of the Blossom street church officiated. The interment was in the Edson cemetery.

NICKLESS—Mrs. Olive, widow of Asa Nickless of Carlisle, well known in Lowell and whose recent death was briefly mentioned in The Sun, was at the time of her death 73 years, 2 months and 24 days old. She was the widow of the late Edward and Olive Spaulding of Billerica. Her father was a leading citizen of Billerica and for many years a deacon of the First Baptist church of which she was also a valued member. The funeral services were held at the home of her son, Mr. A. P. Nickless, conducted by her pastor, Rev. T. P. Evans. He told of her love for the church, manifested in her constant attendance in all weathers, an inspiration to him. A marked characteristic was her "beautiful, sweet, wholesome disposition. She was loved by every body because she loved everybody." "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" "Looking This Way" and "Abide With Me," were sung by a quartette. She was buried in Green cemetery in the family lot with her husband and son Fred, a most estimable young man who died at the age of 21. It was just four weeks and four days since the decease of her youngest daughter, Clara, the wife of George Litchfield of Lexington. With her daughter Nellie she was staying with her son during the absence of his wife, who is in the pursuit of health in Florida, to whom this latest dispensation of Providence must come with an additional shock. A profusion of beautiful flowers was contributed as follows: Pillow with "Mother" Mr. A. P. Nickless and Sister; sealax wreath with "Grandma" Misses Grace and Susie Nickless; spray of mixed pinks and ribbon, Mr. George M. Litchfield; spray of pinks and roses, with "Sister" Mrs. Horace Wilson; wreaths of pinks and violets, G. E. and W. H. Simonds, nephews; sheaf of wheat, Mrs. Morton and daughter; a rose wreath from Mrs. A. D. Hoynton, Mrs. Nathan McEwan, Mrs. F. S. Bartlett and Mr. Gardner Wilson, nieces and nephew; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Gancello Leighton; bouquet of roses and callas, Charles Wilson and wife, Fred Davis and wife; sheaf of wheat, Mrs. Lilla Wilson; spray of white pinks, Mrs. Otis Byam and Mrs. Herbert Goodnow; spray of white hyacinths, Mr. M. Lee and son; spray of pink pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Hutchinson; white pinks and ferns from the members of the Winning Rebekah lodge; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Hartford. T. A. Green was funeral director.

MURPHY—The funeral of Mr. Thomas Murphy took place this morning at 9 o'clock from his late home in Walker street, and the remains were followed to the grave by a large concourse of the friends of the deceased. The cortege consisted of about 25 carriages. At St. Patrick's church a requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. M. J. Leonard and the musical program was in charge of E. A. Faulkner. Schmitt's requiem was sung by the choir and Mr. Faulkner and Miss Josephine Finn sustained the solos. Selections were rendered at the offertory and at the close of the mass as the remains were being borne from the church, the De Profundis was sung by the choir. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery and at the grave, burial rites were performed by Fr. Leonard. The bearers were: Mr. Jacob Quirbach, William Barry, Patrick Courtney, Thomas Higgins, John White and Martin Courtney.

DECISION AFFIRMED

IN THE CASE OF ARCHBISHOP IRELAND INVOLVING TITLE TO MUCH LAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the famous case of Archbishop Ireland, involving the title to 33,178 acres of land in Minnesota. He holds that under the first contract made with the St. Paul, Minnesota & Manitoba Railroad company, on July 17, 1880, Archbishop Ireland was not a purchaser, but under the second contract, made on March 30, 1883, he was a purchaser. Accordingly the lands covered by the first contract will not go to Archbishop Ireland while he will reserve those under the second.

KAUTZ AWAITING ORDERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Kautz in response to a query from Washington has stated that he can have the Philadelphia coaled and equipped for a voyage to Samoa by next Thursday.

"I suggested to the department," said the admiral, "the urgent need of going into drydock for repairing the ship's bottom, but they seem to think that this is not as important a matter as the Samoan business so I expect to be ordered from here to Apia as soon as we can get ready."

Albert E. O'Heir, the Merrimack Square furniture dealer starts tonight to attend the New York and Grand Rapids, Mich. furniture exhibitions.

A MAN ASSAULTED

At the Middlesex Factory in Marlboro

BECAUSE HE WOULDN'T QUIT WORK.

The Affair Has Injured the Strikers' Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MARLBORO, Jan. 20.—John Miller, a workman employed in Middlesex factory, was assaulted this evening shortly after 9 at the very portals of his home, 157 Church st.

The story of the assault, as told by Mr. Miller to the Globe correspondent, is that while returning from a visit, he was hailed by two men who were a short distance behind him on Warren street. He did not stop, however.

At the gate of his home he stopped and engaged in conversation with the men, who spoke pleasantly with him. They urged him to leave Middlesex factory stating that the union would pay him provided he joined and left working in the factory. They also told him that the strike would be over in a short time and he had better join them.

Mr. Miller, however, took exceptions to some of the statements and said he would remain in the factory.

Suddenly one of the men dealt him a blow in the mouth, felling him to the ground. Both of them began kicking him. Mr. Miller cried lustily for help and his assailants ran off.

William Wyman, who lives in a near by house, went to Miller's assistance, flourishing a revolver, and a number of stones were thrown at him.

Mr. Miller, although considerably shaken up, sustained no serious injury. He received a scalp wound from which he bled profusely and suffered the loss of several teeth.

One of the men by whom he was struck, he asserts, is known to him, but the other is a stranger.

Miller is 57 years old. He states that he has been threatened with injury before and has always carried a revolver, but to-night didn't have it with him.

STATE AID

THE OPERATION OF THE STATE AID LAW SEEMS UNFAIR.

The state aid office and its officials are occupying considerable attention locally of late but one seldom hears of the state aid law as it reads on the statute book. There appears to be something wrong with the law which governs the payment of state aid though as it only effects poor people, it is doubtful if the question of the justice of the law will ever be questioned before a body of lawmakers. T'was ever thus with the poor.

A Lowell woman in impoverished circumstances who has a son who has been in the navy for several years, wrote to her boy not long ago requesting him to send some money as she sorely needed it. Her boy was unable to send her much but wrote her to look up the matter of his state aid, he believing that having served in the war as a member of the navy, he was entitled to the $7 per month paid by the state to soldiers and sailors.

The woman immediately made inquiries at City Hall about the matter hoping that she might be successful in her search for that small aid. But she was doomed to be disappointed for she was informed that the state aid was paid only to soldiers and sailors who enlisted for the war and that her son, though he had served in Sampson's fleet during the trying times before Cuba he was not entitled to the state aid by reason of the fact that he had enlisted in the navy before the war. According to that, only those who enlisted after the war broke out and for the express purpose of fighting during the war are eligible to state aid while those who are in the service ready and broken in to fight for the flag at a moment's notice, are barred. Is such a law equitable?

PENSION CHANGES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of January 10th are announced:

Massachusetts—Original, Eugene M. Libbey, Lynn, $6; Maurice Herlihy, Charlestown, $12; Edward G. Eisenbrook, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, $8 to $12. Original widows, etc., Elizabeth L. Parker, Springfield, Mass. $8.

ICEMEN ARE NERVOUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GARDINER, Me., Jan. 21.—The icemen along the Kennebec river are showing some signs of nervousness. All are at work with the exception of the Great Falls company who have decided to wait patiently until they can open a field 15 inches thick. The others are grooving, laying out fields, and running in ice which varies from 10 to 12 inches in thickess, most of it not exceeding 11 1-2 inches.

COL. SEXTON ILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The condition of Col. Sexton to-day showed no change from yesterday. He is dangerously ill.

A Great Hit.

You will find this splendid cake of White Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package of Ivorine Washing Powder.

One of the Charms which makes Ivorine so universally popular with housekeepers is this Toilet Soap, which keeps the hands white, soft, and smooth.

Ivorine WASHING POWDER

supplies soap for every department of the house. Both soap and washing powder are the best that the skill and experience of half a century can produce.

The J. B. Williams Co., Glastonbury, Ct., Makers of Williams' Famous Shaving Soaps.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

Presented a Sword by the Royal Arcanum

OF WHICH HE IS A MEMBER.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland Among the Guests.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley of the cruiser Brooklyn was presented with a fine jeweled sword by his brother members of the Royal Arcanum last night at Carnegie Music hall in the presence of about 1000 persons.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland and a large number of officers from the navy yard was present. After receiving it with a graceful speech, the hero of the fight with Cervera buckled it to his side.

Then he shook hands with about 3000 men, women and children. The hall was crowded as far up as the top gallery at 8 o'clock when the 23rd regiment band opened the ceremonies with an overture of patriotic airs.

Rear Admiral Schley sat in a box directly opposite the platform with a large party of guests. The two-starred flag that told his rank was hung in the festoon of American flags from the box. The entire balustrade in front of both tiers of boxes and the lower balcony were hung with the flags. Rear Admiral Schley was in full uniform and stood when the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung.

After the overture he was escorted to the platform amid cheers. Grand regent Howard C. Wiggins of Rome, N. Y., chairman of the committee which has been preparing the testimonial, after a few introductory remarks introduced supreme regent Edson M. Schryver of Baltimore as presiding officer.

DEATHS.

FORD—Fannie L. Ford, aged 34 years, died yesterday at her late home, 159 Appleton street.

FOLSOM—William Folsom, aged 78 years, died last evening at his late home, 151 Shaw street. The deceased is survived by one son, Fred P. Folsom of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. William H. Johnson of Veedersburgh, Ind. The funeral will take place at the above mentioned residence Monday forenoon at 9.30 o'clock. Friends invited. No flowers, by request.

SHEA—Mrs. Catherine Shea, wife of Thomas Shea of 42 Summer street, died last night at her home. She leaves besides her husband, three sons and two daughters.

DAMBRICK—Mrs. Ann Dambrick, an old resident of the city, and parishioner of St. Patrick's church, died this morning at her home, 42 Common street. She had resided in the house in which she died for many years. Four children three daughters and a son survive her.

REDPATH CONCERT CO.

One of the best concert companies that has visited Lowell for years appeared at Odd Fellows' hall last night under the title of the Redpath Concert company, consisting of the following talent: Helen Buckley, soprano; Mary Louise Clary, contralto; Arthur Beresford, bass; William H. Rieger, tenor; Adolph Rosenbecker, violinist and Hugo Frey accompanist. It is no exaggeration to say that every member of the company is a star and every number on the program was a gem. The hall was well filled and those who attended enjoyed a rare musical treat. Miss Buckley is a sweet soprano of more than average power and execution. Miss Clary's contralto voice captured the audience from the start and her rendition of the "Lost Chord" was never excelled in this city. The tenor, Mr. W. H. Rieger, sang his several numbers with artistic skill and in good voice. It is seldom the fortune of a Lowell audience to listen to a tenor of Mr. Rieger's ability. The star of the evening was the bass, Mr. Arthur Beresford, whose singing was simply grand. We have never heard anything to equal him outside of the best grand opera companies. The power and richness of his voice is something marvelous, and we wonder that he is not at present singing with the Metropolitan Opera company in New York. Indeed they often pay high prices there to hear much poorer singing. The accompanist, Mr. Hugo Frey, was a relief to a Lowell audience, who of late years have been forced to submit to almost "any old thing" in the form of an accompanist. The accompanying of vocalists and instrumentalists has descended to mere blacksmithing in this city, but Mr. Frey showed that there is still some art in accompanying. Adolph Rosenbecker acquitted himself as was expected in true artistic style. He is a finished violinist and it is to be regretted that we do not hear more of such music in Lowell.

If the management were to bring the same concert company to Lowell again we predict that no local hall would be large enough to accommodate the audience. To describe the several solos and concerted pieces would require more space than we have at our command; it is sufficient to say that from the beginning to the end the numbers were simply faultless.

INTER-COLLEGIATE RACE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 21.—William F. Booth and Harris Reynolds chairman and secretary, respectively of the old regatta committee of this city, went to New York today to hold a conference with Passenger Agent Lambert of the West Shore Railway and representatives of Cornell, Pennsylvania and Columbia universities about holding the boat race between these colleges on the Poughkeepsie course next summer.

A VIOLENT STORM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—There was a violent storm throughout England last night, accompanied by serious floods in Wales. The river Tewy, in South Wales, overflowed, a bridge was destroyed and many cattle were drowned. The channel service was suspended and the continental mails have not arrived here.

MUSIC HALL.

There was a good attendance at this house last evening to witness this great comedy melodrama, the "Sleeping City," and the performance given under the direction of A. Q. Scammon by a company of artists carefully selected by him with reference to their respective parts, was first class in every respect. The story of the piece, while it lacks novelty is still very interesting, possessing as it does many thrilling situations as well as a full share of first class comedy scenes.

The piece is finely staged, the first scene being Battery Park, New York, while in the second act the exterior of Sing Sing prison was given where the hero makes his escape from the wall around the same by jumping on a moving train. It was a very realistic scene but no more so than in the next act when the insane asylum was burned. In this act, for a time, comedy had full sway and the house was in a roar of laughter. The last act gave the East River den where after some very clever work the villain was denounced and trapped.

Rogers Barker as "Jack Morton" the hero, had a difficult part which he rendered in a very clever manner, Lester A. Davis as his brother, "Lu Morton" had a part which he managed to the satisfaction of all. George Wharnock as "Chas. Creston" the villain, was forcible and strong throughout. Mark S. Hogan, as Creston's tool, did a good bit of character work, as did William Mitchell, as "Felix Pinkewinkle," the German. Florence Courtney gave a very finished performance in the role of Ethel Braintree, the heroine of the piece and was ably assisted by Belle Gold in the part of Maggie Riley. The Widow Riley, with a good honest heart, could not have a better representative than she did in clever Maggie LeClair who was the life and wit of the piece as this interesting Irish widow. Following her in the same line and equally as clever, was James F. Casey as Michael Mulcahy. Madge Olinger, as Creston's sister, sustained her part in a creditable manner and the minor roles were acceptably filled. Several specialties were introduced. Lester A. Davis and Belle Gold gave a song and dance turn that was well received as was the yodling of William Mitchell. Harry F. Winsman scored a hit in song, imitations and whistling, and Belle Gold rendered in good voice and in a descriptive manner, two songs entitled "She Was Happy Till She Met You," ad "Nora."

The piece will be presented this afternoon and evening and is worthy of large patronage.

Scribner's Columbian Burlesquers will open a three-night's engagement, Monday, Jan. 23, at New Music hall, with usual Wednesday matinee.

STUCK BY ELECTRIC.

JAMES GRAHAM PROBABLY FATALLY HURT ON DORCHESTER AVENUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—James Graham of 14 Olive street Dorchester while crossing Dorchester avenue near Washington avenue at 7 o'clock last evening, was struck by a Dorchester electric car and received injuries that will probably result in his death. His right arm was badly broken several ribs were fractured and he received other internal injuries. He was taken to the City hospital and at midnight was in a critical condition.

TEWKSBURY

The Tewksbury Social and Dramatic club gave their first entertainment last evening before a large audience which manifested approval and pleasure at the efforts of the entertainers.

The farce, "A Family Flurry," was given, introducing Messrs. Castor, Blaisdell, Kerney and Misses Parson's Seaver and Haines.

Recitations were given by the young ladies and an Irish sketch by Messrs. Neal, and Kenney.

It is the intention of the club to entertain every two weeks during the winter.

CHEAP BAKING POWDERS DID IT.

In one of the large female seminaries in Georgia there recently occurred an epidemic which affected the students in a peculiar and in some cases most serious manner. An investigation by the local physician showed that quantities of a cheap alum baking powder were being used in the baking. He immediately ordered that the use of this brand of powder be discontinued and a pure cream of tartar powder substituted. The change was attended by excellent results. The patients rapidly improved and the peculiar affliction disappeared. The physician, one of the most eminent in the south, asserts that thousands of acute stomach troubles are directly caused by the daily use of these vile cheap alum powders.—Southern Medical Times.

MAN'S LEG FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHATHAM, Mass., Jan. 21.—The foot and lower leg bone of a man, covered with a gray stocking, and a shoe, has been picked up by Patrolman Harding of the Chatham life saving station. The fragment was found on the south beach not far from the station. It probably will be buried under the direction of the town authorities.

Grip Suggestions

When you have an attack of the Grip—that shivering, chilly sensation and pains in the back, vertigo, severe headache, aches in the muscles and joints and weakness or prostration—the first and best thing to do is to get yourself warm, taking a dose of Hood's Pills to open the bowels, and then keep comfortable till the illness is past.

After the grip, scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid and other blood poisoning diseases, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will expel every trace of poison from the blood, sharpen your appetite, and tone you up.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Have seen the

Jacob Doll ELECTRIC PIANO

—AT—

216 Merrimack St.?

IT IS A FACT

That we are now selling

PHOTO FRAMES

AT COST.

Call and see for yourself.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

CAPTAIN GREIG of Co. C, Sixth Regiment.

THE MUSTER OUT

The Last Day's Services as Volunteers.

LIEUT. NEWCOMB MUSTERING OUT OFFICER

Company C's Banquet Last Night.

Today, after a service lasting a little more than eight months ,the Sixth Massachusetts ended its career as a United States regiment mustered into service in the war with Spain. The large number of recruits that joined the regiment while it was stationed at Framingham, from May 6 until May 20, and at Camp Alger from May 22 until July 6, interfered with an early development of a regimental spirit. That was the uncertain beginning and the unfortunate trouble that culminated at Ponce about the first of August made the very embarrassing circumstances of the second stage of the history of the Sixth during the war. The third stage which began on August 8 with the assumption of command by Colonel Edward Rice and Lieut. Colonel Butler Ames and which finally closed today, has been one constant enthusiastic display of the excellence of discipline and zeal of service that make the good soldier.

During the march across Porto Rico beginning early in August and ending in the middle of October, the regiment improved to a degree that must have reminded Colonel Rice of his former comrades, the Nineteenth Massachusetts, which Gen. Miles has said was the best regiment in the army of the Potomac. So far as the courage of the Sixth goes, that fight on the Yauco road showed a sterling, reliable quality. Discipline was lacking most of all, but the regiment that left Arecibo for home on October 21 was decorated with the praise of so severe a critic as General Henry. The good conduct of the boys of the Sixth during the period of furlough is also worthy of commendation.

This forenoon about 9.30 o'clock, Company C boys under command of Capt. Greig were the first to assemble for muster. The mustering-out officer was Lieut. Newcomb, who was accompanied by Paymaster Doyon. Both officers left Fitchburg this morning, where was mustered Companies B and D of the Sixth. After mustering out Company C, Capt. Fairweather's command, Company G assembled in line for the concluding exercises with the United States militia.

Both companies were paid off in the officers' room from Oct. 31, 1898, to Jan. 21, 1899 inclusive an dcach member received a certificate of discharge suitable for framing. Paymaster Doyon started for Boston with Lieut. Newcomb to assist in the mustering out of the Hub company of the Sixth. A special paymaster went to Framingham and Southbridge. The entire Sixth will be mustered out of service to-night.

Announcements were made by both Captains Greig and Fairweather that an invitation had been extended to Lowell soldiers to attend a Royal Arcanumite "Smoke Talk" the first Thursday in February in Odd Fellows' hall. Col. Wisner of the Frankfort, Ky., arsenal will deliver an address.

Capt. Fairweather stated to his command that Joseph Ferrole Albane, the Porto Rican lad who accompanied Private Eugene Young from his Cuban home to Lowell is unable to obtain employment, and as he is unwell, a movement is being inaugurated to have him sent home on Thursday next.

Subscriptions will be received from any source, no matter how small and can be forwarded to Capt. Fairweather.

The other Porto Rican is also unable to obtain employment. He informed a Sun reporter at the armory that he liked Lowell very much but if he cannot obtain work, he too, will have to return to San Juan.

Both companies of the Sixth regiment were photographed in groups after the muster out by Oliver Barnes.

Great credit is due to Armorer Charles Carr for the clean manner in which he has left the armory. When Company M rendezvoused at the armory a detail of "police" from that command performed that office. Both Captains Greig and Fairweather in person thanked Armorer Carr for his many kind offices to the Lowell boys of the Sixth.

The members of Company C, Sixth regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, regaled themselves most royally at the Rockingham Hotel last evening, it being the scene of a grand jollification and grand "round-up" prior to the mustering out exercises of today.

All regard of rank and military formality were shifted to the winds and men and officers assembled around the festive board like the military brothers that they are. There were no invited guests with the exception of the genial and whole-souled Bill Decatur of Westford and the diminutive chanticleer, "Billy Phalanx," the idol of the company and who went through the campaign with the soldier boys in Captain Greig's command. It will be remembered that this bantam rooster was presented to the company by Mr. Decatur at Camp Dewey and saw service at Camp Alger and Porto Rico. The popular bird was also present and occupied a position of honor on the ice tank, because he is a veritable "la-la cooler." He seemed to realize the fact that he was with old comrades and that he was one of the heroes of the late war.

The dining room was decorated for the occasion with numerous American flags. One of the Rockingham's finest spreads was set before the boys and 95 noses were counted when all were seated at 8.15. The menu was an elaborate one and required about an hour for proper digestion.

Capt. Greig opened the post-prandial exercises by stating that the men had been gathered together with a view of strengthening the bonds of friendship that had been established during their service in Uncle Sam's army, as it would probably be a long time before they would ever assemble together in a social way again. He hoped that everybody would enter into the spirit of the occasion and make it one of which they would retain the pleasantest memories in the future. Lieutenants Livingston and Costello spoke in a similar strain.

There was also an excellent musical program which embraced selections by a quartet consisting of Capt. Alex. Greig, James N. Greig, Private Desmarais and John Moir; duet by Captain Greig and Mr. Moir; solos by Privates O'Hearn, Desmarais and others. It was about midnight when the festivities terminated.

The Ambulance Corps held its weekly meeting at the armory last evening, and voted to take possession of the quarters vacated by Co. D last spring just as soon as it is ready for occupancy. At the present time the rooms contain the equipment of Captain Garity's provisional company and the captain is awaiting orders to turn the property over to the state. It will then require an order from Adjutant-General Dalton to Armorer Carr before the Ambulance Corps can take possession. Owing to the enforced absence of Lieutenant Bell there was no lecture last night.

The following is in answer to a letter to General Miles, tendering him the good offices of the Volunteer Aid association in the line of furnishing information that might be valuable to him in the pending "embalmed beef" investigation, so-called:

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 133, 1899.
Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, Lowell, Mass.:

My Dear Madam:—Your very kind letter of December 26th was duly received and I thank you for the same.

I would be very glad to have any information in the shape of statements or affidavits of persons who have knowledge concerning the so-called canned roast beef or refrigerated beef issued to the army during the war, the character and condition of the same, and the effect of its use upon the health of the troops. This information is desired in the interest of the truth and to protect the welfare and honor of the soldiers.

Very respectfully yours,
Nelson A. Miles.

Upon the receipt of Gen. Miles' letter of Jan. 13, the association failing to understand clearly just how to proceed, again communicated with Gen. Miles for information as to what method of procedure to adopt.

Gen. Miles received the second letter at about the time of the issuance of the order for a court martial in the case of Gen. Eagan and being too busy to reply personally, he instructed Brigadier General Gilmore to make the following answer which was received yesterday afternoon:

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 17, 1899.
Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association:

General Miles has your very kind letter of a recent date and being very much pressed with official business desires me to reply and say to you that he appreciates your interest in the matter under discussion and would be much indebted to you if you would have prepared the affidavits referred to either in the form of a signed general statement or each one separate at your earliest convenience.

Very respectfully,
—J. V. Gilmore, Brig. Gen.

Immediately upon receipt of this information it was decided to procure the services of an attorney who will at once draft a general statement setting forth the information that is required and every local officer and man of the Lowell companies of the Sixth Massachusetts regiment of volunteers will be given an opportunity to sign the statement under oath.

The captains of the local militia companies have been asked to actively assist in their work which will begin at once and will be prosecuted with vigor.

A PRIVATE ON EMBALMED BEEF.

The following is from a private in the Sixth regiment to a Sun reporter:

"Now, as we are mustered out, a fellow can speak his mind without fear and while so many officers are saying so much about embalmed beef, a word from the privates will not hurt the matter any. My opinion of it is that is was the rottenest stuff that was ever put out for anybody to eat. It was the cause of the little dog Dewey, the company's mascot, dying on the Yale of starvation, as he refused to eat it. I have seen starving mongrel dogs in Porto Rico, when we would put some down to them to eat, sniff at it and turn away, refusing to eat it. When dumb brutes will not eat it, how can they expect even starving soldiers to do so. If a fellow has anything to say about his officers he can now say it without people saying he is looking for favors or of being afraid of court martial or the guard house. I can say without fear of contradiction that Capt. Wm. Fairweather and Lieuts. Howard and Hunton of Company G were the most gentlemanly set of officers in the whole volunteer army and were well liked not only by those under them but by all they came in contact with."

Chairman D. E. Salmon of the committee on army legislation of the American Veterinary Medical association has written to veterinary doctors in this vicinity asking them to co-operate in the endeavor to have veterinary surgeons in the United States army receive the rank of second lieutenant.

CAPTAIN FAIRWEATHER of Co. G, Sixth Regiment.

EIGHT HOURS

WILL CONSTITUTE A DAY'S WORK IN THE COAL MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 21.—The Post this morning says: Eight hours' work for one day shall be the rule in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois during the next year beginning April 1, 1899. This was agreed to after last midnight by the sub scale committee of operators and miners who are to dispose of the wage question for the next year. This conclusion was arrived at after the members of the committee had receded from their position of demanding a reduction of 10 cents in the rate of mining.

HEARTY WELCOME

American-Irish Society Received by Roosevelt

AND ENTERTAINED AT A LUNCHEON.

Several Lowell Men in the Party.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Gov. Theodore Roosevelt could not come to the dinner of the American Irish Historical society last night, but he gave a reception and luncheon to the members of the society at 4 o'clock this afternoon at his sister's residence, 689 Madison avenue.

About 50 members of the society attended the reception, including Vice Pres. Gen. John D. Crimmins, State Vice President Gen. O'Beirne; James Jeffrey Roche, Boston; Joseph Smith, Lowell; Rev. Frs. McCoy of Chicopee and Smith of Springfield; Thomas B. Lawler of Worcester, Police Commissioner James H. Fogarty of New Haven, Judge Donahoe of Albany, Dr. D. B. Lowell of Worcester, Peter Dunn, author of "Mr. Dooley in Peace and War;" Dr. Thomas J. Dillon of Boston, John E. Fitzgerald of New York, Capt. O'Meagher Condon of New York, Joseph I. C. Clark, editor of the Criterion and the following from Lowell: Joseph Smith, Charles F. Coburn, Dr. T. F. Harrington, James Heery, Michael J. Dowd, Humphrey O'Sullivan, Patrick Gilbride, Owen J. Carney, John Callaghen, Thomas J. Boyle, Elias A. McQuade.

The members met at Hotel Savoy at 3 p. m., and three quarters of an hour later were on their way to Governor Roosevelt's, a few blocks away.

The governor assisted by Mrs. Cowles received the callers in the parlor. Gen. O'Beirne was the first to shake hands with Mr. Roosevelt. Mr. Crimmins followed and then as the members passed, Gen. O'Beirne and Mr. Crimmins introduced them by name. The new president, Thomas J. Gargan of Boston was prevented by illness from attending but sent his regrets.

As Governor Roosevelt recognized an old friend or acquaintance among those who called to shake hands, he would have something pleasant to say.

"You dear old fellow, Dooley; you're all wool and a yard wide. How's your friend, Mr. Hennessey?" was his salutation to Peter Dunn. Then followed a number of witticisms which showed that the governor was well acquainted with Mr. Dunn's famous characters.

When the last guest had shaken hands Governor Roosevelt invited the newspaper men to shake hands. Mrs. Cowles, his charming and accomplished sister, withdrew and the governor addressed the members of the society. He said he regretted his inability to be present at last night's banquet. He was glad to be a member of the American-Irish Historical society. He wanted all the races and nationalities represented to glory in the deeds of their ancestors. He believed that the society had a great mission.

"One of the two best captains in the regiment which I had the honor to command during the late war," said the governor, "was Bucky O'Neil, the son of a brave Irish soldier of Meagher's Irish Brigade."

He recalled that of the four revolutionary generals furnished by the state of New York, Johnson, Sullivan and Dougan were Irish while Schuyler was Dutch. Stonewall Jackson, the paladin of the confederacy met his only defeat at the hands of that brilliant Irish-American soldier, Gen. Shields.

In closing, Governor Roosevelt said: "And while we glory in the heroic deeds of our warrior races and nationalities we are nevertheless Americans always."

This sentiment was applauded heartily. The governor said he would be glad to meet at any time in Albany any members of the society. He then invited them to partake of the luncheon that had been prepared for them.

From the governor's the members went to Mr. Crimmins' palatial residence where an hour or more was spent in looking over Mr. Crimmins' valuable collection of Irish manuscripts.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

The picturesque campaign of the 6th Massachusetts regiment in Porto Rico is brought before the public once more in the mustering out of the regiment which occurs on Saturday of this week. The 6th regiment was fortunate in going to the front under the immediate command of General Miles, who personally conducted the tour. The result was the 6th returned home as returning troops should come, somewhat dilapidated in apparel, but strong and rugged in physique. The story of the campaign will be made the special feature of The Boston Sunday Herold of January 22. The story of the regiment will be written by Frank T. Pope, the Boston Herald correspondent, who accompanied the regiment to the front. Graphic illustrations will add to the interest of the text and help to show the friends at home the life the boys led at the front. Place your orders for next Sunday's Herald quite early so that you may be sure of getting a copy.

CITY HALL NOTES.

On Monday morning Mayor Crowley, Supt. Doherty, Architect Gardner, and a representative of the Locks and Canals Company will go to Boston to confer with the Boston & Maine authorities in regard to the re-building of Huntington hall. After the conference an idea can be had when work will begin on the building.

POLICE COURT.

The principal business for Judge Pickman in police court today was the disposing of drunks.

Four were each fined $1; three were released and one placed on probation.

Hugh F. McDonald was fined $5 and Peter J. Langan was sentenced to four months in jail.

The continued case of Ed. Leblen for non-support of wife, was further continued until Saturday next.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, impart strength and vigor.

THOMAS F SHEEHAN, General Manager Wentworth Club Ball.

EDWARD F. MARTIN, Floor Director Wentworth Club Ball.

WENTWORTH CLUB

Held Its Second Assembly Last Night.

ASSOCIATE HALL THE SCENE.

A Large and Joyous Assembly Present.

The second grand assembly of the popular Wentworth club was held last night in Associate hall and about 700 young couples attended. Although there was no concert, the festivities were not begun until about 8.30 o'clock when Hibbard's orchestra under the direction of the genial Joe, struck up the music for a beautiful waltz. The floor was soon thronged with happy dancers who remained throughout the evening. Even the midnight bells saw the party dancing as gayly as in the opening number. The club is congratulating itself upon the great success of the affair. Particularly noticeable was the number of fancy dances on the program of 20 numbers. Prominent among the engagements were the schottische, redowa and Newport which are always greatly enjoyed by the more advanced dancers. When the tenth number was danced an intermission of 15 minutes was taken. The "Good Night and Thanks to All" was danced in the early morning. The officers of the dance were:

General manager, Thomas F. Sheehan; assistant, George P. Rousseau; floor director, Edward F. Martin; assistant, Jeremiah A. Daly; chief aid, Thomas P. Ledwidge; aids, J. Gilley, E. Saunders, J. O'Brien, J. Sullivan, M. Hansbury.

Reception committee—Samuel Seymour, chairman; J. Edwards, Sec'y; J. Flemings, Treas.; E. Conners, F. Laflamme, A. Smith, A. Burns, J. Crowe, J. McDonald, P. Derry.

Every time a man's thinking tank gets weary he should place a little of Dow's Menthol Cream in the nostrils. Note the prompt recuperation. Makes a clear head.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, } ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.
{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies suited for the sick room

Laziness is a Disease of the Liver and Stomach. When a man is "out of sorts," indolent and don't feel like working, he needs a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to liven up his digestive organs and to stimulate his liver and kidneys. It will also put new vigor and vitality in his blood. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

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W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

KNOWN WORTH.
By the result shall be known. Medicine is no good unless it cures. It's all good if it cures. For cold in the head, rose cold and nasal affections get
DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM.
and cancel the "if." Dows' cures. Always cures, and does nothing but cure. Can't help but cure because it's got the cure in it. That's the secret.
10cts. tube; 25cts. box. All druggists.
A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,035 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

GUARANTY OF SATISFACTION.
By employing the best teachers that money will hire for business and shorthand instructors, the merit system of giving the best tuition or no pay prevails—day and evening—at the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Next Wednesday We take account of stock and from now until then, all the small lots, and odds and ends in Men's and Boy's Clothing, Furnishing Goods of all kinds, and Hats and Caps, will be cleaned up at little bits of prices.
No trash nor worthless out-of-date and shop worn goods
in any of our departments, such as some unscrupulous dealers are offering every day as bargains. We don't permit such goods to enter our store, but only bright, fresh, new, reliable merchandise, the sorts we sell.
Men's High Grade "Odd" Suits, were $10, $12 and $13.50, $3.97.
Boys' $3, $3.50 and $4 "Odd" Knee Pant Suits, to wind up at $1.25.
Fine Frieze Overcoats, several lots grouped together which makes a good line of sizes, to close at at $4 50. Sold all along at $8, 9 and $10.
Lots of Fine Underwear, Sweaters, Gloves and Mittens, Winter Caps; all selling at little bits of prices.
Be on hand early and secure some of the best plums.
Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.
72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

PERFECT SHOES
TRI-ON-FA LADIES' SHOE
HANDSOME COMFORTABLE WELL MADE ....as any.
Price, $2.50

FOOTNOTE.—Tri-on-fa cork insoles are used in every pair, making the shoes flexible and waterproof. They are a new and great invention.
Shoe Book Free.
Sold only at the
SUNLIGHT Shoe Store
100 Central Street.
W. S. CRADY.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House. COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 132 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOST—A purse containing money and other valuables Sunday last, either on Market or Salem streets. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 5 Gage street.

DR. WALKER, DENTIST

NEW YORK HOTEL. 721 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c; music; lunch 35c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No cooler, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant rooms; popular prices; table d'hote lunch 25c; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

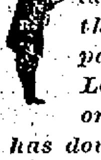
TO HELP OUT
During dull season, we will sell the best All wool Carpet for 50c. per yard. Bring your measure and cash with you and we will do the rest.

A NEW RANGE FOR $10.00.
We have only a few of these Ranges in stock, and if you are in need of a good low-priced Range, now is the time to buy one.

GAYNOR & CO.
36 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

A FACT

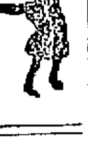


The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



What has become of the extra session talk? The remnants of the movement will evaporate if exposed to the atmosphere.

Had George Washington been in Miles' place during the Cuban campaign, he would probably have been even more emphatically stigmatized as a liar than was General Miles.

The state is asked expend $200,000 for the gypsy moth, and $25,000 for the brown tail moth. Better expend the money in the Keeley motor stock, or in the Jernegan marine gold company.

It is reported that the sharks ate the embalmed beef thrown into the sea during the war and probably died as a result. The report can't be true, because the large class of sharks that victimized the soldiers during the war is still alive.

It now turns out according to the statements of some newspapers that investigated Keeley's motor building that he played the gold brick game upon those who subscribed for his motor. It appears that he had the walls of the building piped so that by means invisible to those who might visit the place he could supply the power which was supposed to be inherent in his motor. Is it possible that Rev. Mr. Jernegan could have deduced his marine gold factory idea from Keeley's motor building?

MAYOTTE'S DEATH BUT ONE OF MANY.

It is time that the people of Lowell ell had some guarantee that men who fall into the hands of the police in delirium tremens or any condition approaching thereto will not be allowed to die or to kill themselves in the convulsions of that dread malady. Mr. Mayotte's death has attracted wide attention merely because he was well known, young, robust and popular. Had he been less prominent, his death might have passed without a word of comment as did dozens of others under similar circumstances. It is quite a frequent thing for "drunks" to be found dead in their cells on the morning following their arrest and it has heretofore passed as a matter of course due to natural causes. Mayotte's death has shed a light on the matter because it has shown that men are allowed to die of neglect in delirium tremens. This is why an investigation is necessary to bring out the facts and provide that all such prisoners shall receive the care and treatment their condition demands.

SMALL POLITICS.

The Haverhill Gazette shows up some of the petty politics practised by the partisanship shown in the appointment of legislative committees in the following statement:

"In 1895, the state, by legislative act took Boston's water supply and created a metropolitan district. The cost of supplying this district with water will not be less than $30,000,000. Boston is, by law, forced to pay over 80 per cent. of the cost of this, and even a larger share for maintenance, and yet in the make-up of the committee on water supply Boston is not given a single representative. This is unjust, and because it is unjust it cannot be good business or wise politics.

"It is bad enough to take Boston's water supply without consulting, in any way the people of that city, but it seems like heaping insult upon injury to shut the city out of all representation on this important committee. Boston is not without a large and powerful republican representation in the State House, but we have yet to hear a protest against such unjust discrimination. No wonder that the republican party in Boston is out of favor; it seems willing, by its silence, to allow rural statesmen, in the name of partisan politics, to imperil the best interests of the people of Boston. It is a simple rule of politics that a political party succeeds best with the people which best safeguards the interests of the people, and never divorces justice from politics. As republicans we repudiate as hostile to our party any act which is unjust, for as men we can never be free from the moral obligation to render justice as we all hope for justice.

"Boston has suffered sorely in the front hostile legislation; now let us begin right for the good of all concerned."

A GOOD SOCIETY.

The Street Railway Aid Association has a model organization, model in respect to the benefit provided, because it meets the most urgent needs of such men in time of sickness or death. If a member is sick he gets a benefit sufficient to keep him and pay doctor's bills; if his wife dies he gets $50 to defray the expenses of her burial, and if unmarried he gets the same allowance on the death of his mother. The associations of this stamp are too scarce. The common people need more of them. Associations that provide medical attendance and pay benefits during sickness and pay burial expenses in cases of death do a vast amount of good. They do not take in enough of the common people to make their benevolence generally felt. Hundreds of poor families live from hand to mouth, and have no safeguard against destitution when stricken by sickness or death. If they are fortunate enough to secure credit, they get so deeply into debt that they can never recover from it until some of the small children get big enough to work, and perhaps not even then. The example set by the railway men should be imitated by other crafts throughout the city.

If the United States is to maintain discipline, and the kind of discipline necessary for the success of the army, it must severely punish such offences as that of General Eagan's in stigmatizing the commanding officer of the army as a liar. Such a thing in any other army in the world, so far as we know, would cause the discharge or the summary punishment of the offender. No official of the English army would dare to utter a word of reproach against a superior officer. They have been taught from the very beginning their business is to obey, and if they have any grievance they are obliged to seek redress in some other way. It must be admitted that since the very opening of the Spanish-American war General Miles has been ill-treated by the secretary of war, and in various ways subjected to indignities which he should not be allowed to endure. In the first place he was relegated to the rear to give way to General Shafter, a man who was wholly incompetent for the position of commanding general of the Santiago campaign. Even on various points of generalship and policy his instructions were ignored and always to the injury or loss to the army and the country. The only skilful generalship shown throughout the war was that which was done under General Miles' direction and his personal command. His generalship in Porto Rico was absolutely perfect and throughout the whole ordeal in the Eagan episode he has acted the part of a gentleman.

There is a provision which allows congressmen one hundred dollars a month for clerk hire, and strange though it may appear, every congressman draws the full amount of one hundred dollars per month though not one out of ten employs a clerk for his congressional work, while those who do employ them do not pay them one hundred dollars a month. It simply shows the selfish patriotism of men in making out to take all they can get even from the country they love so dearly.

Now it appears that even Admiral Dewey is opposed to the annexation of the Philippines. Where will the imperialists land if they are to sustain such hard knocks?

CURRENT COMMENT.

Baltimore Sun: According to Gen. Eagan's revelsed testimony, it is the supposition that Gen. Miles is not as many kinds of a liar as he was before.

Springfield Republican: The treaty cannot now be ratified—such is the news from Washington. There is a way to secure a ratification within a week. Give the opposition a safe and substantial guarantee that permanent acquisition of the Philippines is not intended. In short, don't annex. Amend the treaty.

Philadelphia Times: With fifty or more Republicans pledged to vote against Senator Quay, and the Democrats apparently determined to adhere to their own candidate, a protracted deadlock would seem probable. If Quay can be re-elected under existing conditions it would seem probable that he must win out within a week or two at the most. The democrats will be likely to increase in interest in the contest and may decide to take a hand in the solution of the problem before long. They hold the balance of power and by the vote as presented yesterday, they have their choice either to elect an independent republican or Senator Quay.

Columbus Press: It is probably more than a century since an American army under General Washington flogged the British for attempting to do exactly what an American army under General Otis now proposes to do in the Philippines.

Salem News: The "world power" shriekers might as well turn their attention to ways and means for securing the additional revenue, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars yearly, which the United States will henceforth require, as the cost of maintaining new policies. The American people are going to feel the pinch of taxation as never before, and in the end the republican party will be the big loser thereby.

New Bedford Standard: The idea which some people outside this commonwealth appear to have that Senator Hoar could not be re-elected if his term were to expire now, has no good foundation. Massachusetts knows a man when she sees him, and she long ago got over expecting him to agree with her in everything.

Portland Press: The amendment of the treaty will no more reopen the war with Spain than the amendment of the treaty of Guadaloupe-Hidalgo half a century go reopened the war with Mexico. Any claim to the contrary is insincere, put out in the hope of frightening somebody.

Providence Journal: Whatever the schemes of the secretary of war to "down Miles" may be, it is clear that the intelligent sentiment of the country is with the commanding general of the army. He has been treated scandalously from first to last by the department, but everything he has said or done in all this time has demonstrated his competence and his good judgment.

Army and Navy Journal: This business of calling officers who differ with you as to facts liars, is, we regret to say, far too common in our army, and it is time an example should be made of some one. We cannot understand how any man who respects his uniform can charge a brother officer with a mean offense when he knows that our laws and public opinion save him from the consequences which in other countries, and in other days in our own country, following a personal attack.

Newport News: Alger's relief commission is a name very properly applied to the present war investigating body. And now a resolution is before the country providing for the appointment of a committee of five senators—not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party—to investigate the conduct of the war. Judging from the past and present experiences it is to be hoped that no more "investigations" will be had, at least until the time shall come when a calmer and more judicial spirit shall prevail. As things go, matters are much more likely to be made worse instead of better by further investigation. The war department is conducted as a political machine and will be so long as Russell A. Alger is boss.

BOXING GOSSIP.

From New York comes the rumor that when Fitzsimmons fights again it will be under the management of Dan Stuart. It is said the contract between the two calls for fights in no other ring than one controlled by Stuart, who has the picture-taking scheme as a strong card. Tom O'Rourke opines that Stuart has Carson City only as a prospective battleground for the two big gladiators. The Lenox Athletic club will outbid the Carson people and bring the fight off under the best conditions, no matter how much Stuart bids. If Fitz can afford to turn down big money that's his look-out. The Lenox A. C. has barred him for the present, although time may alter things.

Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Harry Fisher of Brooklyn will box a preliminary to the Peter Maher-Stockings Conroy fight at Bridgeport, Jan. 26.

Black Griffo of New York and Hugh McWinters of Brooklyn, two clever colored lightweights, are matched to box twenty rounds at Scranton, Penn., Jan. 30. The same club may secure Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Dick Moore of St. Paul for twenty rounds at catchweights on February 15.

Tom Sharkey, the conquering heavyweight from old Erin, was the stellar attraction at the Palace theatre this week. A rare crowd packed the aisles, boxes, exits and everywhere else to get even a glimpse of the sailor Hercules, and the storm of applause which greeted his appearance on the stage attested his growing poularity All along Court street there was a line-up of sports and admirers of the fighter.

Sharkey sparred one of the most rugged exhibition bouts ever seen in this city with Bob Armstrong, who towered over the sailor, but had to give ground in the rushes. To-night George Byers, the clever local middleweight who has joined Tom O'Rourke's stable, will spar Sharkey, and a good exhibition should result.

The sailor was the recipient of a silver ring yesterday from an admirer, which at one time adorned the digit of a Spaniard who met an untimely death in the late Spanish-American war, and which Sharkey treasures for his connection with the United States fighting forces before he took professionally to the padded mitts.

PELHAM

REGULAR MEETING OF SHILOH LITERARY SOCIETY.

The Shiloh Literary society held its regular literary meeting last night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keyes in Kent Village, Pelham. A large number of Lowellians and Dracut residents graced the occasion with their presence. The evening was made a joyous one with songs, instrumental music, literary exercises and games. Refreshments were served, the following acting as waiters: Cyndie Raymond, Florence Burill, Martha Bannister, Flora Hutchinson, Henry Welton and Lester Burrill.

COLBURN CLUB.

The Colburn club held a benefit dance last evening at McCarthy block. The Manhattan orchestra furnished music for the dancing. Refreshments were served during the evening and the following men served on the supper committee: Mr. John O'Niel, Mr. Hickey and Mr. McHugh.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS')
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

PROF. UMPLEBY of the Textile School.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Present Term Will End January 26.

EXAMINATIONS BEGIN ON MONDAY

Sixty Day Students and About 150 Evening.

The four months term at the Lowell Textile school, which began on October 3rd, will end on Thursday next, January 26. Examination will, therefore, be in order, beginning on Monday next and continuing throughout the week. At present there are sixty day students, including the ladies art class, and about 150 evening pupils. These pupils came from all parts of the country, including Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, Connecticut, including North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Canada. The Bay State pupils are principally from Lowell, Boston, Worcester, Fitchburg and Pittsfield. All the students board in Lowell. The instructions given day students in the term now coming to a close, consist of principles of mechanism, machine drawing, textile calculation, elementary designing and elementary chemistry. Within the past few weeks each student was required to elect which of the four district courses he will follow in his subsequent, or coming studies. The instructions to be given after the first term of the first year is specialized to suit each course. The courses may be summarized into the clothing manufacturing course, which includes cotton picking, carding, combing, spinning, warp preparation, and weaving on all varieties of looms, and textile calculations, chemistry and dyeing, and designing.

Besides the above may be included the woolen manufacturing course, the designing course, chemistry and dyeing. Each of the above courses occupies 3 years to complete, including the first term of preliminary instruction.

The second branch of the school gives thorough evening instruction to those who are engaged during the day in the mill and workshops, to enable those who wish it to perfect their knowledge of other processes than these in which they are engaged in the day time, and, in the course of several winters, a thorough technical education at a low cost, and without interfering with their daily labor.

Evening students have the option of entering for one or more of five different courses, and arrangements are made for them to commence with any process, and take such a section of each course as is suitable to the student's daily occupation in the mill.

In the women's department are special day classes, in art subjects, especially in textile designing.

A special course is arranged for those contemplating a commercial career.

Science and art are taught here, not with the object of educating professional men, but with a view to industrial and commercial applications. The equipment of the school consists of high grade machinery with all latest improvements, specially built to afford facilities for all kinds of experimental work, and of such variety, so it is stated, as is never found in any one textile mill. When all the machinery that is already arranged for is installed, this school will have a more extensive equipment of machinery and plant than any other textile school either in America or Europe.

The school being at a textile school centre, the student is thus brought directly in touch with the textile industry.

The school which has proved so successful was formally opened by Governor Wolcott on January 30, 1897 in the presence of a large gathering of gentlemen interested in textile industries from all parts of New England. Instruction was commenced on February 1, 1897, the number of students up to now, the conclusion of the last term of the second year, exceeding the most sanguine expectation.

The staff of lecturers and instructors consists of men, who in addition to their special experience in textile school work, have been for years practically engaged in mill work as manager, designer or in other capacities.

The school staff is as follows: Principal, William W. Crosby, S. B.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Fenwick Umpleby; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; professor of woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; professor of cotton spinning, Charles C. Hedrick; professor of weaving, William Nelson; professor of mechanics, William W. Crosby, S. B.; instructor of cotton spinning, H. McDermott; instructor of chemistry, G. C. Spencer, S. B.; instructor in hand looms. W. K. Denniston; instructor in weaving, A. B. Taplin; instructor in woolen spinning, M. W. McCarthy; assistant in chemistry, A. L. Baldwin; assistants in the administration department: Stenographer, Miss A. B. Marinel; clerk, Mr. J. T. Broadbent.

Prof. Vesper L. George, instructor of decorative art is to take charge of department of design at the Normal Art school in Boston.

TEWKSBURY

BUSINESS MEETING OF CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The members of the Tewksbury Congregational church met last night to finish the business left over from the meeting held Thursday evening, Jan. 12. The meeting was held in the vestry of the church and was very harmonious.

The attendance was exceptionally small but a quorum being present the meeting was called to order promptly at 8 o'clock by Mr. Julius C. Knowlton, who was moderator during the evening. The principal business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mrs. E. J. Taylor was chosen clerk at the last meeting and the officers elected last night were as follows: Deacon for three years, E. J. Taylor; deacon for two years, N. F. Frost; treasurer, Enoch Foster; superintendent of Sunday school, I. M. Locke; auditor, J. C. Knowlton; church committee, one year, Miss Esther Marshall; two years, C. H. Battles; 3 years, Enoch Foster; standing committee, one year, Joel Phelps; two years, Mrs. C. E. Clark; three years, George Pillsbury.

The officers elected, it was then voted to raise $1300 for current expenses for the ensuing year. Notice was given that the church pews would be rented next Monday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Maria Tingley, aged 75 years and 7 months, and wife of Henry L. Tingley, died last night at her home in Tewksbury. Deceased was one of the oldest residents of the town and is survived by a husband and two sons, Charles H. and Arthur C. Tingley.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Ladd and Whitney circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., held their regular meeting in Post 185 hall last night. The installation, which was not finished at the last meeting, was finished last night. The arrangements were made to send a delegation to the department convention at Boston. It was voted to hold a series of entertainments under the auspices of the young people of the circle. The committee appointed to arrange for the entertainments consists of Miss Maude Plumstead, chairman; Miss Mate Potter and Miss Josie Pierson. The circle will accompany the comrades of Post 185 to their department convention.

The visitors present from J. P. Maxfield circle, were: Past President Helen Corliss, Junior Vice President Augusta M. A. Pratt and Past Junior Vice President Kate C. Brown. During the evening remarks were made by the visitors and several prominent members of Lad and Whitney circle. The supper, which was served previous to the business meeting, was in charge of the following committee: Mrs. A. A. Davis, chairman; Mrs. J. Q. A. Furgerson, Mrs. Eliza Potter, Mrs. Addis Charters, Mrs. Annie D. Boudinot and Mrs. Emma A. Gilman.

Garfield Purple Star lodge, Loyal Lodge of Orangemen, elected the following officers at their meeting last night: Worthy master, Robert Shaw; deputy master, John Wiley; chaplain, James Clark; secretary, David Wiggins; treasurer, James F. Robinson; director of ceremonies, George Leahy; inside tyler, James Thompson; standing committee, James Rogers, foreman, William Graham.

Echo lodge, N. E. O. P., held their regular meeting last night and installed their new officers. The officers were installed by District Deputy Grand Warden Charles W. Coffin and suite of Lawrence.

Lowell lodge, I. O. O. F., installed their newly elected officers at their meeting last night. The istalling officers were Deputy Grand Master Geo. H. Frye and suite of Centralville lodge.

At their regular meeting last night, Court Gen. Butler, F. of A., initiated three candidates and accepted five propositions.

BIG 7 A. C.

The Big Seven A. C. held a grand box party and dance last evening at their rooms in McCarthy block. Refreshments were served during the evening. The officers of the dance which was enjoyed until midnight are as follows: Genral manager, John Broadley; floor director, Mr. Simpson, and the rest of the members served as aids.

The young men of St. Peter's parish held a meeting last evening and completed arrangements for the coming festival which will be held in Associate hall, February 8.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.
Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

NUMB, POOR CIRCULATION.

I Thought I Should Go Crazy In Such a Nervous State.

I Was in Pain, Appetite Was Poor, I Could Not Sleep.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Helped Me Right Away and I am Now Well.

Mrs. A. L. Kenyon, Clayton, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with numbness of the hands, at times, for six years. Two years ago they troubled me so that I could not sew nor do any kind of work without stopping to rub them or drop them down to get any feeling in them, in fact, do almost anything to get back the natural feeling. They would be as cold as if dead, and such terrible pain when the blood com-

menced circulating. I cannot express how very nervous I was. My appetite was poor and I could not sleep. As soon as I would get to sleep that terrible feeling would commence. I thought I should go crazy, I was in such a nervous state. I commenced taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It helped me right away. I have taken six bottles and I now can sleep soundly and have a good appetite. I will answer any questions I can about my case, for the benefit of any one who is suffering."

You make a mistake if you do not try Dr. Greene's Nervura. At any time you can consult free of charge with Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. Call or write about your case.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.15, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.50, 10.15, 10.40, 11 a m; 1.10, *3.00, 4.25, *5.14 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.21, 6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.83, *7.43, w*8.13, *8.37, *9.19, w9.35, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.43 a m; w12.05, 12.10, w12.45, 1.18, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 4.28, w5.10, 5.32, *6.10, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.49, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.24, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, a m, w12.05, w1.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.21, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.58, 7.83 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.54 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.58, 6.51, z7.83, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, *11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a m; 12.05, 2.33, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover 6.21, 6.51, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.23, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.31 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.22, 7.01, 7.82, *7.43, 11.00 a m; 1.43, 3.55 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.18 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.31, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.31 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.10, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.20, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.66 a m (to Nashua only), 2.03 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.40, †*8.40 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.10, 1.40 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndenville, via Wells River—9.40 a m, *1.40; *†8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.40 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m.; †*8.40 p m.
References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. † Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. G. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 1, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington Line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.33 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S.		Ticket office
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.		at
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.		Middlesex St.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.		Station.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Friday, Jan. 20, Two Nights Only, With Saturday Matinee,
The Great Comedy Melo-Drama,
THE SLEEPING CITY
Under the Direction of A. Q. Scammon.
Incidental to the Play: The Cannon Ball Express, The Thrilling Escape from Sing Sing, The Marvelous Rescue from the Burning Asylum, The East River Den, A Great Play.
Jan. 23-24 and 25 with usual Wednesday Matinee
Scribner's Columbian Burlesquers
40—people—40. The largest burlesqued on the road. 20—beautiful maidens, 10 clever comedians. Seats now on sale at box office.

STOCKS AND BONDS
E. C. Stanwood & Co.
BANKERS.
121 Devonshire St.
BOSTON, MASS.
Investment Bonds.
LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

CONSUMPTION
To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.
Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

BEEF, IRON AND WINE
A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

SEE WHAT YOU CAN BUY AT
7c lb. Fresh Boston Shoulders, Smoked " " 7c lb.
Fresh Rib Roast Pork,
$4.75 bbl. Warranted Best Haxall Flour in the market. $4.75 bbl.
Central Cash Market
Cor. Central and Charles Sts.
Telephone 606-3.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Carrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all modern improvements, steam heat and electric bells in each room. Electric cars pass door every few minutes. Choice sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carney (Clerks) H. Gerv...

THOSE TAX CASES

Will be Heard by Commissioners Next Week.

THREE YEARS' ABATEMENT PETITIONED FOR

By the Tremont and Suffolk Mills.

Great things are expected of City Solicitor Qua next Wednesday when the much-discussed Tremont & Suffolk tax abatement cases against the city involving something like $1,500,000 come up before Arthur Lord, the special commissioner designated by the superior court to hear the cases. Mr. Lord has had experience in such cases, having been the commissioner in the famous Holyoke cases. On Tuesday the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills will be inspected and the hearing will be held on the following day. Frank E. Dunbar, Esq., will appear for the petitioners and City Solicitor Qua for the city. The city's side of the cases was originally prepared by ex-City Solicitor John J. Hogan but Mr. Qua, his successor, took them up where he discontinued. When Mr. Qua's candidacy for re-election was discussed, some of the members of the city council who under any other circumstances would have supported another candidate voted for Mr. Qua because of his familiarity with and work on these tax cases about to come up believing that the city's best interests would be conserved by retaining Mr. Qua in office.

Therefore, great things are expected of him.

The Tremont & Suffolk mills have petitioned the superior court three times for an abatement of their taxes in the years 1895, 1896 and 1897. As an immense amount of money is involved in the matter the city can ill afford to lose. A separate petition is presented for each of the three years and as they are practically similar, the petition for the abatement of the taxes of 1895 printed below will give the reader an insight into the nature of them. The petition is as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex ss.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills
vs.
City of Lowell.

To the Honorable, the Justices of the Superior Court Within and For the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully represents your petitioner, the Tremont & Suffolk mills:

1. That it is a manufacturing corporation duly established and organized under the laws of the Commonwealth and having its usual place of business and manufacture established in the city of Lowell in the county and commonwealth aforesaid:

2. That it was the owner of and possessed on the first day of May in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five certain real and personal estate in said city of Lowell and taxable therein;

3. That upon notice from the assessors of the said city of Lowell as provided by statute, your petitioner within the time specified in said notice, brought in to said assessors a true list of all its real and personal estate, subject to taxation and made oath that such list was full and accurate according to its best knowledge and belief and submitted to examinations by said assessors as to the truth and accuracy thereof;

4. That the said assessors did appraise and make a valuation of said real and personal estate for the purpose of taxation and did assess taxes upon the same for said years and a bill for the amount thereof was rendered to your petitioners by the collector of taxes of the said city of Lowell and the same was duly paid by your petitioners under protest;

5. That the said assessors did not make a fair cash valuation of the said estate, real and personal, of your petitioner subject to taxation in said city of Lowell, but placed a valuation on said property of your petitioners far exceeding its fair cash value and that the taxes assessed to your petitioners for said years by said assessors were more than its just proportion and excessive, unequal and illegal and much larger than your petitioner ought in justice to pay;

6. That the said assessors did not enter in their books for said year opposite the description of each building of the manufacturing establishments of your petitioner, the value of the machinery used in said building and did not enter in said books the buildings in your petitioners' manufacturing establishments describing each cotton factory of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms used in the same, nor enter in said books the value of said buildings opposite the description of the same respectively, nor enter in said books the cotton factories of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms in the same.

7. That within six months from the date of said tax bill, your petitioner being aggrieved by the tax assessed upon it by said assessment as aforesaid, applied to them for an abatement thereof, and said assessors thereupon refused to make an abatement and gave notice in writing to your petitioner of their decision on the third day of May, 1898;

8. And your petitioner comes and makes complaint thereof to your honors and doth pray that you will decide the value of each part of said property, and that you will make such reduction of the valuation of the same and such an abatement of said tax assessed by said assessors as to you shall seem just and reasonable and for such other and further relief as to you shall seem meet and proper in the premises.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills.
A. S. COVEL, Treas.

AGAINST DEATH

REPRESENTATIVE DALTON WANTS CAPITAL PUNISHMENT ABOLISHED.

Representative J. Frank Dalton of Salem says that Alfred Williams, who was convicted of murder in Essex county and hanged in Salem last November, should never have been executed for the crime.

The evidence, he said, did not warrant such a severe sentence, he thinks, especially when the district attorney and the two previous district attorneys recommended the commutation of his sentence on the ground that there was not sufficient proof of his guilt, although there was some circumstantial evidence.

It is to abolish capital punishment altogether that Representative Dalton will make a strong effort during the present session of the legislature. He says that he does not believe in capital punishment at all, and he says the hearings upon the subject will demonstrate that the ablest men and women in Massachusetts favor the bill. Among the many who have urged him to present the measure to the legislature is the Rev. William J. Byrne, the vicar-general of the Boston archdiocese.

His bill provides that in case a convict is wrongfully accused, and there is evidence to prove his innocence, he shall have an opportunity to present such evidence to the Supreme Judicial Court, which shall have power to act in the matter.

FREE DELIVERY

EXPECTED IN SUBURBAN TOWNS IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

A matter that has engaged the attention of prospective postal employes is the proposed establishment of a substation at Dracut. The reason for the interest taken is that in the event of such a narrangement being made, a great reinforcement to both clerk and letter carrier service in the local post office will be necessary. At the present time there are about 40 clerks employed in the post office and there are many applicants with high standing on the eligible list. The last civil service examination was taken by about 50 young men and as there will be only a small number of positions to fill, the friends of all the applicants are working earnestly in their behalf with the hope that some action will be taken by congress to extend the free delivery to such towns as Dracut.

A Sun reporter yesterday afternoon interviewed Postmaster Thompson relative to the matter and the latter said the proposed extension would require more clerks and carriers and perhaps an additional wagon. "In making appointments," he said, "I take the candidates foremost on the list and highest in the recommendations of responsible citizens."

WINIFRED MACBRAYNE

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF GREENHALGE CLUB.

The meeting of the Frederick T. Greenhalge Debating society of the high school was held yesterday afternoon and one hundred members were present. The meeting was the semi-annual one for the election of officers for the ensuing term, and resulted in the election of Winifred MacBrayne, president; John J. Rogers, first vice president; Edith S. Richardson, second vice president; Edna Thompson, secretary; Dana B. Whipple, treasurer; Osborne Cilley, sergeant-at-arms.

PRIVATE MOONEY

TAKES EXCEPTION TO THE PUBLISHED STATEMENTS.

Private Mooney denies the statement that his wife was buried by the Volunteer Aid association or at the expense of that body. He admits having received some aid but not to the extent reported in the press. He naturally thinks it strange that he was not notified of the death of his wife until two days after her death, but accepts the explanation that it was due to death in Dr. Simpson's own family which called him away. Somebody should be left in charge, however, with authority to notify the proper parties in case of death.

PROBATE MATTERS.

In the will of Sally M. Scales of this city, filed for probate yesterday morning at East Cambridge, the residue of the property after a number of private bequests is left to the Kirk Street Congregational church of this city, for the support of public worship.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL.

There will be a regular meeting of the Trades and Labor council in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street, Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Report from the ways and means committee appointed at the last special meeting, and other important matters will come before the meeting. Every delegate is requested to be present.

PERKINS COMFORTABLE.

Edward M. Perkins the tobacco salesman who attempted suicide at his home in the Varnum block, Centralville, Thursday, and who has since been under treatment at the St. John's hospital, was resting comfortably at 3 o'clock this morning.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

The Lowell Association of Stationary Engineers held a meeting last evening. One new member was admitted, two applications were received and accepted. There was a discussion on erecting one hundred H. P. plant, size of engine, boilers and belts to transmit, the same to be continued.

NEW ERA FOR MEN.

Happy Marriage, Health, Energy and Long Life.

A magically effective appliance and a month's course of restorative remedies sent on trial and approval, without expense. *Not a dollar need be paid until results are known to and acknowledged by the patient.*

The Erie Medical Company's Appliance and Remedies have been talked of and written about till every man has heard of them.

The highest medical authorities in the world have lately commended them.

They possess marvellous power to vitalize, develop, restore, and sustain.

They create vigor, healthy tissue, new life.

They stop drains that sap the energy.

They cure all effects of early evil habits, excesses, overwork.

They give full strength, development, and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Failure impossible, age no barrier.

No C. O. D. scheme, nor deception; no exposure — a clean, business proposition by a company of high financial and professional standing. Write for sealed information.

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

SOLDIER RECORDS

Being Prepared by Committee on Memorial Tablets.

MOST IMPORTANT BOOK FOR THE FUTURE

Arthur F. Salmon Doing the Work.

Many who follow the published accounts of City Hall matters in the local press have undoubtedly asked themselves often as to what is the reason for the existence of the Memorial Tablets committee of the city council. Few are familiar with the nature of its duties and as the only thing at present to show any result from its work is the collection of tablets in Memorial Hall bearing the names of the soldiers and sailors who died in the war of the Rebellion, this is not to be wondered at, for it is seldom that the general public finds its way to the beautiful hall over the library. Not entirely familiar, with the purpose of the committee the writer looked it up as it were, to find that its mission is a most worthy one and well worth to posterity the expenditure of any reasonable amount of money.

In the early part of last year, Alderman Dinon introduced an order in the city council for the appointment of a committee to provide a set of tablets for Memorial Hall to bear the names of all the soldiers and sailors connected with Lowell who died either in battle, from wounds or illness between the years of 1861-1866, the period covering the war of the rebellion. A committee was appointed and $500 was appropriated for its work.

At the time the order was introduced those supposed to know estimated that the committee would find about 370 names to place on the tablets and the committee was assured that all it had to do was to consult the "city records" of the soldiers. The committee went to work expecting a snap. It elected Arthur F. Salmon, its clerk, and delegated to him the work connected with the matter. It didn't take Mr. Salmon more than a day to realize that he had assumed a herculean task for upon looking them up he was greatly surprised, as was everyone else, to find that the city of Lowell was absolutely without any record of its soldiers and sailors who fought in the civil war. It was then decided by the committee that as long as it had started on the tablet work it should make a complete job of it and establish a city record for the use of Lowell for the future. More money was accordingly appropriated and Mr. Salmon immediately began on the tablets first. He gathered his data by correspondence with Washington, repeated visits to the archives and vaults of the state house and by looking up and visiting the historians of all the Massachusetts regiments in which Lowell men were enlisted. When he had gathered together the names of 370 men from Lowell who died during the war, he found that he had gathered but a little over half and last August when the tablets were placed in Memorial hall they contained over 600 names. The committee also placed at the stairway leading from the street floor to the hall, a tablet explaining the character of the building. Having finished the tablet work, Mr. Salmon dropped the record gathering temporarily to take charge of the soldiers returning from the Spanish war, which kept him busy to the close of the year. At the beginning of the new year he began the arduous task of compiling a complete record of Lowell's soldiers and sailors in the rebellion and in the Spanish war. Up to date he has got through the A's and B's in the former record. There were some 5700 soldiers and sailors in the war of the rebellion and about 500 in the Spanish war. These will all go on record for the benefits of the city clerk, the overseers of the poor, the state aid officials and the pension agents of the future. The record of the soldier of the war of the rebellion will contain the name of the subject, his birthplace, residence, name of regiment and company, dates of enlistment and discharge, all if any promotion during service, when, where and how if wounded, and date of death should it occur at any time before the completion of the book, together with any other information of the subject's career that can be gleaned authentically. The records of the soldiers of the Spanish war will be even more complete and will contain the names of the parents and their birthplace as residence as it is much easier to get at them.

The work of recording points out many difficulties, prominent among them being that of duplicating records. With so many names gathered from so many different sources, it is an extremely difficult task to avoid duplication. Then many who enlisted were discharged before the war was over and were lost track of. For instance soldier who was with the Sixth in its memorable march through Baltimore was mustered out after 100 days and lost track of. Mr. Salmon looking him up, found that he afterward enlisted in a Maine regiment and was wounded. A soldier supposed to have died in the South was found to be alive today taking life easy at Togus, Me. Then again, while the Massachusetts men were in the south, many of them were killed and their places were filled by loyal Southerners. These afterward re-enlisted in Lowell companies and therefore must be recorded as Lowell soldiers. Nearly every city and town in the North has a more or less complete record of its soldiers that of the town of Danvers in particular. The Danvers records give the names of the parents, brothers and sisters of every Danvers soldier but were compiled immediately after the war.

Of all its valuable features perhaps the most valuable of this book of records in the estimation of many old soldiers will be the fact that it will give a true account of every man in the war as far as is possible to learn and will thereby set many an old soldier right with the world, for though it may not be generally known, it is a fact that many Lowell soldiers who served creditably are down on the records of the Adjutant General in the state house as being deserters. A well known business man of this city who can produce an honorable discharge from the army is called a deserter on the state house books.

Before concluding its work the committee on tablets would do well and please the entire city if it should add to the tablets in Memorial hall the names of all soldiers and sailors who died in the Spanish war.

SENATOR PUTNAM

Wants the Senate to Ratify Peace Treaty.

HIS RESOLUTIONS PRESENTED TODAY.

He Asks Congress to Act Speedily.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 20—Senator Putnam of Lowell introduced a resolve in the state senate today, urging the ratification of the treaty with Spain at the earliest moment.

The resolution states that the legislature of Massachusetts in common with all Americans, rejoice in the successful conclusion of the war with Spain and congratulates the president upon the manner in which he has led the country through a victorious war to a triumphant peace. Believing that peace should be legally re-established at the earliest moment, the ratification of the treaty with Spain is urged confident that to the wisdom of the president and congress the just settlement of the new questions which must hereafter arise, must be left.

DREYFUS DEBATE

AGAIN PLUNGED INTO BY THE FRENCH DEPUTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The Chamber of deputies today, after defeating by a vote of 332 to 150, a resolution proposed by M. de Jouate, socialist, to demolish the chapel erected in expiation of the misdeeds of Louis XVI, plunged into another Dreyfus debate.

M. Breton, Socialist, interpellated the government on the subject of the package of diplomatic papers among the documents in the Dreyfus case and asserted that the former minister Rambaud, speaking at the Agricultural show, declared the members of the Meline cabinet were aware of the forgery of the late Lieut.-Col. Henry. The statement caused great excitement among the deputies.

INDIGESTION is the national ill. Nine-tenths of the people suffer from some form of Indigestion. It would require volumes to tell why. It is sufficient to know that there is now on the market in convenient form an old and tried prescription for the trouble, and it is guaranteed to relieve immediately and cure permanently.

INDIGESTION SEMIT CONSTIPATION

Bellevue Hospital remedy for Indigestion, Constipation, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels. Pleasant to take; no purging; safe and sure. Put up in tablet form, packed in glass. Sold by all Druggists, 10c., 25c., 50c. Mailed on receipt of price by Semit Chem. Co., Brockton, Mass.

JUDGE TOWNSEND

Gives an Important Decision in Sugar Case.

COURT FINDS FOR DEFENDANT.

The Text of the Decision.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 20.—Judge W. K. Townsend of the United States District Court, to-day handed down an important decision in the American Sugar Refining Company against the United States in which is involved the legality of the right of custom appraisers to assess duty on moist or green grass to assess duty on moist or green sugars imported from Brazil in accordance with their construction of the laws regulating imports etc. The decision of the court finds for the defendant and the action the appraisers is affirmed.

Following is the text of the decision:

United States Circuit Court, Southern District of New York.

American Sugar Refining Co.
vs.
The United States.

Same vs. Same.

Townsend, District Judge.

Certain moist or green sugars were brought from Brazil into the port of New York while the Act of 1894 was in force, upon which duty was assessed at 40 per cent. ad valorem under the provisions of paragraph 182, of said act. It appears that there is an understanding acquiesced in general by shippers, importers and appraisers, that as the moist sugars from Brazil lose from 14 to 16 per cent. in weight on the voyage from drainage and evaporation this percentage of loss shall be generally accepted as a basis of settlement of value at the port of entry. The board of appraisers, acting upon the basis of this so-called settlement, assumed such a loss of weight and found not the actual market value of the green sugar as shipped from Brazil but the increased market value of the dry sugar when it reached the port of New York.

Thus the appraisers advanced the valuation of the sugar in the first importation from 6s 8d per cwt., 87 per cent., the market value when shipped, to 7s 9d per cwt., 87 per cent, owing to its increase in value from drainage on the voyage and made similar advances in the other importations.

The question presented by these appeals is whether the appraiser was authorized in thus advancing the valuation of the sugar, and whether the assessment of duty upon such advanced valuation is valid.

Section 10 of the customs administrative act of 1890, provides inter alia as follows:

"That it shall be the duty of the appraisers of the United States to ascertain, estimate and appraise the actual market value and wholesale price of the merchandise at the time of exportation to the United States in the principal markets of the country whence the same has been imported."

Counsel for the importer contends that this language refers to that merchandise in its condition in the foreign port and its actual value at the time of exportation to the United States in the principal markets of the country whence it is imported. He claims that the phrase "actual market value" of the merchandise could not refer to the merchandise in its condition when it reached the port of New York, because such valuation would be merely speculative within the reasoning in U. S. vs. Southmayd et al., 9 How. 637, and Merritt vs. Welch, 104 U. S., 694.

Counsel for the government contends that the language of section 19 refers to the value in the foreign market of said merchandise in the condition in which it arrives at the port of New York. He claims that the mode adopted by the appraisers results in finding the actual market value at the place of exportation of such sugar as reaches this port.

Owing to drainage, there are less pounds of sugar on arrival here than when the ship left Brazil but the cargo is actually worth as much as when it started. It appears, therefore, that if the sugar had been kept for the same length of time in Brazil, the same loss in weight by drainage and increased value per pound would have taken place there and the value of the cargo as a whole would not have been affected thereby. If this be so, I do not think the importers should gain by the decrease in weight coupled with an increase in value per pound. Unless, therefore, the appraisers have acted in bad faith or have clearly committed a substantial error by their mode of ascertaining the market value in Brazil of the sugar on its arrival here, their decision would be affirmed. I am unable to find any such mistake or error. Passavant vs. United States, 148 U. S. 214.

This construction is supported by the statement of Mr. Justice Curtis in Austin vs. Peasley, 2 Fed. Cat. 235, that: "The merchant is to pay duties on what is actually imported, not what is put up for export in the foreign country," and of Judge Colt in Weaver vs. Sterry 38 Fed. 456, that the true construction of the law is to assess duty only upon the quantity which arrives in port and not upon the quantity which appears by the invoice to have been shipped, and by the language of Judge Lacombe in charging the jury in Reiss vs. Magone, 39 Fed. 105, that if what reaches this country has become more valuable by reason of shrinkage it should in fairness be assessed at the higher value.

For the importers,
H. B. Closson and A. K. Tingle.
For the United States,
Henry C. Platt.

TAFILET REBELS DEFEATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 20.—The government troops, commanded by Prince Margni, have defeated the Tafilet rebels in a big battle. The rebel chief's son and nineteen others were decapitated and their heads were exposed at Rabat. This is expected to finish the Tafilet rebellion.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

WHY HAVE MALARIA.

It is a Disease That Cannot Exist Where There is No Catarrh. Pe-ru-na Will Cure the Catarrh.

Mr. George Wahl Certifies To This.

PE-RU-NA never fails to cure Malaria. Every day we receive letters of praise, endorsing its wonderful action. As an example we will quote what Mr. George Wahl, of Louisiana, Mo., says: "I had long been affected with Malaria, suffering much pain and spending large sums of money in attempting to get relief, without success. Finally I began taking Pe-ru-na. From the first I began to improve. From a pale-racked, living skeleton, I was transformed into a robust, healthy man."

Another case where Pe-ru-na was effectually used to drive the poisonous malarial parasites from the system, was that of Mrs. G. W. Wagner, of Austerlitz, Mich., who says: "After a violent cold I suffered with chills and malaria; could not sleep nights, coughed almost incessantly, suffering from dizzy and sick headache. Tried everything, without avail. A friend advised Pe-ru-na. The first bottle helped me. The cough, chills and malaria disappeared. My headache began to grow less and my appetite improved perceptibly. I kept on taking it until I had taken four bottles. This completely cured me. I would not be without it."

Similar letters from all over the country are continually coming to hand. The mission of Pe-ru-na is to cure Catarrh, no matter what part of the body may be diseased by this distressing malady. Malaria cannot exist where there is no catarrh. Hence Pe-ru-na is the best known remedy for malaria in existence. Druggists everywhere sell Pe-ru-na, and Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, who has used it for upwards of forty years in his private practice, and who owes to it his reputation of being the greatest catarrh specialist in America, will gladly advise anyone, absolutely free, who will write to him.

HON. WM. S. KNOX

Is Preparing Report on Hawaiian Bill.

THE CONGRESSMAN HAS SOMETHING TO SAY.

Relative to the Labor Phase of Bill.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The friends of the Hawaiian bill in the house of representatives will make an effort to take it up at an early day, and express confidence that it will get a hearing. The bill was agreed to in committee some days ago and Chairman Knox of the committee on territories is drawing the report. There was some idea that the bill might be taken up this week, but owing to the press of business it went over with the understanding that a strong effort would be made next week to get a hearing then or soon thereafter. Mr. Knox and Mr. Hill, the latter being one of the Hawaiian Commissioners, say that no purpose is manifested to postpone the legislation until the next congress meets. They say also that it is imperative that legislation of some character shall be enacted, otherwise some 10,000 contract labor Japanese will be brought into Hawaii and then into the United States. For this reason the extension of United States immigration restrictions to Hawaii is held to be of first importance. A similar view is taken as to extending the United States customs and revenues laws to the island. The latter extension is by a special bill which has already passed the house and is pending in the Senate. There is a growing disposition among those interested in the legislation to secure the passage of the bill as a whole very soon and in the event that it is not practicable to secure the enactment of such special features as are most pressing.

MATAAFA'S ELECTION

WAS ANNULLED BY CHIEF JUSTICE CHAMBERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAMBURG, Jan. 20.—According to news received here from Samoa, Chief Justice Chambers on December 31, annulled the election of Mataafa, who was returned by a sextuple majority, and declared Malietoa Tanus, the son of the late King Malietoa, who is still a minor, to be a king, and the three consuls recognized Mataafa's people as a provisional government. Malietoa Tanus, Mataafa, another claimant for the throne, and Chief Justice Chambers it is added went on board a British warship, whereupon the provisional government closed the chief court. The British warship then landed a detachment of bluejackets and later the court was re-opened under the protects of the provisional government.

FIREMAN KILLED

LIMITED EXPRESS TRAIN COLLIDED WITH AN ENGINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 20.—The west-bound limited express on the Southern Pacific railroad collided with an engine near Lacosta, 20 miles west of here, early this morning. Alonzo Miller, fireman, of San Antonio, was killed, and Robert Nicholson, engineer, was fatally injured. The passengers were badly shaken up, but sustained no serious injury.

MAJOR W. H. DALY

Testified Before War Commission Today.

BEEF DID NOT TASTE NATURAL

He Noticed Indications of Chemical Purposes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20—Major W. H. Daly, Chief Surgeon with Gen. Miles and whose field service stretched from Tampa to Porto Rico, and whose report condemning the beef furnished the expeditionary forces created a sensation some weeks ago, made his long wanted appearance as a witness before the War Investigating Commission today. Surgeon Daly's report was the strongest in language of those submitted by Gen. Miles in substantiation of his attack on the beef supplies. Dr. Daly has been too ill to appear here before. He was accompanied by Gen. Miles' own stenographer, despite the presence of the commission's official stenographer.

On being sworn, the witness identified the report submitted as his own, changing its date, however, from September 21, to October 31. He was willing, he said, to stand by his report. It was wholly voluntary and was not called out by any request or in obedience to any circular or letter, so far as he remembered. He had heard nothing of an official letter calling for reports. At Ponce, however, some time between August 12 and August 12, he believed, he had communicated to General Miles some observations regarding beef supplies. At Tampa, on shipboard he had noticed a quarter of beef hanging free in the sun on board the vessel and he became interested in the experiment of having fresh slaughtered beef placed under such moist climatic conditions, to see how long it could stand it. "I observed," he said, "that the flies, especially the bull flies, did not affect it, did not alight on it, or if they did, they got away from it very quickly."

He had cut off a piece of that beef at Tampa and cooked it, but it neither smelled nor tasted naturally. Later he helped the men corral some horses and subsequently he had trouble with his stomach, which he first attributed to the activity of corralling. Then he noticed indications of chemical presence that brought back recollections of chemical stuff he had used to preserve elk in a hunting expedition in the Rocky Mountains some years before. All that day at Tampa and the next he had an unpleasant taste. In that previous hunting expedition he had analyzed the chemical preservative and found it to contain borax and salicylic acid. There were to be used externally on the elk, but he had rubbed it in the raw flesh and also injected it.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hon. Ira A. Hezeltine of Dorchester, Me., died to-day.

Capt. George A. Walker, of Police Division 12 of Boston, died at his home in West Roxbury to-day.

The First Assistant Postmaster General has issued an order increasing the salaries of all the regular free delivery carriers, who provide their own horses or other modes of conveyance, from $360 to $480 per annum beginning Jan. first 1899.

George W. Dearborn, the well-known checker player, will lecture on the game before a checker club in Newfields, N. H., in the near future.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House

It will positively cure the many common ailments which will occur to the inmates of every family as long as life has woes. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every soreness everywhere. It prevents and cures pneumonia, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, diphtheria, gout, backing, hoarseness, headache, whooping cough, influenza and neuralgia.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician.

For more than forty years I have used Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in my family. I regard it the best and safest family medicine for internal and external use. G. H. Tarbox, Dea. 3d Bapt. Ch., Bangor, Me.

CROUP. My children are subject to croup. All that is necessary is to give them a dose, bathe the chest and throat with your Liniment, put them in bed, and the croup disappears as if by magic. B. A. Fennessor, Rockport, Tex.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases and Care of Sick Room," Mailed Free. Sold by all Druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

JOSIAH F. FISKE.

The Haverhill Gazette announces the engagement of one of Lowell's best known young men, Josiah Fielding Fiske, to Miss Madge Gilbert, daughter of Mr. George Gilbert, a prominent shoe manufacturer of that city.

It was known by a few that "Joe," as he is familiarly known, was absent at Haverhill the first few days of the week but it was thought that his visit there was in the interest of his firm.

It was not possible to substantiate the reported engagement by the party most interested, Mr. Fiske himself. He would neither deny nor affirm. He would reveal nothing to the reporter, but smiles and these he dealt out profusely.

Afterwards a friend of his volunteered the information that he had beheld the genial Josiah yesterday engaged at no other task than diamond shopping.

Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently in the local papers only recently when at the death of his grandmother, he was found to have been handsomely remembered in her will.

Prior to his debut in tailoring, Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently as an organizer and promoter of theatrical enterprises. Few people in Lowell are better posted on matters dramatic. Miss Gilbert is a sister of Miss Bessie Gilbert, a cornetist of national reputation.

SUNDAY SUBJECTS

UPON WHICH THE MINISTERS WILL DISCOURSE TO-MORROW.

Grace Universalist—Morning, "For Whose Sake?"

Mount Vernon F. B.—Morning, "Ye Shalt Receive Power;" evening, "The Devil Poisoning a Woman." Rev. F. Allison Currier, M. A., will preach.

Mr. Frederick Lincoln will preach at the mission, corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets at 3 p. m.

Chelmsford Street F. B.—Morning, "Friendship."

First Primitive Methodist—Morning, "The Christian's Passion;" evening, "Failed in the Weighing."

Fifth Street Baptist—Morning, "How to Win;" evening, "The Precious Christ."

Worthen Street M. E.—Morning, "Life and Translation of Enoch;" evening, revival service.

Branch Street Baptist—Morning, "Forward;" evening, "Remember Now Thy Creator."

Highland M. E.—Morning, "In Remembrance of Me;" evening, "Faith Waiting."

Christadelphian Ecclesia—Morning, "A Peculiar People."

Westminster Presbyterian—Morning, "Church Work;" evening "Ideal Living."

First Trin. Congregational—Morning, "God is Spirit;" evening, "Conscious and Unconscious Influence."

Central Methodist—Morning, "Practical Preaching;" evening, "Personal Preaching."

First Unitarian—Morning, "The Weight of the Soul."

Eliot—Preaching in the morning at 10.30 by Prof. W. H. Ryder of Andover. Vesper service at 6.45 p.m.

First Congregational—Morning, "The Deity of Christ;" evening, "Slippery Places."

New Church—(Odd Fellows Temple) Morning, "Internal Sense of the Lord's Prayer."

St. Paul's M. E.—Morning, "Notes From the Field."

Rev. Frederic Lincoln of Boston Theological school will preach at St. Paul's church Sunday evening.

The usual consecration meeting at the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the parlor Sunday morning at 9.15. Mr. Fred Sunderland will lead the meeting. At the 4 o'clock song service in the hall, Rev. J. A. Bowler will give an illustrated address. Rev. H. Lockhart will also speak. The quartette of the Immanuel Baptist church will furnish special music.

The teachers' normal class will take the place of the regular meeting for the study of the Sunday school lesson this afternoon.

John Street—Morning, "A Clean Heart"; evening at 7, stereopticon lecture on Palestine.

House of Prayer, Walker street, Rev. W. E. L. Ward—7.30, holy communion; 10.45, choral eucharist; 3.30, children's vespers; 7, evensong and third lecture of pastor's course.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Pollard building, Palmer street—Sunday service 10.45 a. m.; subject, "Love."

Second Church of Christ, Scientist—Morning at 10.45, "Love."

Centralville M. E.—Morning, "A Promise to the Thirsty;" evening, "The Lost Sheep," illustrated by original sketches.)

Revival services will be held next week at the Centralville Methodist church. Preachers: Monday evening, Rev. W. S. Searle of Lawrence; Tuesday, Rev. W. J. Wilkins of Methuen; Wednesday, Rev. G. M. Curl of Lawrence; Thursday, Rev. C. H. Farnsworth of Lawrence.

Paige Street Free Baptist—Morning, "Daniel's Courage;" evening, "Knowledge Better Than Theory."

First Baptist—Morning, "Two Great Needs;" evening, "The Valley of Decision." Prelude—"A Death in Jail."

The service at the Kirk street church to-morrow night will have an innovation in the singing. The Men's league developed a chorus of 56 male voices the other night, and it is proposed to have this chorus upon the platform. The orchestra that played at the league social has volunteered its services also, and the "family sing" promises to be one that will be enjoyable both for volume and vigor.

Free—Morning, "The Moral Necessity of Beauty."

Unity Meeting House—Afternoon at 4 o'clock. "The Creators of Modern Life."

The Seventh Day Adventist church, A. H. Clark, elder, will hold services Saturday afternoon at old Highland hall. Sabbath school at 2, preaching at 3. Subject, "The Christian's Armor."

WEST BILLERICA

AGED RESIDENT DIES SUDDENLY WHILE SEATED IN CHAIR.

Casper Rondorf, aged 77 years, died suddenly while seated in a chair in his home at West Billerica, Thursday evening. The deceased was well known in Lowell where he formerly conducted a dyeing establishment on School street. He retired from active life about five years ago. He leaves a wife and four children, Mrs. Henry S. Pihl of Lowell, Mrs. William Kulp of Pennsylvania and Albert and Hugo Rondorf of Philadelphia.

BASKET BALL.

There will be a lively and interesting game in Pitchburg tonight when the Burkes will play against the Y. M. C. A. team of that place.

This evening the Y. M. C. A. will play the association team from Amesbury and the game will be well worth seeing.

A correspondent suggests that it would be an excellent idea for the referee when he calls a foul to announce the nature of the foul and the name of the offender. He avers that this would aid the audience greatly in following the play. The referee would undoubtedly be willing to make this announcement if the managers of the teams so arranged. The same correspondent also inquires "when a foul is called how far does the man stand from the basket for a free throw?

The official basket ball guide says: "When a foul has been made the opposite side shall have a free throw for the goal at a distance of fifteen feet from a point on the floor directly beneath the centre of the goal, measuring towards the opposite goal." In reply to his next question, "why is it that the ball when thrown up in the centre if not touched by either centre, is thrown up again?" Section 3 of XI may be quoted as follows:" After the referee puts the ball in play in the centre, it must be first touched by one of the centre men, who shall have been previously indicated to the umpire."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Hale's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY FORMED BY YOUNG PEOPLE.

In the vestry of the Second Congregational church at North Chelmsford Thursday night a debating society was organized. A large number of the young men of the village attended the meeting. These officers were chosen: President, Stewart McCoy; vice president, A. W. Trubey; secretary, Mr. Trombley; treasurer, Mr. Mitchell. The society will be a great help to the young men of the village, for during the next few months, the society will have a series of debates and some interesting questions will be discussed.

Samuel Hodgon, who has been confined to his home the past few weeks has almost recovered and in the course of a few days he will be able to be around.

The North Chelmsford orchestra will play at the box party and dance of St. John's T. A. society, Monday evening. The members of the society are determined that their new hall shall be tested to its full capacity that evening.

LEATHER WORKERS' UNION.

At Old Manchester Unity hall, last evening the Leather Workers' union of this city held a rally and were addressed by J. D. Cowper of Lynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who expounded the principles of organization. A call was issued to the machinists to meet one week from next Friday night at Old Manchester Unity hall. After Mr. Cowper's speech, remarks were made by Dennis Haley, Joe Convery and Chas. H. McCullough. John J. Whelan was chairman.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Mr. Brennan of the boot and shoe strikers of Marlboro addressed the brussels carpet weavers at their meeting yesterday afternoon. During the meeting the weavers voted to donate $100 from the funds of the union to assist the strikers in their efforts to resist the demands of the manufacturers.

COMMON SENSE CURE

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Permanently by Curing the Cause.

Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning, and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkley, 601 Mississippi St., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Major Dean of Columbus, Ohio, says: "I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure has effectually cured me."

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is one dollar per package and it is put up only by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1887 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.

(CORPORATION.)

315 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)

MONEY TO LOAN

At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe. Always reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

Notice.

For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Alsa. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.

Corner Willie and Broadway.

WANTED.

MADAME ROYAL the renowned western Clairvoyant, will remain in the city a while longer, owing to a rush of business. 117 Middlesex street.

AGENTS WANTED.—We are the largest manufacturers of Slot Machines. Our prices and terms will suit you. Keep posted. The Lee Candy Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, with prosperous business; no encumbrances; will appreciate gracious, sensible wife. "Merchant," 3120 Forest ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—6 good canvassers at once. No other need apply. Call between 5 and 7 p. m. A. W. Burke, 124 Broadway.

WANTED—Men or women to canvass for women's Shoe. Must have references. Address Box, 91 Middlesex street.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home, $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 154 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 82 Rock street.

WANTED—Good health. The blooming idiot did not fail, wouldn't drink Gloria, that is all. S. Bartlett, 192 Middlesex St., sells Gloria.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 85 Merrimack street, room 18, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 326 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 87 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONANS?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moore's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Bowe, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money at or near St. Peter's church Sunday morning. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 11 Gorham street.

FOUND.—Gentleman's seal glove. Owner can have by calling at 30 Lyons street and paying for this advertisement.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two newly furnished rooms to let at $1 each, in private family. 9 Tyler street.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—5 acre farm on line of electrics, $10.00. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $4.50; also 5 good rooms, fine condition for $6.00. Save money by reducing rent. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel. P. O. Box 91. Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 728 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Conners Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 222 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3,000 WILL BUY wine rooms and cafe, including complete stock and license to May next; last year, receipts, $10,000. Address G., Box 691, Providence, R. I.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Loy Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tuttle, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and repaired at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $3.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

54 PRESCOTT ST.

SKATES

"Long Reach" and all leading makes for

25c. PAIR

and upwards to $5.00 pair.

SLEDS

For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for

25c. EACH

and upwards.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2 cottages opposite Shaw Hosiery. Cheap. H. H. Bohnrell, Bon Marche Block.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a first class drug store. Address H. W. S., Arlington street, Haverhill, Mass.

FOR SALE—Quick Lunch Rooms. New and modern; one of the best in Lowell, and on principal street. Satisfactory reason for selling. Address Marshall, Sun office.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $3200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 8 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 339 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house; good repair, large lot of land. Price $2200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 22 Middle street.

Only Perfect Bath Cabinet: Latest patent: Greatest seller. R. M. Irwin, Trenton, N. J.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 109 Merrimack street.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS.—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

MAKE YOUR MONEY EARN MONEY—The money-making chances in Stocks, Wheat, Cotton and Bonds are better and safer now than ever before. There are no losses under our plan, and a stipulated income on your capital is guaranteed. Every facility for successful investment is offered our clients. Write for free advice and literature, showing how you may increase your income without risk. C. E. Mackey & Co., 9 Wall street, New York.

MONEY TO LOAN

We loan money on good SECOND MORTGAGES. We also make building loans and buy houses for you on the "Rent pays for home" plan. AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 137 Central Street, Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

NAPKINS

What kind?

PAPER

To reduce our stock we are now selling

PAPER NAPKINS

BELOW COST.

The stock is not all, and at the Present Prices the buyer saves Money.

10c. PER HUNDRED

—TO—

60c. PER HUNDRED.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

The Wonderful New Drink.

"Gloria"

You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA pleases a different set of nerves,
But makes an improvement in your curves.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Help you walk upright and not on your head.
Parting we say it will make you a man.
And not have the name of rushing the can;
Likely to give you a new lease of life;
Possibly the same effect on your wife.
Drink GLORIA today and more tomorrow;
You'd have very little trouble to borrow.

5 Cents everywhere.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

THAT'S RIGHT!

When you want a nice piece of Jewelry or a fine Watch

COME TO

LEGAULT & CO.

The Reliable Jewelers,

70 CENTRAL ST.

Now is the Time

TO BUY A

Richmond Range

If your old range is not giving satisfaction buy a RICHMOND RANGE before the coming of the severely cold weather. You will save money in doing so.

Floor Coverings of All Descriptions at the Lowest Prices

Come and see our Heating Stoves. You will wonder how we sell them so cheap.

General Furniture Satisfactory in Quality and Price.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION

HOT COFFEE. FREE SAMPLE.

THE BEST 25c. COFFEE YOU EVER SAW

—AT THE—

Banner Market Grocery

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE,

68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.

John P. Squire's Sugar Cured Ham,	8c
Fresh Pork,	6c
Fore Quarters Lamb,	7c
Hind Quarters Lamb,	10c

THIS WEEK ONLY

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

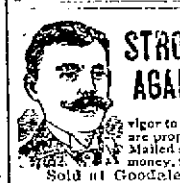
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $15 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rectless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 26, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

$5 to $10 a Set

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.



STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

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Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

446 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

Ladies' High Cut

Lace Shoes, made from box calf stock, 3 soles, a first class storm or skating boot, regular $2.50 value, sale price $1.75 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN.

215 DUTTON ST.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,

52 to 60 Charles St.

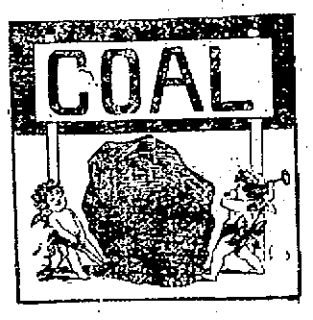
465 Lawrence St.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR.

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.



WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU

With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it of us, as we will give you the best and cleanest Coal in the market at the least possible prices.

D. W. HORNE & SON,

15 Central Street.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY

Wholesale Dealers in

Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,

SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,

Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.

Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.

532-4—Telephone—322-3.

Dr. DONEHUE DENTIST

THE CHANGES IN FOOTWEAR.

The Sharp Points Are Giving Way to the English Bull-Dog Toe and Good Scotch Heel.

WOMEN WITH MUCH SOLE.

In the House Feminine Daintiness Rules in the Matter of Stocking and Shoes.

A LADY KNOWN BY HER BOOTS

"How do you tell a lady?" propounded a clubwoman the other day.

"By her boots," said a Gothamite.

"And her bonnet, of course," added a Brooklynite.

"Don't forget her gloves," whispered a Philadelphian.

So, by a symposium of clubwomen a woman is adjudged a lady by her boots, her bonnet and her gloves—with the boots coming first.

With the long enveloping cloaks now in style very little can be seen except these articles and a woman must depend for her style upon the elegance of the three.

If you will ask the average woman how much the style in shoes can change in a year she may say "not at all," but on second thought she will tell you that there are subtle changes all the time which, at the end of the year, count for a great deal. On going to get a pair of pointed toed shoes the other day a woman was met with a polite stare from the clerk.

"For the street?" asked the clerk. "Oh, we have none of that description—except for the house."

"Actually," said one woman, "I felt as out of date as if I had asked for Congress gaiters."

"I am sorry about the toes," sighed another woman that had just become used to the needle points, "for now I must jump into the clumsy broad English bull-dog shoes when toothpick points fit me best."

RETURN OF FRENCH HEELS.

There have been so many things for the clubwomen to discuss that the denunciation of the French heel has made the most of the fall and crept back into vogue. For instance, in milady's dress shoes the slender curved heel is almost three inches high, the top of the shoe is of cloth or dull glove kid and the vamp or patent leather.

For the house two styles are used—a heavy, broad, thick, rolled tie, either entirely of patent leather with large brass eyelets for the broad silk strings, or heavy tan leather with black heels and soles.

Then there is the Puritan slipper of soft tan leather with a narrow square toe, quite a heavy extension sole, a high flaring tongue and leather bow held by a nickle buckle, but so inconsistent a three-inch French heel! There seems scarcely to be an end to the vagaries in house slippers. It looks, sometimes, as though the odds and ends of the dressmaker had been purchased for the purpose of making pretty fancy slippers.

For the boudoir a dainty slipper is a mule with just the cloth too of Scotch plaid silk and pasted over the dangerously high heel is the same silk. Across the instep is a band of black fur.

EVENING SLIPPERS.

For evening slippers one's fancy can have full sway. Satin tips in all colors or dancing slippers made from a scrap of the gown with which they are to be worn are seen.

For a quiet little dance there are patent leather slippers with high red heels or the smartest little patent leather "pumps," made very mannish with little or no heels.

The fur-lined brocaded silk evening boots to wear right over the dancing slipper are clumsy looking but indispensable to a girl who goes out a great deal. These are often seen in democratic New York in cable car or elevated train of an evening, for in a city where distances are so great, cabs are nuisances. It takes so long to go in this way that one prefers electricity or steam of a cold night to a slow-going horse.

The velvet-covered fur-edged foot-warmers used in a victoria or landau are very comforting.

From shoes to stockings is but a step, and as many novelties are shown in one as the other. The most marked is the return of clocks, gayly embroidered on black, blue or maroon silken hose, sometimes in the form of a rose vine, or again, just green leaves, but the embroidery is always in light shades.

Nickel blue stockings are powdered with white silk polka-dots, and navy blue stockings have bias light Roman stripes running around.

Plaided stockings in silk or fine cashmere are more used than ever; sometimes the plaids are bias, but often straight.

The half-colored stockings are not used as much as formerly, but an odd pair were checker-boarded with black and white half way up, then black alone.

Open-work stockings are the favorites for evening, quite often showing real lace appliqued. Stockings with sequin trimming over the instep are actually seen, but, of course, they are to be worn only with slippers.

HOME-MADE STOCKINGS.

Fancy stockings are so expensive that many women, with more taste than money, are making them at home. They buy the plain stocking and embroider it to suit the slippers.

In shoes for winter a dull finish is sought. This is put on with a kid glove which has been wrung out of oil until almost dry. The shoe gets, in this way, a dull, dressy finish which is admirable.

On pleasant days the shoes come forth shining, for then patent leathers are worn.

A word about skating shoes. They are usually made to order of black or brown, a heavy, broad shoe of the "bull-dog" type, coming quite high, though not quite so high as the bicycle boots.

Tights are often used instead of petticoats, or silk or light woolen bloomers are liked. All of the fashionable set are great skaters, and the ice rinks, where lessons are given, have boasted the smartest debutantes and matrons among the pupils.

It is the style in Gotham to be healthy, therefore, warm, comfortable stockings are worn in the street, and stout, good shoes. The "paper" sole is for dancing only; or for the parlor, but in the street its thin and necessarily soggy appearance is a sign of poverty.

MARY GOODWIN HUBBELL.

THE EMPRESS AS A COLONEL.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST OF THE EMPRESS ALL WORDS OF FRENCH ORIGIN HAVE BEEN BANISHED FROM THE ARMY, AS SHE DESIRES. HER SOLDIERS TO USE ONLY THE PUREST OF GERMAN.

AN EASTER COSTUME OF 100 YEARS AGO.

THE BELLE OF THE EARLY CENTURY

THE FADS AND FANCIES OF THE NEW YEAR WOMAN OF 1899.

A PROGRESSIVE EMPRESS.

In Germany as in America it has always been considered a mark of superior education to be able to throw in a French word here and there; to punctuate one's language, so to speak, with a foreign phrase; and to guide one's speech with a line from another tongue.

But the German Empress—she who has always distinguished herself as being a quiet woman with only the raising of her children as an object in life—has decided otherwise, and owing to her opinion the Kaiser has just issued the most extraordinary command to his army.

The last issue of the royal organ of Berlin publishes an imperial cabinet order substituting German for all French words now employed in the army, or for words of French origin. The paper, in another column, says that the Kaiser is determined to promote the use of pure German in his empire, and with that end in view has banished all foreign words from army and navy use. This shuts out an immense variety of terms, for, until one stops to think, one has no idea how many foreign words are employed in every-day conversation.

The German Empress, who has worked to bring about this inovation, has always been a stickler for pure German. As a Princess of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, which is one of the oldest of German Provinces, she aimed to speak only the purest German, and up to the time of her marriage she was unable to understand even a word of any other language—a most remarkable state of affairs for a royal Princess.

Immediately upon her entrance to the Court of Berlin she was compelled to take lessons of private tutors in English, French and Russian, but it was several years before she learned these sufficiently to preside without embarrassment at her own court functions.

The Empress has long since learned to speak all foreign languages, but she likes German best, and has always been greatly distressed at the careless way in which the children of Germany were speaking their native tongue.

In English, as a mark of refinement, we sound the G and speak the Boston A, and in Germany there are just as delicate refinements of speech. These the Empress caused to be introduced in the public schools some years ago, and she gives every year certain prizes to poor children who speak German with a clear, good accent. The language of the street urchin is to her very offensive, for she does not like to hear the Kaiser's German murdered.

When the Kaiserin was appointed a Colonel of the Emperor's Guard she playfully remarked that she would want to introduce certain improvements, and His Majesty replied that she would be allowed to do so. Now at length she has taken him at his royal word. She has asked that only the best of German be used in military documents. This to a country, just over the border, means a great deal, for though these nations may be separated by a strong national feeling there have been international marriages, and so a patois is formed thereby.

The Empress of Germany is a very progressive woman, although she has never been given credit as such. Only a woman of great strength of character would have cared to go to the Holy Land at such a season. The Empress faithfully accompanied her husband every step of the way.

She is well posted on art matters and her criticism greatly aided the Kaiser in his allegorical painting of a year ago. She is a magnificent musician, and is as good a critic of theatricals as of music. In ten years the Kaiserin—now that her family can take care of itself—will be as well known in the world of women, as the progressive women of Germany predict, as the Kaiser is known in the world of men.

The Kaiserin is not a pretty woman, for she has high cheek bones and has a tendency toward stoutness, which she constantly fights down. She inherits this from her mother, who grew immensely fat at a very early age. The Kaiserin rides horseback and takes frequent violent exercise to keep down her size, but it constantly increases until now she is very near the 200 mark. Still she is a handsome woman with a good presence, and of such fine height that she carries her weight without being at all noticeable. In fact she would pass for a woman of only 145 pounds.

As Colonel of the Guards she is a very pretty sight, and, now that she has come out strongly in favor of all things German, her popularity is increased fifty-fold.

THE BLACK STOCKING HAS GONE OUT AND THE PLAID AND THE STRIPED STOCKING HAS COME IN.

REMEMBRANCE RINGS.

The very latest thing in remembrance rings is a ring with a stone of rock. This typifies eternal remembrance.

A certain gentleman of this city has a ring and scarfpin to match, each set with a small rock.

The rock is supposed to be from the rock of Gibraltar. But there is a New Jersey firm engaged in turning out these rock rings in such quantities that the observer is led to doubt if the rock of Gibraltar could furnish them all.

Yet, they are Gibraltar rings, just the same—eternal in memory

VICTORIA'S PICTURE OF EUGENIE.

QUEEN VICTORIA IS SO FOND OF HER FRIEND, THE EX-EMPRESS OF FRANCE, THAT SHE ANNUALLY REQUESTS HER TO HAVE A SPECIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN FOR HER OWN PLEASURE. THIS IS EUGENIE'S LATEST GIFT TO VICTORIA.

TWO WOMEN FRIENDS OF EUROPE

It used to be playfully remarked that Queen Victoria and the ex-Empress Eugenie were never so happy as when shedding tears together over a cup of afternoon tea. That time has passed and the feeling of playfulness has deepened into one of respect for the great friendship which exists between these two remarkable women. One great because of her magnificent reign which includes almost the whole of the nineteenth century, and the other remarkable because of her life history.

When Eugenie suffered the great loss of her life in the death of her son, twenty years ago, she found a sympathetic friend in Queen Victoria, who had known what it was to lose those dearest to her.

That tie was the one which bound these two women together and it formed the basis of the great friendship which has since existed between them. Supported by a lapse of years, for there is a wide difference in their ages, they have yet a great deal in common, for both are masculine women, strong in thought and active in mind. They are women who have little thought for dress, but all the thought in the world for the affairs of the world.

Every year the ex-empress pays a long visit to Queen Victoria and the two talk together for hours, until the ladies-in-waiting to the queen suggest to the ex-empress that Her Majesty is tired. Forcibly separated they part only to renew their conversation next day. It is a familiar sight to see these two women, one supernaturally young and the other prematurely old, sitting on one of the benches at Balmoral, or driving together in the queen's pony phaeton, always deep in thought.

It has frequently been maliciously whispered that Eugenie has an axe to grind when she goes to see Victoria, but if so the ex-empress grinds it so quietly that no one but herself is the wiser. This year she took with her the great burden of the trouble between France and England. She feared that it might break out over the Fashoda difference and she talked it over many times with Victoria, making the latter promise that she would do all in her power to prevent any hostility between the two nations.

"The queen is a hard woman to influence, but when she separated from Eugenie she said: "If war should break out between France and England, I sought ask God to allow me to die before hostilities began."

This was interpreted by the English to mean that the queen would prohibit war between the two countries as strongly as a queen could prohibit war.

So then is the tie between these two women that when Victoria has been in poor health Eugenie has pined, for she feels that when this, her strongest friend dies, she will have little to live for.

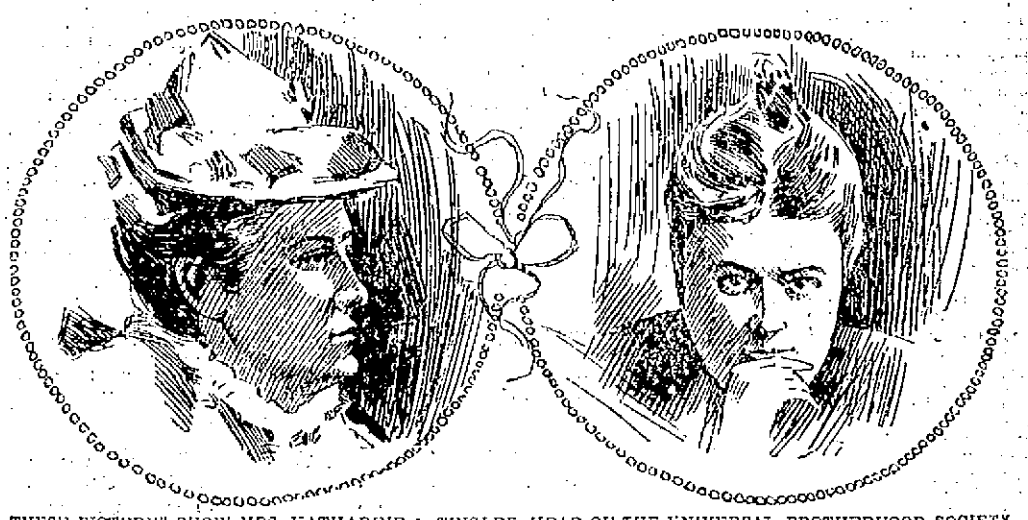
Although Eugenie is not now on the throne of France, and stands no chance of ever becoming its empress, she still feels very dear to that country, and would greatly grieve at its misfortune. She watches France as a separated mother watches the career of a dear child, and her life is bound up in the joys and sorrows of her pet city—Paris!

It is said that Eugenie cared little for the sorrows of Spain, although she was a Spanish princess. Certain it is that she used no influence to keep England from siding with the United States. But when it comes to trouble between England and France, that is different.

It is a matter of royal gossip that Eugenie, who once had a thousand dresses a year, now wears only one at a time, and when that is worn out she gets another one. She wears no jewelry, does not dress becomingly and seems to have lost all her coquetry for fascination.

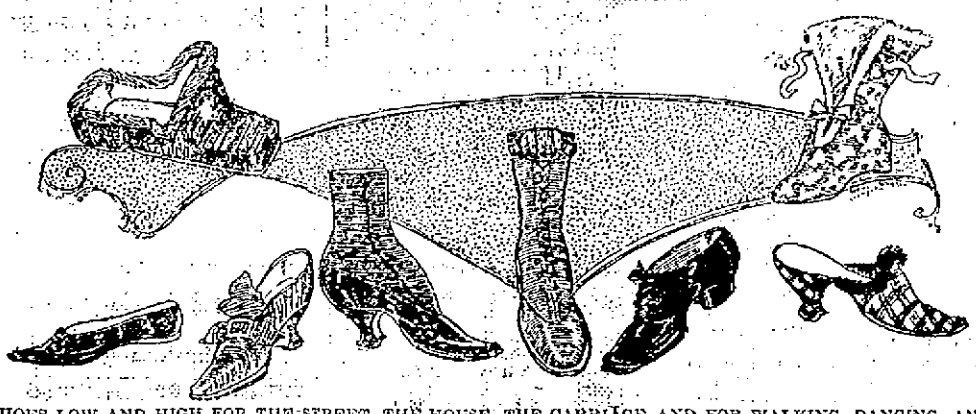
But she still speaks well and, like certain great beauties, she will be a woman of power to the end of the chapter.

A RECENT VIEW OF MRS. TINGLEY.



THESE PICTURES SHOW MRS. KATHARINE A. TINGLEY, HEAD OF THE UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD SOCIETY, AS SHE LOOKS AT HOME AND AS SHE APPEARS IN HER STREET DRESS. SHE HAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN WORK OF GENERAL PHILANTHROPY AND IS STILL CARING FOR A HOSPITAL FULL OF CONVALESCENT SOLDIERS.

THE LATEST FANCIES IN FEMININE SHOES.



SHOES LOW AND HIGH FOR THE STREET, THE HOUSE, THE CARRIAGE AND FOR WALKING, DANCING AND CYCLING.

A CHANCE IN NEW YORK.

The Western Girl Conquers With Her Progressiveness and the Southern Girl With Her Soft Voice.

"There are a great many chances for out-of-town girls now in New York," said the president of a woman's club the other day; "I do not mean for the poorer class of young women, but for educated ones. I know now at least 100 girls who are living independently in New York, as girl bachelors, who earn a livelihood at the trades, occupations and professions and of them all, not more than 6 per cent. are New York girls. It is the day of the out-of-town girl.

"Southern girls succeed best. Their beauty and soft gentle ways captivate. Their talents are great, too, especially along the lines of literature, but they marry too soon.

"Western girls are remarkable along the progressive lines. Their clear headedness makes them admirable in the professions. They are ideal as business managers and in positions requiring general good health and good nature. They make excellent wives, too, but they are wiry and hard to suit. They do not marry the first man that asks them.

"Which do I like best? Don't ask me! Well! Give me the Southern girl. Her soft accent is to me irresistible."

"THE LASSO." A FAVORITE COTILLION FIGURE IN THE JANUARY DANCES.

THIS PRETTY FIGURE IS DANCED IN DOUBLE ROWS DOWN EACH SIDE OF THE ROOM. THE GENTLEMEN LASSO THEIR FAIR PARTNERS WITH RIBBON OR WITH LONG STRIPS OF LASSO PAPER WHICH COMES FOR THE PURPOSE.

THE GIRL OF '99.

She Must Model Her-self Along These Lines If She Wants to Please the Chappies.

(The Confession of a New York Dude.)

All women are fond of dudes.

All dudes are fond of women.

A dude meant in other days a dandy, a fop, but the dude of to-day is more. He is a dandy, according to the very latest interpretation of the name. He fought well in the Spanish War—the dude—and in times of peace he lives well.

The dudes, or the chappies, have their feminine ideals. This is the girl of '99, according to the best ideal of the chappies.

She will be slender, the girl of '99, extremely so, yet not attenuated. She will be lithe and willowy, with that very stylish air which only comes with lithness. Her waist will be the athletic waist. This is the waist which looks small because it has a blouse jacket falling over it and a big, round skirt emerging from it. The girl of '99 will not be an hour glass, by any means, nor a meal bag; far from it, she will have an athletic waist—you know what that is—broad and full.

The girl of '99 will be extremely accomplished. She will be able not only to argue, but to laugh. Any girl can argue. Argument comes with narrow-mindedness, with the single-souledness, with the petty sentiments of a little nature. But to laugh takes broad-mindedness.

We can all of us laugh at the joys and sorrows of a year ago, but it is hard to laugh at the sorrows of to-day. The girl of '99 will meet the vicissitudes of the day and the hour with a philosophic smile, and will laugh long all through the year. That is the twentieth century girl.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

GOOD TEAS AND COFFEES.

Our teas are strictly new crop, high grade. Our coffees are fresh roasted and ground to order. DICKSON BROS., 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Full line of Blank Books at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central St.

Watches cleaned, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 16 Thorndike St.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Vespers went to Lawrence to play the Home club of that city. Following is the result:

POOL.

Vespers—A. M. Chadwick, 75; A. K. Chadwick, 64; totals, 139.

Home Club—Priestman, 60; Eastham, 76; totals, 136.

BILLIARDS.

Vespers—Farrington, 150; Leighton, 123; totals, 273.

Home Club—Lannigan, 119; Morris, 150 total, 269.

WHIST.

Vespers, 318, plus 1.

Home Club, 311 minus 17.

BOWLING.

Vespers—Adams, 476; Wellman, 568; Fels, 540; Hill, 437; Grover, 529; totals 2493.

Home Club—Robinson, 447; Sherman, 480; Dow, 410; Day, 550; Pond, 519; totals, 2407.

Company G team defeated Boucher's team at the armory yesterday afternoon. The score:

Co. G—Fairweather, 501; Dodge, 481; Jones, 446; Durant, 394; Brock, 512; totals, 2334.

Boucher's Team—Waugh, 390; Hennessy, 441; Delmore, 436; Boucher, 372; Sub, 413; totals, 2055.

Tenuis Three and One of the High school played at Les Miserables in the afternoon and rolled the following scores:

Team Three—O'Sullivan, 351; Bennett, 330; Goddard, 339; Libby, 353; Jewett, 436; totals, 1809.

Team One—Kelley, 378; Harmon, 446; Conant, 332; Brady, 264; Davis, 333; totals, 1733.

The Defenders last night met and defeated the Heroes on Les Miserables alleys in a very exciting game. The matter of winning the contest was decided by only 8 pins. The score:

Defenders—Bridge, 402; Jordan, 385; Buckley, 468; Lyons, 449; sub, 499; totals, 2198.

Heroes—Flood, 463; McCaffery, 370; Whalen, 416; McShea, 466; sub, 470; totals, 2190.

FATAL FALL

FROM A CART—THOMAS MURRAY THE VICTIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MELROSE, Jan. 20.—Thomas Murray a well-known resident of this town was fatally injured this afternoon while at work for the Metropolitan park commission in the Middlesex Fells reservation.

He was driving his tip cart when his horse became frightened at a carriage with rubber tires in which were seated two women. The horse shied and threw Murray out of the cart.

He struck on his head against a stone, making an ugly gash. He was brought to the Melrose hospital where he died soon after his arrival.

He was about 60 years old and leaves a wife and grown up family on Tremont street.

SHOT IN HEAD

BALTIMORE WOMAN HELD FOR KILLING HER HUSBAND.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 21.—Azariah Reckard was found in a dying condition with a bullet hole in his head yesterday at his home here and his wife is under arrest, charged with having shot him.

Reckard died soon after his removal to the hospital, and the police say the shooting was the result of jealousy. The woman was found wandering in her night dress and told the police that she was awakened from sleep by a pistol shot and saw a colored man in the room, whereupon she leaped from the window, carrying the sash with her and escaped. The pistol with which the shooting was done could not be found.

KIRK ST. CHURCH

ANNUAL MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

The annual meeting of the Kirk street Congregational church was held last evening. Rev. W. A. Bartlett was the moderator and George H. Spalding was chosen clerk pro. tem.

The report of the treasurer showed receipts to the amount of $3566.31; balance on hand, $23.07. The report of the secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school, Geo. H. Spalding, showed general receipts and expenditures of $304; class accounts, $255.

Other reports were submitted.

Deacon H. B. Shattuck, though he deprecated further service, was reelected for another term, receiving 61 out of 63 votes.

Other elections were as follows: Clerk and treasurer, A. L. Thompson; deaconesses, Alice Merrill, Mrs. J. B. Trueworthy, Mrs. Burrill, and Mrs. Jolley; chief usher, Henry Hyde; superintendent of Central mission, R. W. McAllister with the deacons as an official board; auditor, Geo. W. Bachelder.

Appropriations—Sunday school, $200; flowers, $50; social purposes, $50.

The meeting closed about 9.30 o'clock with the singing of a familiar hymn and the benediction by the pastor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31½ MERR. ST.

PRIVATE DEMPSEY

Writes a Tale of the Late War.

ENTITLED "HIS LAST GOOD BYE."

Story of a Brave Soldier's Death.

John W. Dempsey of Co. G, Sixth regiment, contributes the following story of an occurrence of the late war. It is an actual happening though the names of the parties are disguised and it will be read with interest by the soldier boys who will at once recognize the characters. Private Dempsey gives the title "His Last Good Bye" to the story which follows:

"In a certain Massachusetts village there was a local militiary company which contained some well-known young men of the place among whom was one who was the support of a widowed mother whose husband served in the Civil War losing an arm there and had died since then. At the outbreak of the war between America and Spain when the call for volunteers rang far and wide, everybody was filled with the desire to enlist, especially the young men of this militia company. When they were asked to go they all accepted but this young man and being asked the reason, he said: "I cannot in justice to my mother leave her; who will there be to take care of her?"

At last it got noised around that Jack Conway, which was his name, was afraid to go and so must be a coward. It was one of the topics among his fellow soldiers, one of whom was a chum of his called Ned. One day not long after, a lot of them in Jack's absence began to taunt Ned about the cowardice of his friend Jack, when Ned spoke up and said "Shame, boys, to speak of him so. His father served through the Civil war, and as for himself, who was it when Deacon Jones' house was ablaze, and his little daughter appeared at an upper story window and everybody stood appalled at the sight, thinking she was doomed to be burned to death, who was it who rushed into the burning building and rescued her at the risk of his own life, and who was so severely burned that he lay for weeks suffering on a bed of pain? And who was it that was always ready to give a helping hand to the poor and needy? It was no one else, as you all know, but Jack Conway, and then to have those he calls friends charge him as a coward behind his back. Shame on such friends."

The boys began to feel ashamed of themselves, but it did not stop the talk any.

It at last got to his own ears and going to his mother, he said, "I must leave you; I must go."

The company he joined was called away, and as he bade good bye to his gray haired mother, who sadly allowed him to go while tears were coursing down her withered cheeks, he pressed her to his heart, and, as he tried to stay the tears that came unbidden to his own eyes, he said, "Cheer up Mother; the war will soon be over, and then I will come back to you, never to leave you again."

Ah, little did he know that they will never meet again on this earth. He was among the first to land in Cuba, and often made his comrades wonder at his deeds of bravery.

One time, when water was needed, and the spring was within sight of the Spanish sharpshooters, it was he who took a number of the boys' canteens, and under the crack of the Mauser bullets, went and brought back water to those who were suffering so much with thirst. At another time, when on a march, when a fellow soldier fell down in a faint he remained by him, standing over him to shield him from the hot sun, and took his own hat off to cool his fevered brow, and when they were ready to proceed, carried all of the other's load beside his own. And at the gallant charge up San Juan hill he was among the foremost until he fell mortally wounded by a deadly Mauser bullet.

He was carried by his comrades to a place called a hospital, and laid on a cot. And as the doctor stood over him, he asked "Will I live?" and the doctor looked grave and sadly shook his head. The poor sufferer said "Well never mind; it is God's will, and it is in a good cause." He lingered for days, suffering in silence, and God alone knew his thoughts of the dear old mother so far away.

The end drew near, and his wandering mind went through the sad scene of leaving home again, and hearts stout and true loved and sympathized with the dying soldier.

He died surrounded by the very ones whom he befriended, and the last word he uttered was "mother," and many were the eyes that were dimmed with unshed tears as they thought of their own dear mother whom they might never see again.

They prepared a rough coffin and placed his body carefully in it, wrapping the flag for which he had died, around him. Four of his comrades carried him, followed by the regiment, until they came to a newly dug grave. And in obedience to orders given in a low respectful voice, they formed a hollow square, and as the body was lowered the Chaplain read the burial service. As I stood there in the glare of the hot sun that day, while they were burying him my thought were far away. I thought of the facing mother who had held the bright faced boy in her arms, and had thanked God for the joy he had sent into her life. How she had watched every evidence of his opening mind; how lovingly she listened for the first spoken word. And then how happy she was as he played around her, or climbed into her lap and threw his little arms around her neck and kissed her. The school days came and go, she watches him go and listens with impatience until she hears his returning step. Then comes the dark day when the father died and the little one, now grown to manhood says "never mind, mother, you have only me now, but I will take care of you," which he does. Then came the war he said "good bye; I'll be back; my country's call." He went out of her sight. I wonder where she is today. Like many others she waited and waited in vain for news of her boy. He told them not to write until he is better, as she will be uneasy about him.

Well, mother, he is better today. No more long weary marches and lonely night watches of the picket. And the day of battle will come for him no more; and when she hears of his death her already heavily laden heart will beat more wearily, if it does not break altogether.

A squad of soldiers fired three volleys over his grave, and as each volley broke the stillness of the solemn hour the scene became more sad, more painfully oppressive. The bugler, through the sobs he scarcely could smother, sounded taps, that most beautiful of all calls, which means "lights out." Just as this soldier's life went out. And as the echo came to us through the hills, God alone knows what thoughts coursed through the minds of those comrades who such a short time ago taunted him with being a coward. They placed a board at the head of his grave with the simple inscription

"Not a Coward, but a Hero."

Sleep, comrade, sleep, tho' we all will miss thee,
Who left you in thine lone grave today;
Alas, soon thy country will forget thee,
And thy name from the earth pass away.
But there's one who'll remember; 'tis mother,
Who nursed you in sickness and pain.
The God above makes room for another,
A hero we'll ne'er meet again.

In Pain?

In the Back? Then probably the kidneys.
In the Chest? Then probably the lungs.
In the Joints? Then probably rheumatism.

No matter where it is, nor what kind; you need have it no longer. It may be an hour, a day, or a year old; it must yield to

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after applying; if you feel its soothing, warming, strengthening power.

It quiets congestion; draws out inflammation.

It is a new plaster.

A new combination of new remedies. Made after new methods. Entirely unlike any other plaster.

The Triumph of Modern Medical Science.

The Perfected Product of years of Patient Toil.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the treatment of all throat and lung affections.

Placed over the stomach, it stops nausea and vomiting; over the bowels, it controls cramps and colic.

Placed over the small of the back, it removes all congestion from the kidneys and greatly strengthens weakness.

For sale by all Druggists.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THROWN 20 FEET

BY AN ENGINE BUT BRIDGET HUGHES WAS UNHURT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Bridget Hughes of Mt. Vernon was struck by an express train on the N. Y., N. H., & H. R. R. railroad and was hurled 20 feet in the air and escaped without injury. After the accident she walked to her home, a mile away, and prepared supper for her husband.

Mrs. Hughes is 65 years old. When a reporter called upon her this evening he found her preparing supper for her husband.

"I'm all right," she said. "but I don't know how I escaped death. All I know is that I have walked the railroad tracks for the last time in my life."

PERSONAL.

Rev. H. Lockhart preaches his last sermon at the Chelmsford street church one week from next Sunday.

Mrs. Stetson Gordon who returned last month from a prolonged visit to relatives in Philadelphia and who has been a sufferer from the grip nearly all the time since her return is now able to be out and about.

Mrs. Artemas S. Young of 73 Beech street is rapidly recovering after a very severe attack of grip.

Arthur C. Moore with his uncle, George E. Parker, has gone to Jamaica for three months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Boynton were among the guests at the brilliant wedding of Mr. Arthur Lang Foster and Miss Lydia Armenell Ackley in Immanual Congregational church in Roxbury Wednesday. Mr. Foster, who was formerly a clerk in the Appleton bank, and now teller in the Eliot Savings bank of Boston is a brother of Mrs. Boynton.

Miss Sarah Johnson of Exeter, who was taken ill on the train while on her way home a few days ago and was brought to St. John's hospital, has recovered and set out for her home yesterday.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

CHISHOLM LOSES

To Patsy Sweeney at Manchester, N. H.

LOWELL MAN PUT UP GAME FIGHT

But Was Outpointed by Opponent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 21.—One of the liveliest boxing exhibitions ever held in this city was witnessed at Mechanics' hall last evening, when "Patsy" Sweeney of this city defeated Billy Chisholm of Lowell in twelve rounds.

About 600 local and out-of-town sports occupied seats and the entire day force of policemen were on duty at the hall. Chief Healy, Deputy Chief Cassidy and Sergeant O'Dowd were present on the stage, but the services of the officers were not necessary as the exhibition went off in a very smooth manner. A sixteen-foot ring was pitched and the betting seemed to be in favor of the local man, with odds of 8 to 2.

The first event scheduled was a ten-round contest between Bob Montgomery of Boston and George Gardner of this city. Montgomery is a colored man who has acquired considerable notoriety as a pugilist, and proved himself a hard fighter. George Gardner, his opponent, is a young boxer who has gained some reputation and is willing to meet any 145-pound man in New England. The official time-keeper was George V. Toohey of Boston and John J. Sullivan of Boston acted as referee.

The contest was scheduled at catch weights, and both men weighed close to 145 pounds, Gardner having a little the better of it in height. Montgomery's seconds were Mattie Flaherty and Tim Kearns of Boston, while Artie Allen and Jack Walker seconded Gardner.

The principal bout of the evening was then announced, and Billy Chisholm entered the ring, seconded by Billy Taylor, Birge Cutter and "Young" Chisholm. He weighed at 126 pounds. Sweeney entered shortly afterward and was roundly applauded. For seconds he had Tom Maguire, Jack Caley and Jim Stewart. He weighed 124 pounds. Both seemed to be in the pink of condition, Chrisholm having a little the advantage in height, though his reach was not as good as that of the Manchester lad.

At 10.20 the referee called the men to the center of the ring and cautioned them as to hitting on the breakaway. At 10.25 he called time and the men started.

Round 1—Chisholm led and Sweeney rushed, landing left and rights repeatedly. The Lowell man led out with a light left on the ear and Sweeney returned with a succession of straight jabs and uppercuts and got off with a punch on the chin. The round ended in Sweeney's favor and Chisholm bleeding freely from the nose.

Round 2—This was practically a repetition of the first round, Chisholm avoiding some punishment by clever ducking, but could not get away from straight arm blows which Sweney seemed to deal out at will, Chisholm landing an occasional left in the wind, but with little effect.

Round 3—Sweeney started in fast and got in a succession of blows without a return. Chisholm ducked a vicious swing and both clinched. Sweeney landed uppercuts and Chisholm swung low and wild. Sweeney landed a stiff right on the face, followed by two straight jabs and took a left on the ear and both clinched. Sweeney landed right on Chisholm's face repeatedly and Chisholm ducked; both exchanged lefts. Sweney landed three hard lefts on the chin. The round ended in Sweeney's favor. Chisholm bleeding freely and appearing somewhat weary.

Round 4—The Lowell boy was a little groggy but led with a hook on the body. Sweeney got back with a right on the face and an exchange of lefts followed. Chisholm swung wild and received several stiff ones in the face, which covered his countenance with blood. Both clinched, Sweeney landing right on face and both countered with left. Sweeney landed left and right in rapid succession and the round closed with an exchange of lefts and rights.

Round 5—Chisholm was gradually weakening and did not look as though he could stand another round. He led and an exchange of rights followed by a left on the face from Sweeney, who continued to rush matters and had his man dazed at the call of time. Chisholm was covered with his own gore but seemed to stand his punishment with considerable gameness.

Round 6—Both got in close and a clinch followed. Sweeney got in with rights and left and uppercuts, seeming to hit his man just when and where he chose and keeping out of reach of his adversary's wild swings.

Round 7—Sweeney rushed and landed a left uppercut which staggered his opponent and again started the blood. Chisholm took a brace and landed left on the jaw and got one in the mouth in return. This was the Lowell man's best round, but Sweeney's pace was too fast and he was obliged to take several jabs and uppercuts which called for loud applause.

Rounds 8 and 9 were in Sweeney's favor throughout, and his opponent was swinging wild and showed considerable weakness.

Round 10—Chisholm served as a punching bag for his opponent, who landed at will and did not allow the Lowell man to reach him once.

Rounds 11 and 12 were one-sided. Sweeney knocked his man at short range, playing for the heart with the right and placing his left on the jaw and face. In the last round they exchanged lefts and Sweeney ducked a right swing and slipped to the floor. He then put in three left-handers on the face, and past before the call of time landed both right and left, staggering his adversary, who was just about able to put up his hands.

The referee awarded the bout to Sweeney amid the cheers of the spectators, and the 600 sports who witnessed the affair counted on "Young Corbett" as a coming light in the roped arena.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made of Cream of Tartar.

Most healthful leavener in the World. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SUPT. BATES

OF FALL RIVER SPOKE TO SCHOOL-TEACHERS.

Supt. Bates of the public schools of Fall River spoke to a large audience composed of local school teachers at the High school hall yesterday afternoon. His subject was "What the Pupils Taught the Teacher," and according to his treatment it proved of great interest.

Superintendent Bates does not believe in depriving the children of their recess nor of keeping them after school as a punishment, to learn lessons. He maintains that if there is not enough in the teacher to enable him to inspire the child to do his work, in school hours, he will not be very successful outside of school hours.

The children, he thinks, should be met more than half way in their affectionate advances. Children are all ready to give more than obedience, if only the teacher is ready to accept it.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

DOWN GO THE PRICES.

Jackets Almost Given Away

BUY NOW. BUY NOW.

$12.50 Jackets now $5.00.
$18.00 Jackets now $8.00.
$25.00 Jackets now $12.00.
$7.50 Jackets now $3.49.
$6.50 Jackets now $2.98.

New Style Separate Skirts, draped, braid and button trimmed, exclusive designs.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

A FEW SPECIAL ITEMS

FOR CONTINUATION OF THE

Sale of the Globe Shoe Stock

We shall sell all the 15 cases of Rubbers for Ladies, Children and Misses, low-cut and storm rubbers,

25c PAIR.

Here are 2 bargains for Men:

We have divided in two lots about 300 pairs of odd lines, real good shoes, in black calf and russet vici kid, bals and congress, but there are sizes out in some of these, and to close them out we offer them for

98c PAIR and $1.39 PAIR.

Worth $1.50 to $2.50. Worth $2.50 to $3.00.

We can fit you to a pair of these, no doubt, and save you some money.

And then for Children's and Misses:

We have also divided the assortment in 2 lots, from the shoes Sears sold $1.00 and $1.50 and we will sell them

50c and 89c.

All solid well made shoes, and good styles, in black, russet, lace and buttons. These are only a few bargains of this good stock, and it will pay all to come and look over the new lots we are bringing out every day.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A Murder

Right Here in Lowell.

Cor. of Central and Middlesex Sts.

Next Door to Drug Store.

CLOTHING

Is to be Slaughtered.

WAIT! WAIT!

We open SATURDAY, Jan. 21st, and will have in operation

A Big Blue Tag Sale

Which is slashing affair. We are the Originators in Everybody's Mouth.

Money Saving

Men's $7.00 Overcoats,	$1.98
Men's $10.00 Overcoats,	$3 98
Men's $12.00 Overcoats,	4.98
Men's $13.50 Overcoats,	6 89
Men's $15.00 Covert Overcoats,	7 48
Men's $15.00 Covert Overcoats,	7.98
Men's $15.00 Spring Covert Overcoats,	5.98
Men's $18.00 Light Covert Overcoats,	9.98
Youth's $10.00 Ulsters,	2 48
Men's $12.00 Ulsters,	3 48
Men's $15.00 Ulsters,	4 98
Men's $6.00 Suits,	1.98
Men's $7.00 Suits,	2.98
Men's $8.00 Suits,	3.98
Men's $10.00 Suits,	4.98
Men's $12.00 Suits,	6 48
Men's $13.50 Suits,	7.48
Men's $15.00 Suits,	9 98
Men's $7.00 Reefers,	2.98
Men's 25 cent Silk Handkerchiefs,	7c.
Boys' $6.00 All Wool Long Pant Suits,	1.98
Boys' $1.00 Sweaters, all colors,	39c.
Men's $2.50 Pants,	98c.
Men's $3.00 Pants,	1.24
Men's $3.50 Pants,	1.48
Men's $4.00 Pants,	1.98
Men's 40 cent Overalls, Jumpers,	14c.
Men's Odd Vests,	48c.
Men's 75 cent White Shirts,	38c.
Men's 87 cent Shirts, fancy bosom and cuffs,	34c.
Men's Grey 40c. Shirts or Drawers,	18c.
Men's 75 cent Shirts, fleece lined,	29c.
Men's $2.00 Hats,	93c.
Men's 50c. Winter Caps,	14c.
Men's 25c. Suspenders,	9c.
Men's 15c. Cotton Hose,	4c.
Men's 25c. All Wool Blue Hose,	9c.
Men's $1.00 Blue Rib Shirts and Drawers,	46c.
Boys' 40c. Knee Pants,	9c.
Boys' $1.75 Blue Chinchilla Reefers,	97c.
Children's $3.00 3-piece Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.50 Knee Pant Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.00 Knee Pant Suits,	1 08
Boys' $4.00 Ulsters,	98c.

LOOK FOR BIG BLUE TAG.

Cor. Central and Middlesex Sts.

L. W. RICHARDS, Prop.
A. W. QUIMBY, Manager.

The Clown and the Male is Ours.

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man, and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

THE LOWELL SUN

ANY TWO PAPERS.

The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

22ND YEAR — LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1899. — 8 PAGES 1 CENT.

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

CORP. ALBERT R. ARCHIBALD, of Co. C, Who Will Soon Get a Position in Washington.

Corp. Albert R. Archibald of Company C who has been performing clerical work all the week in the adjutant general's office in Boston is slated for a position in the secretary of war's office in Washington. Before leaving for the scene of the Spanish war, Corp. Archibald was employed as assistant bookkeeper in the office of C. B. Coburn & Co.

THE MAYOTTE CASE

Public Sentiment Strongly for Investigation.

To Prevent a Recurrence of Such Fatalities—Statements of Supt. Davis and Dr. Irish—No Question That Mayotte Was Neglected—Who Shall Investigate.

Seldom, if ever, has public opinion been so thoroughly united upon a matter of public importance as it is now united in demanding an investigation of the death of Mr. Charles W. Mayotte, the victim either of official neglect or an obsolete system who was deserted at the hour of his death by even his custodians and lay no one knows how long, in death on the cold floor of his cell with none so poor to close the lids of his lifeless eyes. Someone or something in the routine of Lowell's jail is at fault and all Lowell, excepting Chairman Faulkner of the board of police and the Morning Citizen want to find it at once to guard against repetitions of such a distressing affair in the future for in these days of transitory prosperity, to quote from the interview of George W. Poore "no man knows what he himself may come to and every citizen wishes to feel that if he should be the next unfortunate to fall he would be treated charitably and humanely." The Mayotte matter was discussed yesterday and the unanimity of opinion was remarkable. Many expressed their views freely to The Sun reporter when assured that their names would not be used a fear of injuring Sheriff Cushing deterring some, while others amusing as it may seem, feared the wrath of the police commission after the inexplicable interview from Chairman Faulkner as printed in yesterday's Mail.

Chairman Faulkner's interview and the efforts of the Courier-Citizen to free the police department of all connection with the affair, have caused many citizens who heretofore did not consider the police department in the matter at all, to begin to ask what connection the police department had with the affair, reminded of the old saying, "If the cap fits you, etc." On the day of Mayotte's death the only paper to cast any insinuations at the police department was the Courier itself, which stated to the effect that Mayotte had been locked up after a spree and his sudden removal from his liquor had wrought the disastrous effect. The Sun was informed that Keeper McQuade gave Mayotte whiskey as he should have done under the circumstances and the Courier discovering the fact, yesterday, printed it.

The only criticism that will be passed on the police department by conservative ones is the manner in which they sent the unfortunate man to jail. When arrested, Mr. Mayotte, ever a neat dresser, wore a tall hat and he did not want to wear it in the patrol wagon because of the attention he would attract. As a result he rode through the streets bareheaded, in a lather of sweat on a day when the thermometer registered several degrees blow the freezing point.

Before passing from the police side of the affair, The Sun prints the following interview which Supt. Davis gave to a Courier reporter yesterday:

"We are anxious for an investigation into our treatment of Charles W. Mayotte, for I am sure that it can have but one result. So far as the police department is concerned, Mayotte received all the attention that he appeared to need. He was brought in last Saturday afternoon on a warrant charging him with selling mortgaged property. He was under the influence of liquor at the time of his arrest but that charge was not pressed.

"From what I learn, Mayotte was shaky, as any man would be after drinking heavily, but he slept well dur-

(Continued to Page Two.

REMNANTS OF OIL CLOTH

AT HALF PRICE.

When A. E. O'HEIR & CO. say ha'f price it means half price, not "about" half.

50c Oil Cloth,	25c	35c Oil Cloth,	17 1-2c
40c Oil Cloth,	20c	25c Oil Cloth,	12 1-2c

From 2 to 16 yards in a piece. First come, first served.

THE PEOPLE'S FURNITURE STORE.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO.'S, 16 Merrimack St.

A FIRE'S VICTIM

Miss Rumpler Went Back to Save Jewelry

AND PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Another Young Lady Was Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Miss Emma Rumpler, 22 years of age, was killed and Miss Grace Winthrop was injured at a fire in Passaic, N. J., today. The fire broke out early in the morning in a three-story brick building on Main avenue, occupied on the ground floor by Rumpler's bakery. Miss Rumpler, after reaching a window from which she could have been rescued by the firemen, went back to her bedroom to get her jewelry, was overcome by the smoke and perished.

Miss Winthrop became panic-stricken and jumped from a third story but was caught on a net spread by the firemen and sustained only painful injuries.

KEOUGH CASE

WAS HEARD BY JUDGE CHAPIN THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Jan. 21.—The hearing in the case of James C. Keough ex-tax collector on the charges of embezzlement, took place before Judge Chapin this morning. Judgment was deferred until Tuesday so as to give the bandsmen an opportunity of going on the bond for Mr. Keough's appearance before the Superior court. Two of the present securities are now ill.

Evidence was introduced by City Solicitor Green, showing the deficiency to be $109,903. The full amount which will later be shown to be missing, will probably aggregate much higher. No evidence was introduced in defence.

CAPT. GREIG

OF COMPANY C BEING CRITICIZED BY THE MEMBERS.

Now that the boys of Co. C have been mustered out, they feel free to talk of their alleged grievances of one kind or another in Porto Rico. Already they are making charges against Capt. Greig on various matters in which they claim not to have been fairly treated. The little episode at the High school after Captain Greig's lecture and which caused the suspension of two members of the battalion has turned attention again to the captain and much to his disadvantage.

NICARAGUAN CANAL

BILL WAS PASSED BY THE SENATE THIS AFTERNOON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—By a unanimous consent and agreement a reconsideration of the passage of the Nicaragua Canal bill was allowed in order that a yea and nay vote might be taken and the bill was passed 48 to 6 in the senate.

MAINE BATTALION ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVANA, Jan. 21.—A battalion of the First Maine regiment, which arrived here yesterday on board the United States transport Obdam from Savannah, will proceed to camp today.

TRIED TO LYNCH HIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 21.—A special to the Dispatch from Zanesville, says a mob attempted to lynch E. S. Wright today. Wright is in jail for an assault on the 18-year-old daughter of Edwin Taylor of Bridgeville.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The president today sent these nominations to the senate:

War—To be professor of mathematics in the military academy, First Lieut. Charles P. Echols, corps of engineers.

Navy—Assistant engineers to be passed assistant engineers, Henry B. Price and Martin E. Trench.

Also some other minor promotions in the volunteer army.

DEFICIENCY OF $40,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GLASGOW, Jan. 21.—Messrs. McIntyre & Laird, partners in the law firm of Peattie, McIntyre & Laird announce that A. V. Peattie has absconded after abstracting negotiative securities from the safe. They add: "An investigation of the firm's books has already disclosed a deficiency of $40,000." A warrant was issued this afternoon for the arrest of the missing partner.

DIED THIS AFTERNOON.

John McCabe, aged 23 years, died this afternoon at 80 Dummer street. Besides a wife, he leaves one child and a brother James, now in Philadelphia. The funeral will be held Monday.

Good people did you know that Gaynor & Co., 35 Prescott street, are selling a good range for ten (10) dollars. It is a fact and hundreds of other bargains at their furniture store. Drop in and look it over.

SHOOTING AFFAIR

Farmers Opened Fire on Two Men

WHOM THEY BELIEVED STOLE HENS.

One of the Victims it is Thought Will Die.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Jan. 21.—There was a serious shooting affair in Seekonk early this morning. William Corbett, better known as "Bud" and Frank Strange were shot, Corbett with a rifle ball through his right lung and Strange with many bird shot. The shooting was done by farmers whose names have not been learned and was the outcome of a state of affairs of long standing in that section.

Of late over 1,000 hens have been stolen from roosts in that section of Bristol county and a reward of $100 has been offered for the apprehension of the thieves. Henry Gray on Arcade avenue, East Providence as a protective measure attached a bell alarm to his hen roost. At midnight he was awakened and discovered four men leaving his roost. He fired a gun at the men and they decamped.

At three o'clock this morning a wagon recognized as Corbett's was discovered standing on one of the roads in Seekonk by a milkman. He notified the several farmers who had suffered at the hands of hen thieves and many turned out.

The armed posse went to Corbett's home and awaited his return. When he drove into his yard, a battle ensued during which Corbett was hit with a rifle ball and Strange's body was filled with bird-shot.

Dr. Moore attended the men. Strange may recover but it is doubtful if Corbett survives.

It is alleged that two of Mr. Gray's hens were found in the wagon.

ALLEN IN THE LEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 21.—In the vote for senator today, Hayward secured one less than yesterday owing to an absentee. The vote is as follows:

Allen, 51; Hayward, 39; Webster, 10; Thompson, 7; others scattering; necessary to a choice, 63.

SCHOOLS CLOSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WILTON, N. H., Jan. 21.—The public schools here have been closed on account of sickness among the children.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,

will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent, Compounded Semi-Annually.

FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

CHALIFOUX'S MAJESTIC

Reduction Sale draws people from near and far

Every department of the store has some extraordinary specials. All that have taken advantage of this January clearance sale are satisfied with their savings.

The proof of the pudding is in the eating. If you will compare and investigate the various offerings elsewhere you will quickly find everything exactly as above stated.

Below we mention a few of our special offerings:

Men's Pants.

79c., worth $1.50 for dressy looking black worsted pants.

$1.39, worth $2 and $2.50 for several styles of strictly All Wool Extra Heavy Cheviot Pants in different seasonable shades.

$1.49, worth $2.50 and $3 Your choice of 500 pairs in fancy worsted Pants, winter weight in plaids, stripes and small checks, in stylish dark shades, thoroughly well made. Guaranteed to fit perfectly.

Winter Overcoats.

$2.98 for Black Overcoats, worth $5.

$3.49; worth $6 for Blue or Black Melton Overcoats.

$4.95, marked down from $8 for handsome dark drab Kersey Overcoats.

$12.95, marked down from $20 Fine Olive Brown Kersey Overcoats very dressy.

Children's Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar.

Men's Ulsters at cut prices.

Children's and Boys' Reefers at cu prices.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

Central and Middle Streets.

SAMOAN TROUBLE

A German Official Says Something About It.

ADMITS THAT RAFAEL ACTED ILLEGALLY

When He Broke Into the Court House.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—The correspondent here of the Associated Press has had a conversation with a high official of the German Foreign office, Dr. Hamm, who said:

"The government has just received a detailed report from Samoa which they think reliable, all the more so because the report distributes the blame for the errors committed there pretty evenly, though some points remain unexplained.

"The report says that Mataafa, prior to his election, was recognized as eligible by the three consuls. It is true that Mataafa in 1888 was hostile to Germany, but the situation is different now and Germany no longer objected to Mataafa. And why Chief Justice Chambers annulled Mataafa's election we do not know. It was certainly not under the terms of the Berlin treaty. The decision is al the more regrettable because bloodshed might have been foreseen.

"No property of the whites, however, has been destroyed and we do not know why the chief justice sought refuge on the British warship Porpoise. Dr. Rafael, the German municipal president, acted illegally in breaking into the court house.

"We can only explain these things by assuming that everybody there has grown nervous. The German government, however takes the whole business calmly and doubtless it will be adjusted diplomatically by negotiations We do not expect any difficulties. Germany adheres strictly to the terms of the Berlin treaty. Whatever illegal excesses Germans may have committed we shall disavow."

The United States ambassador, Mr. Andrew D. White, said to the correspondent of the Associated Press, after having been informed of the above interview:

"I am without news and instructions but I don't anticipate any considerable trouble. I expect the matter will be amicably settled as in the case of similar difficulties in the past."

KNOCKOUT DROPS

WERE ADMINISTERED TO JOHN B. O'BRIEN OF SPRINGFIELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 21.—The Register this afternoon has the following from Meriden:

"John O'Brien, of Springfield, was found on a train here at 10.45 this morning under the influence of knockout drops. The man was poorly clothed, and was in a stupor. Later he told a remarkable story. He said he left work in New York. He finally went to the United States Hebrew Charities, 128 Second avenue. Here he was given a slip bearing the address "362" Seventh avenue, where he was to apply for work. He twice went to the place, which was called the Elite House and on Friday was admitted. Here, his story adds, the badger game was worked on him, after which he was given knockout drops. Late last night he found himself lost on the Bowery. He was picked up by a benevolent person and placed aboard a Springfield train."

THE POPE IS BETTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Jan. 21.—The Pope has completely recovered his health after his slight attack of influenza and received in audience today a deputation of the canons of St. Jean de Latran, with the annual offering of two lambs upon the occasion of the fete of St. Agnes.

The wool of these lambs is used to weave the archbishops Palliums.

SUITS THAT WILL WEAR.

'Till you'll wonder if they're not partly made of iron. Best values for the money. Reduced prices to clean up season's stock.

LOUIS ALEXANDER

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,

IMPORTER AND TAILOR,

65 CENTRAL STREET.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

"A Nice Pudding"

A comedy given by local amateurs for the benefit of St. John's Hospital,

HIGHLAND CLUB HALL,

Wednesday Night, Jan. 25, 1899,

Tickets 25 cents.

[illegible] we will be located at No. 127 Central street; now is time to buy crockery, glassware, &c., at reduced prices. [illegible] Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 7 East Merrimack [illegible] Telephone 682

SHORTEST ROUTE

Across the Nicaraguan Republic

AND BEST FOR THE PROPOSED CANAL

Discovered by an Engineer Named Lebaron.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 21.—John F. Lebaron, a well known civil engineer, declares in an interview here that while engaged as an engineer on the old Nicaragua canal, he discovered a new and practicable route for the inter-oceanic connection.

"When I discovered the new and more practicable route," he says, "I at once laid it before the men who were backing the enterprise. But they were pledged to put the canal through on practically the route they had laid out and did not act on my suggestion. When congress acted on the matter and the president designated a commission to go over the ground thoroughly and report on all feasible routes I at once wrote to the commission saying that if it was desired I would go to Washington and make known my route. The commission did not see fit to accept my offer and therefore I have never divulged the route."

Mr. Lebaron claims that the route that is proposed is much shorter than any other and would cost $22,000,000 less than any yet named.

NEW CHOIR DIRECTOR.

Dr. Frank O'Connor, "Roger," formerly with the Lowell base ball team, has been appointed director of the choir of St. Charles church, Bellows Falls, Vt.

OFFICE TO LET—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

THE EAGAN TRIAL

Will be Held in the Ebbitt House.

OPENING OF TRIAL NEXT WEDNESDAY.

Copy of Charges Furnished by Gen. Eagan.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Quarters have been secured at the Ebbit house for the general court martial appointed for the trial of Commissary General Eagan, and it is expected that it will begin its session there next Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock In accordance with the order convening the court. Proceeding on the assumption that the sessions will be held with open doors, the officers of the war department are making arrangements for the attendance and accommodation of representatives of the press.

Col. George Davis, the judge advocate of the court, was at the war department today completing arrangements for the prosecution of the charges and specifications prepared by Judge Advocate General Lieber and approved by President McKinley and Secretary Alger. A certified copy of the charges and specifications has been furnished Commissary-General Eagan.

Col. Worthington, formerly United States attorney for the district of Columbia, has been retained by Colonel Eagan as his attorney.

CAPTURED BY REBELS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Jan. 15 (via Hong Kong, Jan. 21)—Private advices received here from Iloilo differ materially from the official reports. They say the rebels have captured their fortifications there and that they are now fortifying Guimaras Island. The American forces are still on board the transports Newport, Arizona, and Pennsylvania, which are anchored close to Guimaras Island. The rebel authorities at Iloilo, it is added, have granted permission to land unarmed parties and officers.

The first annual complimentary dance of the Hosford social club will be held next Tuesday at Odd Fellows' hall on Merrimack street.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables,

MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

Putnam & Son

These Demand

And are worthy of your attention. Here is a stock of Collars unlike anything in Lowell; a class of goods that cannot be found in any other store at any price.

500 DOZENS

of high class Collars, in every leading style; made from an entirely new fibre; collars that cannot be distinguished from 25 cent goods, and which we guarantee to wear as well; some say better—beautifully laundered. These are in every respect the most attracsive collars we know about.

9 cents each; 6 for 50 cents.

CUFFS, 15 cents a pair.

Have You Seen the Shirts?

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' SHIRTS,

linen bosoms, finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 29 and 31 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' WAMSUTTA SHIRTS,

finished like dollar Shirts, are WONDERS for 44 and 47 cents.

THE MEN'S AND BOYS' FANCY TRIMMED NIGHT SHIRTS.

finished like dollar goods, are WONDERS for 31 and 33 cents.

These are but a few of the great lots of Shirts and Night Shirts that we're literally "running out" by dozens.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

THE MAYOTTE CASE.

(Continued.)

ing the night and made no complaint about his sickness. Sunday morning Keeper McQuade asked him how he was getting along and he replied that he was feeling rather shaky and asked for whiskey. Keeper McQuade gave it to him and asked if he was hungry. Mayotte replied negatively, but Keeper McQuade sent over to the Lowell Inn for food, thinking that the man might eat if it was placed before him. Mr. Hoban of the Lowell Inn came himself with a basket of substantial food, which Mayotte ate with apparent relish. This fact went to show that Mayotte's case was not an extreme one.

"Sunday noon Keeper McQuade told Keeper Libby, whose work began at that time, that he had given Mayotte whiskey in the morning and if necessary to repeat the dose in the afternoon. Mayotte slept well Sunday night and did not ask for more liquor. On Monday morning he was somewhat shaky, but his case was apparently no more severe than hundreds of others that we come into contact with and who come out all right. Had he asked for a doctor we would at once have sent for the city physician and had he asked for whiskey, it would not have been denied him. He expressed some hesitancy about going into the crowded court room and asked to remain down stairs until most of the people had gone. The request was granted, of course. When he appeared in the court and Clerk Savage had read the complaint, Mayotte was as rational as you or I, and denied all knowledge of the disposal of a sewing machine which was included in the complaint. He, to all appearances, was progressing satisfactorily.

"I have read in the papers a criticism of the police department for allowing the man to leave the station and suffer exposure to the cold. But when he was found by the officers and arrested, he was wandering about, apparently homeless, and suffering much more than what was involved in the trip to the jail. We used him as we would an ordinary prisoner; had anybody volunteered to pay for a hack to carry him to the jail we would have been glad to accommodate the prisoner in that way.

"Mayotte took a fit in the patrol wagon and that was the first indication of the seriousness of his condition. The incident was mentioned by Keeper Libby to the keeper at the jail with the additional information that Mayotte was in a pretty bad way.

"Keeper Libby, as I have said before, first knew of the actual condition of Mayotte when the latter had the fit in the wagon, but it was then too late to do anything in the way of medical attendance, as the man had been committed to jail by an order of the court."

And the matter now comes down to whether or not the responsibility lies at the jail, which it most certainly does.

Keeper Libby, the soul of honor, informed the keeper at the jail that Mayotte had had a fit and was in a bad way. Sheriff Cushing never knew that Mayotte was in a bad way, for as he stated to a reporter had he realized the seriousness of Mayotte's condition he would have had attendants with him and summoned a physician. The keeper at the jail, therefore, could not have notified Sheriff Cushing of the condition of the prisoner. If he did not, why didn't he? Has Sheriff Cushing any rule at the jail regarding reports as to the condition of prisoners? If he hasn't, why hasn't he? If he has, why aren't they enforced? These are the questions that the public would like explained.

Medical Examiner Irish has made a statement of his connection with the case as follows:

"When Mayotte's history for three months previous to his arrest and his appearance in the police court on Monday are taken into consideration, there can be but one conclusion as to the nature of his death. In a case of this kind, it is perhaps best to explain the duties of a medical examiner. The first inquiry as an officer of the state that I make when called to examine a dead body is whether or not the state has lost the subject at the hand of some one else or whether death is due to a sin of omission, and then again there are sins that are due to a sin of commission. In other words the medical examiner investigates the criminal liability of the case. If he is convinced that the person has died of natural causes, his responsibility, so far as the demand of the state is concerned, ends there.

"Mr. Mayotte died through a natural cause—delirium tremens. None of the wounds, in my judgment were sufficient to cause death. There was nothing to indicate that he had received a hidden fracture of the skull. The man had a disease and that disease was delirium tremens and as his death, in my judgment resulted from that, no one could be held criminally liable. That is why I signed the return, as in other cases, simply 'delirium tremens.'

"In cases of this kind, convulsions are not at all uncommon and in two or three instances, I have known men to die on the spot. Mayotte evidently had an attack of convulsions and fell on the floor, sustaining the bruises I found.

"If there is any doubt as to the real cause of death, however, I am perfectly willing to conduct an autopsy in company with other physicians if that is the desire of the authorities. Thus far, in view of all the circumstances my judgment is that the man died from natural causes."

Medical Examiner Irish appears to believe that the public are of the opinion that Mayotte died of some cause other than delirium tremens. No autopsy is needed to convince the public that his death was due to neglect while suffering from delirium tremens. The latter disease was the cause of death undoubtedly but the disease was not necessarily fatal and had the patient been properly cared for he would have recovered. That is the public conviction in the matter and undoubtedly the medical examiner will agree that it is a sound one.

But even assuming that the jail officials are entirely innocent of any neglect, the system of running the jail is rotten and should be changed immediately.

It is admitted by the jail authorities that when the lights go out early in the evening the keepers or attendants cease to go their rounds and night watchmen are unknown. Sheriff Cushing speaks of a megaphone arrangement by which the keepers can hear any noises in the cell corridors. According to the statements of men who have occupied neighboring cells on that awful night, poor Mayotte kept everyone awake with his noise but the hard-working, light consciences keepers, and the megaphone arrangements failed to transmit the sounds to them. But even if the megaphone was in good working order, it is of no use, except when noises are made and only one man in a thousand makes outcries when dying. A man could hang himself in his cell noiselessly even in Sheriff Cushing's model establishment; they've done it elsewhere and will probably do it again. A prisoner escaping from jail was never known to do any extended cheering while making his escape. It is the general opinion that a night watchman should be appointed to do the rounds of the jail even though to pay him, it be necessary to cut slightly the salaries of the sheriff and some of his deputies and to bring this about the public wants an investigation, of the death of Charles W. Mayotte.

WHO SHALL INVESTIGATE?

The agitation for an investigation brings up the question as to what body shall preside over the investigation if such is held. The petitions being circulated are addressed to the county commissioners but many are of the opinion that the county commissioners have no authority to hold an investigation. A lawyer informed the writer that while the county commissioners decided upon the appropriations of the jail, etc., he did not believe they could inquire into or change the system in vogue at the jail. The sheriff he said, occupies an autocratic position and appears responsible to no one. The matter in his opinion, must come up in the legislature before the committee on prisons. But another lawyer, when seen, expressed his belief that the county commissioners were the proper parties to conduct the investigation as they make the appropriations and as the jail is a county institution. The sheriff is responsible to them, says the lawyer.

Rep. Sparks of the committee on prisons, when seen by The Sun reporter last evening, said: "As the committee on prisons only organized this afternoon, I must confess I am not familiar with the duties of the committee. But nevertheless, I am at the service of my constituents and will aid them in any way possible. Mr. Mayotte's death was extremely sad. I am firmly convinced that all that could be done for him at the police station was done. The whole blame appears to me to rest with the system of night watching at the jail. I believe that night watchmen should make the rounds of the cells every half hour and report at intervals. If during the night, a prisoner is taken ill, the watchmen would know of the fact at once and attend the sufferer. The public institutions of Massachusetts are held up as models to the entire country and any system that would tend to lower the state's reputation in this respect should be investigated and remedied if found deficient.

Ex-Senator Foss this morning informed a reporter that he believed that the county commissioners were the proper authorities to seek for an investigation.

The case of Mr. Mayotte it is now remembered his is not the first sudden death that has occurred at that institution. About 4 years ago a young woman was arrested for drunkenness on a Saturday afternoon and in the police station on Sunday was taken ill as the result of her spree. She was brought around all right with ginger tea and in court on Monday was fined $5 in default of which she was sent to jail. At the latter institution she was given a bath and placed in a cell. That night she died.

MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP,

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

GENERAL MILLER, Who Has Landed His Forces at Iloilo to Meet the Insurgents.

MILLER LANDED

Within Three Miles of Iloilo.

THE TROOPS TIRED OF TRANSPORTS

A Failure to Land Would Betoken Defeat.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—General Miller's expedition has landed on Guimaras island, three miles from Iloilo, without opposition, Gen. Otis cables from Manila.

Landing was necessary because of the crowded condition of the troops on the transports. Experience has proved that soldiers lose spirit and fighting qualities when confined long on board ship, so the department asked Gen. Otis to ascertain if it were possible for Gen. Miller to land his expedition near Iloilo. He cabled that it was, and was then instructed to order a landing.

It was deemed inadvisable to have this expedition return to Manila without having landed, as it was feared the natives of Luzon would think the Filipinos at Iloilo had repulsed the Americans.

The president's policy of pacification will be continued, and no attempt to land at Iloilo will be made at present. The island on which the men have landed is healthy and has an abundance of water.

FUNERALS.

HARRIMAN—The funeral of the late Albert O. Harriman took place this afternoon from 19 Arthur street, Rev. P. J. Sayers, pastor of the Blossom street church officiated. The interment was in the Edson cemetery.

NICKLESS—Mrs. Olive, widow of Asa Nickless of Carlisle, well known in Lowell and whose recent death was briefly mentioned in The Sun, was at the time of her death 73 years, 2 months and 24 days old. She was the widow of the late Edward and Olive Spaulding of Billerica. Her father was a leading citizen of Billerica and for many years a deacon of the First Baptist church of which she was also a valued member. The funeral services were held at the home of her son, Mr. A. P. Nickless, conducted by her pastor, Rev. T. P. Evans. He told of her love for the church, manifested in her constant attendance in all weathers, an inspiration to him. A marked characteristic was her "beautiful, sweet, wholesome disposition. She was loved by every body because she loved everybody." "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" "Looking This Way" and "Abide With Me," were sung by a quartette. She was buried in Green cemetery in the family lot with her husband and son Fred, a most estimable young man who died at the age of 21. It was just four weeks and four days since the decease of her youngest daughter, Clara, the wife of George Litchfield of Lexington. With her daughter Nellie she was staying with her son during the absence of his wife, who is in the pursuit of health in Florida, to whom this latest dispensation of Providence must come with an additional shock. A profusion of beautiful flowers was contributed as follows: Pillow with "Mother" Mr. A. P. Nickless and sister; sullax wreath with "Grandma" Misses Grace and Susie Nickless; spray of mixed pinks and ribbon, Mr. George M. Litchfield; spray of pinks and roses, with "Sister" Mrs. Horace Wilson; wreaths of pinks and violets, G. E. and W. H. Simonds, nephews; sheaf of wheat, Mrs. Morton and daughter; a rose wreath from Mrs. A. D. Boynton, Mrs. Nathan McEwan, Mrs. F. S. Bartlett and Mr. Gardner Wilson, nieces and nephew; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Gancello Leighton; bouquet of roses and callas, Charles Wilson and wife, Fred Davis and wife; sheaf of wheat, Mrs. Lilla Wilson; spray of white pinks, Mrs. Otis Byam and Mrs. Herbert Goodnow; spray of white hyacinths, Mr. M. Lee and son; spray of pink pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Hutchinson; white pinks and ferns from the members of the Winning Rebekah lodge; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Hartford. T. A. Green was funeral director.

MURPHY—The funeral of Mr. Thomas Murphy took place this morning at 9 o'clock from his late home in Walker street, and the remains were followed to the grave by a large concourse of the friends of the deceased. The cortege consisted of about 25 carriages. At St. Patrick's church a requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. M. J. Leonard and the musical program was in charge of E. F. Faulkner. Schmidt's requiem was sung by the choir, and Mr. Faulkner and Miss Josephine Finn sustained the solos. Selections were rendered at the offertory and at the close of the mass as the remains were being borne from the church, the De Profundis was sung by the choir. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery and at the grave, burial rites were performed by Fr. Leonard. The bearers were: Mr. Jacob Quirbach, William Barry, Patrick Courtney, Thomas Higgins, John White and Martin Courtney.

DECISION AFFIRMED

IN THE CASE OF ARCHBISHOP IRELAND INVOLVING TITLE TO MUCH LAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the famous case of Archbishop Ireland, involving the title to 33,178 acres of land in Minnesota. He holds that under the first contract made with the St. Paul, Minnesota & Manitoba Railroad company, on July 17, 1880, Archbishop Ireland was not a purchaser, but under the second contract, made on March 30, 1883, he was a purchaser. Accordingly the lands covered by the first contract will not go to Archbishop Ireland while he will reserve those under the second.

KAUTZ AWAITING ORDERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Kautz in response to a query from Washington has stated that he can have the Philadelphia coaled and equipped for a voyage to Samoa by next Thursday.

"I suggested to the department," said the admiral, "the urgent need of going into drydock for repairing the ship's bottom, but they seem to think that this is not as important a matter as the Samoan business so I expect to be ordered from here to Apia as soon as we can get ready."

Albert E. O'Heir, the Merrimack Square furniture dealer starts tonight to attend the New York and Grand Rapids, Mich, furniture exhibitions.

A MAN ASSAULTED

At the Middlesex Factory in Marlboro

BECAUSE HE WOULDN'T QUIT WORK.

The Affair Has Injured the Strikers' Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MARLBORO, Jan. 20.—John Miller, a workman employed in Middlesex factory, was assaulted this evening shortly after 9 at the very portals of his home, 157 Church st.

The story of the assault, as told by Mr. Miller to the Globe correspondent, is that while returning from a visit, he was hailed by two men who were a short distance behind him on Warren street. He did not stop, however.

At the gate of his home he stopped and engaged in conversation with the men, who spoke pleasantly with him. They urged him to leave Middlesex factory stating that the union would pay him provided he joined and left working in the factory. They also told him that the strike would be over in a short time and he had better join them.

Mr. Miller, however, took exceptions to some of the statements and said he would remain in the factory.

Suddenly one of the men dealt him a blow in the mouth, felling him to the ground. Both of them began kicking him. Mr. Miller cried lustily for help and his assailants ran off.

William Wyman, who lives in a near by house, went to Miller's assistance, flourishing a revolver, and a number of stones were thrown at him.

Mr. Miller, although considerably shaken up, sustained no serious injury. He received a scalp wound from which he bled profusely and suffered the loss of several teeth.

One of the men by whom he was struck, he asserts, is known to him, but the other is a stranger.

Miller is 57 years old. He states that he has been threatened with injury before and has always carried a revolver, but to-night didn't have it with him.

STATE AID

THE OPERATION OF THE STATE AID LAW SEEMS UNFAIR.

The state aid office and its officials are occupying considerable attention locally of late but one seldom hears of the state aid law as it reads on the statute book. There appears to be something wrong with the law which governs the payment of state aid though as it only effects poor people, it is doubtful if the question of the justice of the law will ever be questioned before a body of lawmakers. T'was ever thus with the poor.

A Lowell woman in impoverished circumstances who has a son who has been in the navy for several years, wrote to her boy not long ago requesting him to send some money as she sorely needed it. Her boy was unable to send her much but wrote her to look up the matter of his state aid, he believing that having served in the war as a member of the navy, he was entitled to the $7 per month paid by the state to soldiers and sailors.

The woman immediately made inquiries at City Hall about the matter hoping that she might be successful in her search for that small aid. But she was doomed to be disappointed for she was informed that the state aid was paid only to soldiers and sailors who enlisted for the war and that her son, though he had served in Sampson's fleet during the trying times before Cuba he was not entitled to the state aid by reason of the fact that he had enlisted in the navy before the war. According to that only those who enlisted after the war broke out and for the express purpose of fighting during the war are eligible to state aid while those who are in the service ready and broken in to fight for the flag at a moment's notice, are barred. Is such a law equitable?

PENSION CHANGES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of January 10th are announced:

Massachusetts—Original, Eugene M. Libbey, Lynn, $6; Maurice Herlihy, Charlestown, $12; Edward C. Estabrook, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, $8 to $12. Original widows, etc., Elizabeth L. Parker, Springfield, Mass. $8

ICEMEN ARE NERVOUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GARDINER, Me., Jan. 21.—The icemen along the Kennebec river are showing some signs of nervousness. All are at work with the exception of the Great Falls company who have decided to wait patiently until they can open a field 15 inches thick. The others are grooving, laying out fields, and running in ice which varies from 10 to 12 inches in thickess, most of it not exceeding 11 1-2 ches.

COL. SEXTON ILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The condition of Col. Sexton to-day showed no change from yesterday. He is dangerously ill.

One of the Charms which makes Ivorine so universally popular with housekeepers is this Toilet Soap, which keeps the hands white, soft, and smooth.

Ivorine WASHING POWDER supplies soap for every department of the house. Both soap and washing powder are the best that the skill and experience of half a century can produce.

A Great Hit. You will find this splendid cake of White Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package of Ivorine Washing Powder.

The J. B. Williams Co., Glastonbury, Ct., Makers of Williams' Famous Shaving Soaps.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

Presented a Sword by the Royal Arcanum

OF WHICH HE IS A MEMBER.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland Among the Guests.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley of the cruiser Brooklyn was presented with a fine jeweled sword by his brother members of the Royal Arcanum last night at Carnegie Music hall in the presence of about 1000 persons.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland and a large number of officers from the navy yard was present. After receiving it with a graceful speech, the hero of the fight with Cervera buckled it to his side.

Then he shook hands with about 3000 men, women and children. The hall was crowded as far up as the top gallery at 8 o'clock when the 23rd regiment band opened the ceremonies with an overture of patriotic airs.

Rear Admiral Schley sat in a box directly opposite the platform with a large party of guests. The two-starred flag that told his rank was hung in the festoon of American flags from the box. The entire balustrade in front of both tiers of boxes and the lower balcony were hung with the flags. Rear Admiral Schley was in full uniform and stood when the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung.

After the overture he was escorted to the platform amid cheers. Grand regent Howard C. Wiggins of Rome, N. Y., chairman of the committee which has been preparing the testimonial, after a few introductory remarks introduced supreme regent Edson M. Schryver of Baltimore as presiding officer.

DEATHS.

FORD—Fannie E. Ford, aged 24 years, died yesterday at her late home, 159 Appleton street.

FOLSOM—William Folsom, aged 78 years, died last evening at his late home, 154 Shaw street. The deceased is survived by one son, Fred P. Folsom of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. William H. Johnson of Veedersburgh, Ind. The funeral will take place at the above mentioned residence Monday forenoon at 9.30 o'clock. Friends invited. No flowers, by request.

SHEA—Mrs. Catherine Shea, wife of Thomas Shea of 42 Summer street, died last night at her home. She leaves besides her husband, three sons and two daughters.

BAMBRICK—Mrs. Ann Bambrick, an old resident of the city, and parishioner of St. Patrick's church, died this morning at her home, 42 Common street. She had resided in the house in which she died for many years. Four children three daughters and a son survive her.

REDPATH CONCERT CO.

One of the best concert companies that has visited Lowell for years appeared at Odd Fellows' hall last night under the title of the Redpath Concert company, consisting of the following talent: Helen Buckley, soprano; Mary Louise Clary, contralto; Arthur Beresford, bass; William H. Rieger, tenor; Adolph Rosenbecker, violinist and Hugo Frey accompanist. It is no exaggeration to say that every member of the company is a star and every number on the program was a gem. The hall was well filled and those who attended enjoyed a rare musical treat. Miss Buckley is a sweet soprano of more than average power and execution. Miss Clary's contralto voice captured the audience from the start and her rendition of the "Lost Chord" was never excelled in this city. The tenor, Mr. W. H. Rieger, sang his several numbers with artistic skill and in good voice. It is seldom the fortune of a Lowell audience to listen to a tenor of Mr. Rieger's ability. The star of the evening was the basso; Mr. Arthur Beresford, whose singing was simply grand. We have never heard anything to equal him outside of the best grand opera companies. The power and richness of his voice is something marvelous, and we wonder that he is not at present singing with the Metropolitan Opera company in New York. Indeed they often pay high prices there to hear much poorer singing. The accompanist, Mr. Hugo Frey, was a relief to a Lowell audience, who of late years have been forced to submit to almost "any old thing" in the form of an accompanist. The accompanying of vocalists and instrumentalists has descended to mere blacksmithing in this city, but Mr. Frey showed that there is still some art in accompanying. Adolph Rosenbecker acquitted himself as was expected in true artistic style. He is a finished violinist and it is to be regretted that we do not hear more of such music in Lowell.

If the management were to bring the same concert company to Lowell again we predict that no local hall would be large enough to accommodate the audience. To describe the several solos and concerted pieces would require more space than we have at our command; it is sufficient to say that from the beginning to the end the numbers were simply faultless.

INTER-COLLEGIATE RACE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 21.—William F. Booth and Harris Reynolds chairman and secretary, respectively of the old regatta committee of this city, went to New York today to hold a conference with Passenger Agent Lambert of the West Shore Railway and representatives of Cornell, Pennsylvania and Columbia universities about holding the boat race between these colleges on the Poughkeepsie course next summer.

A VIOLENT STORM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—There was a violent storm throughout England last night, accompanied by serious floods in Wales. The river Tewy, in South Wales, overflowed, a bridge was destroyed and many cattle were drowned. The channel service was suspended and the continental mails have not arrived here.

MUSIC HALL.

There was a good attendance at this house last evening to witness this great comedy melodrama, the "Sleeping City," and the performance given under the direction of A. Q. Scammon by a company of artists carefully selected by him with reference to their respective parts, was first class in every respect. The story of the piece, while it lacks novelty is still very interesting, possessing as it does many thrilling situations as well as a full share of first class comedy scenes.

The piece is finely staged, the first scene being Battery Park, New York, while in the second act the exterior of Sing Sing prison was given where the hero makes his escape from the wall around the same by jumping on a moving train. It was a very realistic scene but no more so than in the next act when the insane asylum was burned. In this act, for a time, comedy had full sway and the house was in a roar of laughter. The last act gave the East River den, where after some very clever work the villain was denounced and trapped.

Rogers Barker, as "Jack Morton" the hero, had a difficult part which he rendered in a very clever manner. Lester A. Davis as his brother, "Lu Morton" had a part which he managed to the satisfaction of all. George Wharnock as "Chas. Creston" the villain, was forcible and strong throughout. Mark S. Hogan, as Creston's tool, did a good bit of character work, as did William Mitchell, as "Fritz Dinkewinkle," the German. Florence Courtney gave a very finished performance in the role of Ethel Braintree, the heroine of the piece and was ably assisted by Belle Gold in the part of Maggie Riley. The Widow Riley, with a good honest heart, could not have a better representative than she did in clever Maggie LeClair who was the life and wit of the piece as this interesting Irish widow. Following her in the same line and equally as clever, was James F. Casey as Michael Mulcahy. Madge Olinger, as Creston's sister, sustained her part in a creditable manner and the minor roles were acceptably filled. Several specialties were introduced. Lester A. Davis and Belle Gold gave a song and dance turn that was well received as was the yodling of William Mitchell. Harry F. Winsman scored a hit in song, imitations and whistling, and Belle Gold rendered in good voice and in a descriptive manner, two songs entitled "She Was Happy Till She Met You," ad "Nora."

The piece will be presented this afternoon and evening and is worthy of large patronage.

Scribner's Columbian Burlesquers will open a three-night's engagement, Monday, Jan. 23, at New Music hall, with usual Wednesday matinee.

STUCK BY ELECTRIC

JAMES GRAHAM PROBABLY FATALLY HURT ON DORCHESTER AVENUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—James Graham of 11 Olive street Dorchester while crossing Dorchester avenue near Washington avenue at 7 o'clock last evening, was struck by a Dorchester electric car and received injuries that will probably result in his death. His right arm was badly broken several ribs were fractured and he received other internal injuries. He was taken to the City hospital and at midnight was in a critical condition.

TEWKSBURY

The Tewksbury Social and Dramatic club gave their first entertainment last evening before a large audience which manifested approval and pleasure at the efforts of the entertainers.

The farce, "A Family Flurry," was given, introducing Messrs. Castor, Blaisdell, Kerney and Misses Parson's Seaver and Haines.

Recitations were given by the young ladies and an Irish sketch by Messrs. Neal, and Kenney.

It is the intention of the club to entertain every two weeks during the winter.

CHEAP BAKING POWDERS DID IT.

In one of the large female seminaries in Georgia there recently occurred an epidemic which affected the students in a peculiar and in some cases most serious manner. An investigation by the local physician showed that quantities of a cheap alum baking powder were being used in the baking. He immediately ordered that the use of this brand of powder be discontinued and a pure cream of tartar powder substituted. The change was attended by excellent results. The patients rapidly improved and the peculiar affliction disappeared. The physician, one of the most eminent in the south, asserts that thousands of acute stomach troubles are directly caused by the daily use of these vile cheap alum powders.—Southern Medical Times.

MAN'S LEG FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHATHAM, Mass., Jan. 21.—The foot and lower leg bone of a man, covered with a gray stocking, and a shoe, has been picked up by Patrolman Harding of the Chatham life saving station. The fragment was found on the south beach not far from the station. It probably will be buried under the direction of the town authorities.

Grip Suggestions

When you have an attack of the Grip—that shivering, chilly sensation and pains in the back, vertigo, severe headache, aches in the muscles and joints and weakness or prostration—the first and best thing to do is to get yourself warm, taking a dose of Hood's Pills to open the bowels, and then keep comfortable till the illness is past.

After the grip, scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid and other blood poisoning diseases, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will expel every trace of poison from the blood, sharpen your appetite, and tone you up.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Have seen the Jacob Doll ELECTRIC PIANO —AT— 216 Merrimack St.?

IT IS A FACT That we are now selling PHOTO FRAMES AT COST. Call and see for yourself. C. B. COBURN & CO. 63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

CAPTAIN GREIG of Co. C, Sixth Regiment.

THE MUSTER OUT

The Last Day's Services as Volunteers.

LIEUT. NEWCOMB MUSTERING OUT OFFICER

Company C's. Banquet Last Night.

Today, after a service lasting a little more than eight months ,the Sixth Massachusetts ended its career as a United States regiment mustered into service in the war with Spain. The large number of recruits that joined the regiment while it was stationed at Framingham, from May 6 until May 20, and at Camp Alger from May 22 until July 5, interfered with an early development of a regimental spirit. That was the uncertain beginning and the unfortunate trouble that culminated at Ponce about the first of August made the very embarrassing circumstances of the second stage of the history of the Sixth during the war. The third stage which began on August 8 with the assumption of command by Colonel Edward Rice and Lieut. Colonel Butler Ames and which finally closed today, has been one constant enthusiastic display of the excellence of discipline and zeal of service that make the good soldier.

During the march across Porto Rico beginning early in August and ending in the middle of October, the regiment improved to a degree that must have reminded Colonel Rice of his former comrades, the Nineteenth Massachusetts, which Gen. Miles has said was the best regiment in the army of the Potomac. So far as the courage of the Sixth goes, that fight on the Yauco road showed a sterling, reliable quality. Discipline was lacking most of all, but the regiment that left Arecibo for home on October 21 was decorated with the praise of so severe a critic as General Henry. The good conduct of the boys of the Sixth during the period of furlough is also worthy of commendation.

This forenoon about 9.30 o'clock, Company C boys under command of Capt. Greig were the first to assemble for muster. The mustering-out officer was Lieut. Newcomb, who was accompanied by Paymaster Doyon. Both officers left Fitchburg this morning, where was mustered Companies B and D of the Sixth. After mustering out Company C, Capt. Fairweather's command, Company G assembled in line for the concluding exercises with the United States militia.

Both companies were paid off in the officers' room from Oct. 31, 1898, to Jan. 21, 1899 inclusive an dench member received a certificate of discharge suitable for framing. Paymaster Doyon started for Boston with Lieut. Newcomb to assist in the mustering out of the Hub company of the Sixth. A special paymaster went to Framingham and Southbridge. The entire Sixth will be mustered out of service to-night.

Announcements were made by both Captains Greig and Fairweather that an invitation had been extended to Lowell soldiers to attend a Royal Arcanumite "Smoke Talk" the first Thursday in February in Odd Fellows' hall, Col. Wisner of the Frankfort, Ky., arsenal will deliver an address.

Capt. Fairweather stated to his command that Joseph Ferrole Albano, the Porto Rican lad who accompanied Private Eugene Young from his Cuban home to Lowell is unable to obtain employment, and as he is unwell, a movement is being inaugurated to have him sent home on Thursday next.

Subscriptions will be received from any source, no matter how small and can be forwarded to Capt. Fairweather

The other Porto Rican is also unable to obtain employment. He informed a Sun reporter at the armory that he liked Lowell very much but if he cannot obtain work, he too, will have to return to San Juan.

Both companies of the Sixth regiment were photographed in groups after the muster out by Oliver Barnes.

Great credit is due to Armorer Charles Carr for the clean manner in which he has left the armory. When Company M rendezvoused at the armory a detail of "police" from that command performed that office. Both Captains Greig and Fairweather in person thanked Armorer Carr for his many kind offices to the Lowell boys of the Sixth.

The members of Company C, Sixth regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, regaled themselves most royally at the Rockingham Hotel last evening, it being the scene of a grand jollification and grand "round-up" prior to the mustering out exercises of today.

All regard of rank and military formality were shifted to the winds and men and officers assembled around the festive board like the military brothers that they are. There were no invited guests with the exception of the genial and whole-souled Bill Decatur of Westford and the diminutive chanticleer, "Billy Phalanx," the idol of the company and who went through the campaign with the soldier boys in Captain Greig's command. It will be remembered that this bantam rooster was presented to the company by Mr. Decatur at Camp Dewey and saw service at Camp Alger and Porto Rico. The popular bird was also present and occupied a position of honor on the ice tank, because he is a veritable "la-la cooler." He seemed to realize the fact that he was with old comrades and that he was one of the heroes of the late war.

The dining room was decorated for the occasion with numerous American flags. One of the Rockingham's finest spreads was set before the boys and 95 noses were counted when all were seated at 8.15. The menu was an elaborate one and required about an hour for proper digestion.

Capt. Greig opened the post-prandial exercises by stating that the men had been gathered together with a view of strengthening the bonds of friendship that had been established during their service in Uncle Sam's army, as it would probably be a long time before they would ever assemble together in a social way again. He hoped that everybody would enter into the spirit of the occasion and make it one of which they would retain the pleasantest memories in the future. Lieutenants Livingston and Costello spoke in a similar strain.

There was also an excellent musical program which embraced selections by a quartet consisting of Capt. Alex. Greig, James N. Greig, Private Desmarais and John Moir; duet by Captain Greig and Mr. Moir; solos by Privates O'Hearn, Desmarais and others. It was about midnight when the festivities terminated.

CAPTAIN FAIRWEATHER of Co. G, Sixth Regiment.

The Ambulance Corps held its weekly meeting at the armory last evening, and voted to take possession of the quarters vacated by Co. D last spring just as soon as it is ready for occupancy. At the present time the rooms contain the equipment of Captain Garity's provisional company and the captain is awaiting orders to turn the property over to the state. It will then require an order from Adjutant-General Dalton to Armorer Carr before the Ambulance Corps can take possession. Owing to the enforced absence of Lieutenant Bell there was no lecture last night.

The following is in answer to a letter to General Miles, tendering him the good offices of the Volunteer Aid association in the line of furnishing information that might be valuable to him in the pending "embalmed beef" investigation, so-called:

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 13, 1899.

Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, Lowell, Mass.:

My Dear Madam:—Your very kind letter of December 26th was duly received and I thank you for the same.

I would be very glad to have any information in the shape of statements or affidavits of persons who have knowledge concerning the so-called canned roast beef or refrigerated beef issued to the army during the war, the character and condition of the same, and the effect of its use upon the health of the troops. This information is desired in the interest of the truth and to protect the welfare and honor of the soldiers.

Very respectfully yours,
Nelson A. Miles.

Upon the receipt of Gen. Miles' letter of Jan. 13, the association failing to understand clearly just how to proceed, again communicated with Gen. Miles for information as to what method of proceedure to adopt.

Gen. Miles received the second letter at about the time of the issuance of the order for a court martial in the case of Gen. Eagan and being too busy to reply personally, he instructed Brigadier General Gilmore to make the following answer which was received yesterday afternoon;

Headquarters of the Army,
Washington, January 17, 1899.

Lowell Branch Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association:

General Miles has your very kind letter of a recent date and being very much pressed with official business desires me to reply and say to you that he appreciates your interest in the matter under discussion and would be much indebted to you if you would have prepared the affidavits referred to either in the form of a signed general statement or each one separate at your earliest convenience.

Very respectfully,
—J. V. Gilmore, Brig. Gen.

Immediately upon receipt of this information it was decided to procure the services of an attorney who will at once draft a general statement setting forth the information that is required and every local officer and man of the Lowell companies of the Sixth Massachusetts regiment of volunteers will be given an opportunity to sign the statement under oath.

The captains of the local militia companies have been asked to actively assist in their work which will begin at once and will be prosecuted with vigor.

A PRIVATE ON EMBALMED BEEF.

The following is from a private in the Sixth regiment to a Sun reporter:

"Now, as we are mustered out, a fellow can speak his mind without fear and while so many officers are saying so much about embalmed beef, a word from the privates will not hurt the matter any. My opinion of it is that is was the rottenest stuff that was ever put out for anybody to eat. It was the cause of the little dog Dewey, the company's mascot, dying on the Yale of starvation, as he refused to eat it. I have seen starving mongrel dogs in Porto Rico, when we would put some down to them to eat, sniff at it and turn away, refusing to eat it. When dumb brutes will not eat it, how can they expect even starving soldiers to do so. If a fellow has anything to say about his officers he can now say it without people saying he is looking for favors or of being afraid of court martial or the guard house. I can say without fear of contradiction that Capt. Wm. Fairweather and Lieuts. Howard and Hunton of Company G were the most gentlemanly set of officers in the whole volunteer army and were well liked not only by those under them but by all they came in contact with."

Chairman D. E. Salmon of the committee on army legislation of the American Veterinary Medical association has written to veterinary doctors in this vicinity asking them to co-operate in the endeavor to have veterinary surgeons in the United States army receive the rank of second lieutenant.

EIGHT HOURS

WILL CONSTITUTE A DAY'S WORK IN THE COAL MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 21.—The Post this morning says: Eight hours' work for one day shall be the rule in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois during the next year beginning April 1, 1899. This was agreed to after last midnight by the sub scale committee of operators and miners who are to dispose of the wage question for the next year. This conclusion was arrived at after the members of the committee had receded from their position of demanding a reduction of 10 cents in the rate of mining.

HEARTY WELCOME

American-Irish Society Received by Roosevelt

AND ENTERTAINED AT A LUNCHEON.

Several Lowell Men in the Party.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Gov. Theodore Roosevelt could not come to the dinner of the American Irish Historical society last night, but he gave a reception and luncheon to the members of the society at 4 o'clock this afternoon at his sister's residence, 689 Madison avenue.

About 50 members of the society attended the reception, including Vice Pres. Gen. John D. Crimmins, State Vice President Gen. O'Beirne; James Jeffrey Roche, Boston; Joseph Smith, Lowell; Rev. Frs. McCoy of Chicopee and Smith of Springfield; Thomas B. Lawler of Worcester, Police Commissioner James H. Fogarty of New Haven, Judge Donahoe of Albany, Dr. D. B. Lowell of Worcester, Peter Dunn, author of "Mr. Dooley in Peace and War;" Dr. Thomas J. Dillon of Boston, John E. Fitzgerald of New York, Capt. O'Meagher Condon of New York, Joseph I. C. Clark, editor of the Criterion and the following from Lowell: Joseph Smith, Charles F. Coburn, Dr. T. F. Harrington, James Heery, Michael J. Dowd, Humphrey O'Sullivan, Patrick Gilbride, Owen J. Carney, John Callaghen, Thomas J. Boyle, Elias A. McQuade.

The members met at Hotel Savoy at 3 p. m., and three quarters of an hour later were on their way to Governor Roosevelt's, a few blocks away.

The governor assisted by Mrs. Cowles received the callers in the parlor. Gen. O'Beirne was the first to shake hands with Mr. Roosevelt. Mr. Crimmins followed and then as the members passed, Gen. O'Beirne and Mr. Crimmins introduced them by name. The new president, Thomas J. Gargan of Boston was prevented by illness from attending but sent his regrets.

As Governor Roosevelt recognized an old friend or acquaintance among those who called to shake hands, he would have something pleasant to say.

"You dear old fellow, Dooley; you're all wool and a yard wide. How's your friend, Mr. Hennessey?" was his salutation to Peter Dunn. Then followed a number of witticisms which showed that the governor was well acquainted with Mr. Dunn's famous characters.

When the last guest had shaken hands Governor Roosevelt invited the newspaper men to shake hands. Mrs. Cowles, his charming and accomplished sister, withdrew and the governor addressed the members of the society. He said he regretted his inability to be present at last night's banquet. He was glad to be a member of the American-Irish Historical society. He wanted all the races and nationalities represented to glory in the deeds of their ancestors. He believed that the society had a great mission.

"One of the two best captains in the regiment which I had the honor to command during the late war," said the governor, "was Bucky O'Neil, the son of a brave Irish soldier of Meagher's Irish Brigade."

He recalled that of the four revolutionary generals furnished by the state of New York, Johnson, Sullivan and Dougan were Irish while Schuyler was Dutch. Stonewall Jackson, the paladin of the confederacy met his only defeat at the hands of that brilliant Irish-American soldier, Gen. Shields.

In closing, Governor Roosevelt said: "And while we glory in the heroic deeds of our warrior races and nationalities we are nevertheless Americans always."

This sentiment was applauded heartily. The governor said he would be glad to meet at any time in Albany any members of the society. He then invited them to partake of the luncheon that had been prepared for them.

From the governor's the members went to Mr. Crimmins' palatial residence where an hour or more was spent in looking over Mr. Crimmins' valuable collection of Irish manuscripts.

THE SIXTH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

The picturesque campaign of the 6th Massachusetts regiment in Porto Rico is brought before the public once more in the mustering out of the regiment which occurs on Saturday of this week. The 6th regiment was fortunate in going to the front under the immediate command of General Miles, who personally conducted the tour. The result was the 6th returned home as returning troops should come, somewhat dilapidated in apparel, but strong and rugged in physique. The story of the campaign will be made the special feature of The Boston Sunday Herold of January 22. The story of the regiment will be written by Frank T. Pope, the Boston Herald correspondent, who accompanied the regiment to the front. Graphic illustrations will add to the interest of the text and help to show the friends at home the life the boys led at the front. Place your orders for next Sunday's Herald quite early so that you may be sure of getting a copy.

CITY HALL NOTES.

On Monday morning Mayor Crowley, Supt. Doherty, Architect Gardner, and a representative of the Locks and Canals Company will go to Boston to confer with the Boston & Maine authorities in regard to the re-building of Huntington hall. After the conference an idea can be had when work will begin on the building.

POLICE COURT.

The principal business for Judge Pickman in police court today was the disposing of drunks.

Four were each fined $1; three were released and one placed on probation.

Hugh F. McDonald was fined $5 and Peter J. Langan was sentenced to four months in jail.

The continued case of Ed. Leblon for non-support of wife, was further continued until Saturday next.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, impart strength and vigor.

THOMAS F SHEEHAN, General Manager Wentworth Club Ball.

EDWARD F. MARTIN, Floor Director Wentworth Club Ball.

WENTWORTH CLUB

Held Its Second Assembly Last Night.

ASSOCIATE HALL THE SCENE.

A Large and Joyous Assembly Present.

The second grand assembly of the popular Wentworth club was held last night in Associate hall and about 700 young couples attended. Although there was no concert, the festivities were not begun until about 8.30 o'clock when Hibbard's orchestra under the direction of the genial Joe, struck up the music for a beautiful waltz. The floor was soon thronged with happy dancers who remained throughout the evening. Even the midnight bells saw the party dancing as gayly as in the opening number. The club is congratulating itself upon the great success of the affair. Particularly noticeable was the number of fancy dances on the program of 20 numbers. Prominent among the engagements were the schottische, redowa and Newport which are always greatly enjoyed by the more advanced dancers. When the tenth number was danced an intermission of 15 minutes was taken. The "Good Night and Thanks to All" was danced in the early morning. The officers of the dance were:

General manager, Thomas F. Sheehan; assistant, George P. Rousseau; floor director, Edward F. Martin; assistant, Jeremiah A. Daly; chief aid, Thomas P. Ledwidge; aids, J. Gilley, E. Saunders, J. O'Brien, J. Sullivan, M. Hansbury.

Reception committee—Samuel Seymour, chairman; J. Edwards, Sec'y; J. Flemings, Treas.; E. Conners, F. Laflamme, A. Smith, A. Burns, J. Crowe, J. McDonald, P. Derry.

Every time a man's thinking tank gets weary he should place a little of Dow's Menthol Cream in his nostrils. Note the prompt recuperation. Makes a clear head.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.
{SEAL.} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies suited for the sick room.

Laziness is a Disease of the Liver and Stomach. When a man is "out of sorts," indolent and don't feel like working, he needs a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to liven up his digestive organs and to stimulate his liver and kidneys. It will also put new vigor and vitality in his blood. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

SKATES

W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

KNOWN WORTH.
By the cures it shall be known. Medicine is no good unless it cures. It's all good if it cures. For cold in the head, rose cold and nasal affections get
DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM.
and cancel the "if." Dows' cures. Always cures, and does nothing but cure. Can't help but cure because it's got the cure in it. That's the secret.
10cts. tube; 25cts. box. All druggists.
A. W. DOWS & CO., Props., Lowell, Mass. (11.)

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 3,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 300 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

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By employing the best teachers that money will hire for business and shorthand instructors, the merit system of giving the best tuition or no pay prevails—day and evening—at the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Bunch Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass.,
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

Next Wednesday We take account of stock and from now until then, all the small lots and odds and ends in Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods of all kinds, and Hats and Caps, will be cleaned up at little bits of prices.

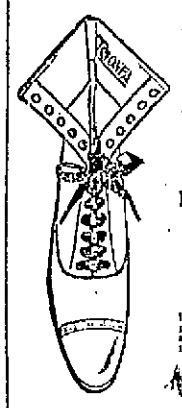
No trash nor worthless out-of-date and shop worn goods

in any of our departments, such as some unscrupulous dealers are offering every day as bargains. We don't permit such goods to enter our store, but only bright, fresh, new, reliable merchandise, the sorts we sell.

Men's High Grade "Odd" Suits, were $10, $12 and $13.50, $3.97.
Boys' $3, $3.50 and $4 "Odd" Knee Pant Suits, to wind up at $1.25.
Fine Frieze Overcoats, several lots grouped together which makes a good line of sizes, to close at at $4.50. Sold all along at $8, 9 and $10.
Lots of Fine Underwear, Sweaters, Gloves and Mittens, Winter Caps; all selling at little bits of prices.
Be on hand early and secure some of the best plums.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.
72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

PERFECT SHOES
TRI-ON-FA
LADIES' SHOE



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PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOST—A purse containing money and other valuables, Sunday last, either on Market or Salem streets. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 5 Gage street.

DENTISTS

NEW YORK HOTEL, 693 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c.; music; lunch 35c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No easier, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant; rooms; popular prices; table d'hote lunch 35c.; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

TO HELP OUT
During dull season, we will sell the best All wool Carpet for 50c. per yard. Bring your measure and cash with you and we will do the rest.

A NEW RANGE FOR $10.00.
We have only a few of these Ranges in stock, and if you are in need of a good low-priced Range, now is the time to buy one.

GAYNOR & CO.
36 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined. On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell. For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

What has become of the extra session talk? The remnants of the movement will evaporate if exposed to the atmosphere.

Had George Washington been in Miles' place during the Cuban campaign, he would probably have been even more emphatically stigmatized as a liar than was General Miles.

The state is asked expend $200,000 for the gypsy moth, and $25,000 for the brown tail moth. Better expend the money in the Keeley motor stock, or in the Jernegan marine gold company.

It is reported that the sharks ate the embalmed beef thrown into the sea during the war and probably died as a result. The report can't be true, because the large class of sharks that victimized the soldiers during the war is still alive.

It now turns out according to the statements of some newspapers that investigated Keeley's motor building that he played the gold brick game upon those who subscribed for his motor. It appears that he had the walls of the building piped so that by means invisible to those who might visit the place he could supply the power which was supposed to be inherent in his motor. Is it possible that Rev. Mr. Jernegan could have deduced his marine gold factory idea from Keeley's motor building?

MAYOTTE'S DEATH BUT ONE OF MANY.

It is time that the people of Lowell ell had some guarantee that men who fall into the hands of the police in delirium tremens or any condition approaching thereto will not be allowed to die or to kill themselves in the convulsions of that dread malady. Mr. Mayotte's death has attracted wide attention merely because he was well known, young, robust and popular. Had he been less prominent, his death might have passed without a word of comment as did dozens of others under similar circumstances. It is quite a frequent thing for "drunks" to be found dead in their cells on the morning following their arrest and it has heretofore passed as a matter of course due to natural causes. Mayotte's death has shed a light on the matter because it has shown that men are allowed to die of neglect in delirium tremens. This is why an investigation is necessary to bring out the facts and provide that all such prisoners shall receive the care and treatment their condition demands.

SMALL POLITICS.

The Haverhill Gazette shows up some of the petty politics practised by the partisanship shown in the appointment of legislative committees in the following statement:

"In 1895, the state, by legislative act took Boston's water supply and created a metropolitan district. The cost of supplying this district with water will not be less than $30,000,000. Boston is, by law, forced to pay over 50 per cent. of the cost of this, and even a larger share for maintenance, and yet in the make-up of the committee on water supply Boston is not given a single representative. This is unjust, and because it is unjust it cannot be good business or wise politics.

"It is bad enough to take Boston's water supply without consulting, in any way the people of that city, but it seems like heaping insult upon injury to shut the city out of all representation on this important committee. Boston is not without a large and powerful republican representation in the State House, but we have yet to hear a protest against such unjust discrimination. No wonder that the republican party in Boston is out of favor; it seems willing, by its silence, to allow rural statesmen, in the name of partisan politics, to imperil the best interests of the people of Boston. It is a simple rule of politics that, a political party succeeds best with the people which best safeguards the interests of the people, and never divorces justice from politics. As republicans we repudiate as hostile to our party any act which is unjust, for as men we can never be free from the moral obligation to render justice as we all hope for justice.

"Boston has suffered severely in the from hostile legislation; now let us begin right for the good of all concerned."

A GOOD SOCIETY.

The Street Railway Aid Association has a model organization, model in respect to the benefit provided, because it meets the most urgent needs of such men in time of sickness or death. If a member is sick he gets a benefit sufficient to keep him and pay doctor's bills; if his wife dies he gets $50 to defray the expenses of her burial, and if unmarried he gets the same allowance on the death of his mother. The associations of this stamp are too scarce. The common people need more of them. Associations that provide medical attendance and pay benefits during sickness and pay burial expenses in cases of death do a vast amount of good. They do not take in enough of the common people to make their benevolence generally felt. Hundreds of poor families live from hand to mouth, and have no safeguard against destitution when stricken by sickness or death. If they are fortunate enough to secure credit, they get so deeply into debt that they can never recover from it until some of the small children get big enough to work and perhaps not even then. The example set by the railway men should be imitated by other crafts throughout the city.

If the United States is to maintain discipline, and the kind of discipline necessary for the success of the army, it must severely punish such offences as that of General Eagan's in stigmatizing the commanding officer of the army as a liar. Such a thing in any other army in the world, so far as we know, would cause the discharge or the summary punishment of the offender. No official of the English army would dare to utter a word of reproach against a superior officer. They have been taught from the very beginning their business is to obey, and if they have any grievance they are obliged to seek redress in some other way. It must be admitted that since the very opening of the Spanish-American war General Miles has been ill-treated by the secretary of war, and in various ways subjected to indignities which he should not be allowed to endure. In the first place he was relegated to the rear to give way to General Shafter, a man who was wholly incompetent for the position of commanding general of the Santiago campaign. Even on various points of generalship and policy his instructions were ignored and always to the injury or loss to the army and the country. The only skilful generalship shown throughout the war was that which was done under General Miles' direction and his personal command. His generalship in Porto Rico was absolutely perfect and throughout the whole ordeal in the Eagan episode he has acted the part of a gentleman.

There is a provision which allows congressmen one hundred dollars a month for clerk hire, and strange though it may appear, every congressman draws the full amount of one hundred dollars per month though not one out of ten employs a clerk for his congressional work, while those who do employ them do not pay them one hundred dollars a month. It simply shows the selfish patriatism of men in making out to take all they can get even from the country they love so dearly.

Now it appears that even Admiral Dewey is opposed to the annexation of the Philippines. Where will the imperialists land if they are to sustain such hard knocks?

CURRENT COMMENT.

Baltimore Sun: Acording to Gen. Eagan's revised testimony, it is the supposition that Gen. Miles is not as many kinds of a liar as he was before.

Springfield Republican: The treaty cannot now be ratified—such is the news from Washington. There is a way to secure a ratification within a week. Give the opposition a safe and substantial guarantee that permanent acquisition of the Philippines is not intended. In short, don't annex. Amend the treaty.

Philadelphia Times: With fifty or more Republicans pledged to vote against Senator Quay, and the Democrats apparently determined to adhere to their own candidate, a protracted deadlock would seem probable. If Quay can be re-elected under existing conditions it would seem probable that he must win out within a week or two at the latest. The democrats will be likely to increase in interest in the contest and may decide to take a hand inthe solution of the problem before long. They hold the balance of power and by the vote as presented yesterday, they have their choice either to elect an independent republican or Senator Quay.

Columbus Press: It is probably more than a century since an American army under General Washington flogged the British for attempting to do exactly what an American army under General Otis now proposes to do in the Philippines.

Salem News: The "world power" shriekers might as well turn their attention to ways and means for securing the additional revenue, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars yearly, which the United States will henceforth require, as the cost of maintaining new policies. The American people are going to feel the pinch of taxation as never before, and in the end the republican party will be the big loser thereby.

New Bedford Standard: The idea which some people outside this commonwealth appear to have that Senator Hoar could not be re-elected if his term were to expire now, has no good foundation. Massachusetts knows a man when she sees him, and she long ago got over expecting him to agree with her in everything.

Portland Press: The amendment of the treaty will no more reopen the war with Spain than the amendment of the treaty of Gaudaloupe-Hidalgo half a century go reopened the war with Mexico. Any claim to the contrary is insincere, put out in the hope of frightening somebody.

Providence Journal: Whatever the schemes of the secretary of war to "down Miles" may be, it is clear that the intelligent sentiment of the country is with the commanding general of the army. He has been treated scandalously from first to last by the department, but everything he has said or done in all this time has demonstrated his competence and his good judgment.

Army and Navy Journal: This business of calling officers who differ with you as to facts liars, is, we regret to say, far too common in our army, and it is time an example should be made of some one. We cannot understand how any man who respects his uniform can charge a brother officer with a mean offense whest he knows that our laws and public opinion save him from the consequences which in other countries, and in other days in our own country, following a personal attack.

Newport News: Alger's relief commission is a name very properly applied to the present war investigating body. And now a resolution is before the country providing for the appointment of a committee of five senators—not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party—to investigate the conduct of the war. Judging from the past and present experiences it is to be hoped that no more "investigations" will be had, at least until the time shall come when a calmer and more judicial spirit shall prevail. As things go, matters are much more likely to be made worse instead of better by further investigation. The war department is conducted as a political machine and will be so long as Russell A. Alger is boss.

BOXING GOSSIP.

From New York comes the rumor that when Fitzsimmons fights again it will be under the management of Dan Stuart. It is said the contract between the two calls for fights in no other ring than one controlled by Stuart, who has the picture-taking scheme as a strong card. Tom O'Rourke opines that Stuart has Carson City only as a prospective battleground for the two big gladiators. The Lenox Athletic club will outbid the Carson people and bring the fight off under the best conditions, no matter how much Stuart bids. If Fitz can afford to turn down big money that's his look-out. The Lenox A. C. has barred him for the present, although time may alter things.

Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Harry Fisher of Brooklyn will box a preliminary to the Peter Maher-Stockings Conroy fight at Bridgeport, Jan. 26.

Black Griffo of New York and Hugh McWinters of Brooklyn, two clever colored lightweights, are matched to box twenty rounds at Scranton, Penn., Jan. 30. The same club may secure Dan Murphy of Waterbury and Dick Moore of St. Paul for twenty rounds at catchweights on February 15.

Tom Sharkey, the conquering heavyweight from old Erin, was the stellar attraction at the Palace theatre this week. A rare crowd packed the aisles, boxes, exits and everywhere else to get even a glimpse of the sailor Hercules, and the storm of applause which greeted his appearance on the stage attested his growing poularity. All along Court street there was a line-up of sports and admirers of the fighter.

Sharkey sparred one of the most rugged exhibition bouts ever seen in this city with Bob Armstrong, who towered over the sailor, but had to give ground in the rushes. To-night George Byers, the clever local middleweight who has joined Tom O'Rourke's stable, will spar Sharkey, and a good exhibition should result.

The sailor was the recipient of a silver ring yesterday from an admirer, which at one time adorned the digit of a Spaniard who met an untimely death in the late Spanish-American war, and which Sharkey treasures for his connection with the United States fighting forces before he took professionally to the padded mitts.

PELHAM

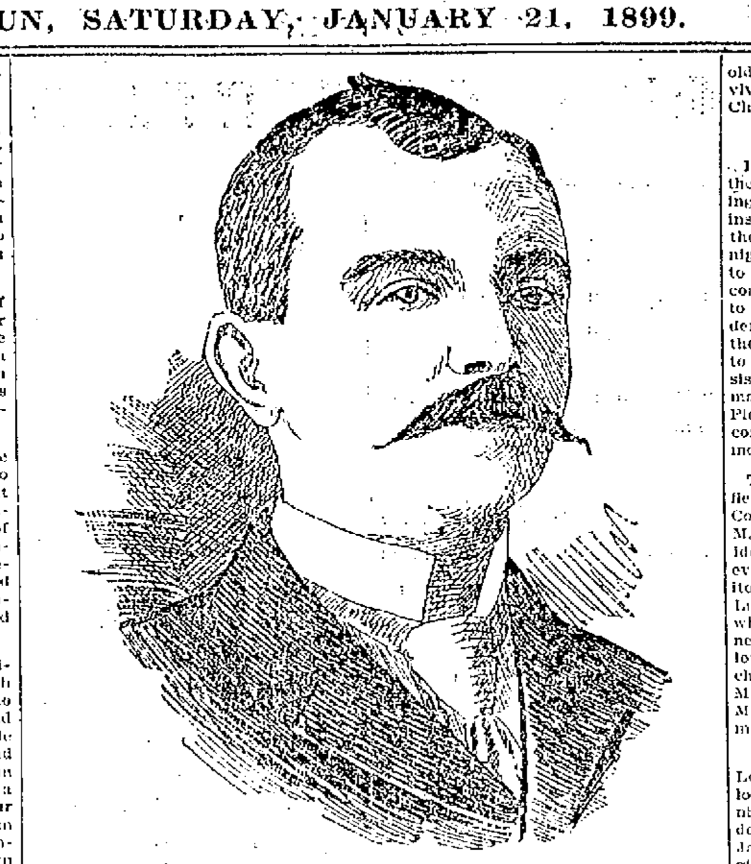
REGULAR MEETING OF SHILOH LITERARY SOCIETY.

The Shiloh Literary society held its regular literary meeting last night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keyes in Kent Village, Pelham. A large number of Lowellians and Dracut residents graced the occasion with their presence. The evening was made a joyous one with songs, instrumental music, literary exercises and games. Refreshments were served, the following acting as waiters: Cyndie Raymond, Florence Burrill, Martha Bannister, Flora Hutchinson, Henry Welton and Lester Burrill.

COLBURN CLUB.

The Colburn club held a benefit dance last evening at McCarthy block. The Manhattan orchestra furnished music for the dancing. Refreshments were served during the evening and the following men served on the supper committee: Mr. John O'Niel, Mr. Hickey and Mr. McHugh.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhoea, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.



PROF. UMPLEBY of the Textile School.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Present Term Will End January 26.

EXAMINATIONS BEGIN ON MONDAY

Sixty Day Students and About 150 Evening.

The four months term at the Lowell Textile school, which began on October 3rd, will end on Thursday next, January 26. Examination will, therefore, be in order, beginning on Monday next and continuing throughout the week. At present there are sixty day students, including the ladies art class, and about 150 evening pupils. These pupils come from all parts of the country, including Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, Connecticut, including North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Canada. The Bay State pupils are principally from Lowell, Boston, Worcester, Fitchburg and Pittsfield. All the students board in Lowell. The instructions given day students in the term now coming to a close, consist of principles of mechanism, machine drawing, textile calculation, elementary designing and elementary chemistry. Within the past few weeks each student was required to elect which of the four district courses he will follow in his subsequent, or coming studies. The instructions to be given after the first term of the first year is specialized to suit each course. The courses may be summarized into the clothing manufacturing course, which includes cotton picking, carding, combing, spinning, warp preparation, and weaving on all varieties of looms, and textile calculations, chemistry and dyeing, and designing.

Besides the above may be included the woolen manufacturing course, the designing course, chemistry and dyeing. Each of the above courses occupies 3 years to complete, including the first term of preliminary instruction.

The second branch of the school gives thorough evening instruction to those who are engaged during the day in the mill and workshops, to enable those who wish it to perfect their knowledge of other processes than those in which they are engaged in the day time, and, in the course of several winters, a thorough technical education at a low cost, and without interfering with their daily labor.

Evening students have the option of entering for one or more of five different courses, and arrangements are made for them to commence with any process, and take such a section of each course as is suitable to the student's daily occupation in the mill.

In the women's department are special day classes, in art subjects, especially in textile designing.

A special course is arranged for those contemplating a commercial career.

Science and art are taught here, not with the object of educating professional men, but with a view to industrial and commercial applications. The equipment of the school consists of high grade machinery with all latest improvements, specially built to afford facilities for all kinds of experimental work, and of such variety, so it is stated, as is never found in any one textile mill. When all the machinery that is already arranged for is installed, this school will have a more extensive equipment of machinery and plant than any other textile school either in America or Europe.

The school being at a textile school centre, the student is thus brought directly in touch with the textile industry.

The school which has proved so successful was formally opened by Governor Wolcott on January 30, 1897 in the presence of a large gathering of gentlemen interested in textile industries from all parts of New England. Instruction was commenced on February 1, 1897, the number of students up to now, the conclusion of the last term of the second year, exceeding the most sanguine expectation.

The staff of lecturers and instructors consists of men, who in addition to their special experience in textile school work, have been for years practically engaged in mill work as manager, designer or in other capacities.

The school staff is as follows: Principal, William W. Crosby, S. B.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Fenwick Umpleby; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; professor of woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; professor of cotton spinning, Charles C. Hedrick; professor of weaving, William Nelson; professor of mechanics, William W. Crosby, S. B.; instructor of cotton spinning, H. McDermott; instructor of chemistry, G. C. Spencer, S. B.; instructor in hand looms, W. K. Denniston; instructor in weaving, A. B. Taplin; instructor in woolen spinning, M. W. McCarthy; assistant in chemistry, A. L. Baldwin; assistants in the administration department: Stenographer, Miss A. B. Marinel; clerk, Mr. J. T. Broadbent.

Prof. Vesper L. George, instructor of decorative art is to take charge of department of design at the Normal Art school in Boston.

TEWKSBURY

BUSINESS MEETING OF CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The members of the Tewksbury Congregational church met last night to finish the business left over from the meeting held Thursday evening, Jan. 12. The meeting was held in the vestry of the church and was very harmonious.

The attendance was exceptionally small but a quorum being present the meeting was called to order promptly at 8 o'clock by Mr. Julius C. Knowlton, who was moderator during the evening. The principal business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mrs. E. J. Taylor was chosen clerk at the last meeting and the officers elected last night were as follows: Deacon for three years, E. J. Taylor; deacon for two years, N. F. Frost; treasurer, Enoch Foster; superintendent of Sunday school, I. M. Locke; auditor, J. C. Knowlton; church committee, one year, Miss Esther Marshall; two years, C. H. Battles; 3 years, Enoch Foster; standing committee, one year, Joel Phelps; two years, Mrs. C. E. Clark; three years, George Pillsbury.

The officers elected, it was then voted to raise $1300 for current expenses for the ensuing year. Notice was given that the church pews would be rented next Monday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Maria Tingley, aged 75 years and 7 months, and wife of Henry L. Tingley, died last night at her home in Tewksbury. Deceased was one of the oldest residents of the town and is survived by a husband and two sons, Charles H. and Arthur C. Tingley.

NUMB, POOR CIRCULATION.

I Thought I Should Go Crazy In Such a Nervous State.

I Was in Pain, Appetite Was Poor, I Could Not Sleep.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Helped Me Right Away and I am Now Well.

Mrs. A. L. Kenyon, Clayton, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with numbness of the hands, at times, for six years. Two years ago they troubled me so that I could not sew nor do any kind of work without stopping to rub them or drop them down to get any feeling in them, in fact, do almost anything to get back the natural feeling. They would be as cold as if dead, and such terrible pain when the blood com-

menced circulating. I cannot express how very nervous I was. My appetite was poor and I could not sleep. As soon as I would get to sleep that terrible feeling would commence. I thought I should go crazy, I was in such a nervous state. I commenced taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It helped me right away. I have taken six bottles and I now can sleep soundly and have a good appetite. I will answer any questions I can about my case, for the benefit of any one who is suffering."

You make a mistake if you do not try Dr. Greene's Nervura. At any time you can consult free of charge with Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. Call or write about your case.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Ladd and Whitney circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., held their regular meeting in Post 185 hall last night. The installation, which was not finished at the last meeting, was finished last night. The arrangements were made to send a delegation to the department convention at Boston. It was voted to hold a series of entertainments under the auspices of the young people of the circle. The committee appointed to arrange for the entertainments consists of Miss Maude Plumstead, chairman; Miss Maie Potter and Miss Josie Pierson. The circle will accompany the comrades of Post 185 to their department convention.

The visitors present from J. P. Maxfield circle, were: Past President Helen Corliss, Junior Vice President Augusta M. A. Pratt and Past Junior Vice President Kate C. Brown. During the evening remarks were made by the visitors and several prominent members of Lad and Whitney circle. The supper, which was served previous to the business meeting, was in charge of the following committee: Mrs. A. A. Davis, chairman; Mrs. J. Q. A. Furgerson, Mrs. Eliza Potter, Mrs. Addis Charters, Mrs. Annie D. Boudinot and Mrs. Emma A. Gilman.

Garfield Purple Star lodge, Loyal Lodge of Orangemen, elected the following officers at their meeting last night: Worthy master, Robert Shaw; deputy master, John Wiley; chaplain, James Clark; secretary, David Wiggins; treasurer, James F. Robinson; director of ceremonies, George Leahy; inside tyler, James Thompson; standing committee, James Rogers, foreman, William Graham.

Echo lodge, N. E. O. P., held their regular meeting last night and installed their new officers. The officers were installed by District Deputy Grand Warden Charles W. Coffin and suite of Lawrence.

Lowell lodge, I. O. O. F., installed their newly elected officers at their meeting last night. The installing officers were Deputy Grand Master Geo. H. Frye and suite of Centralville lodge.

At their regular meeting last night, Court Gen. Butler, F. of A., initiated three candidates and accepted five propositions.

BIG 7 A. C.

The Big Seven A. C. held a grand box party and dance last evening at their rooms in McCarthy block. Refreshments were served during the evening. The officers of the dance which was enjoyed until midnight are as follows: General manager, John Broadley; floor director, Mr. Simpson, and the rest of the members served as aids.

The young men of St. Peter's parish held a meeting last evening and completed arrangements for the coming festival which will be held in Associate hall, February 8.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.
Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.30, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, †3.00, 4.25, †5.11 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.
Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.49, 6.28, †6.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.25, 7.33, *7.45, w*8.15, *8.57, †9.10, w9.23, *9.50, w10.50, 11.08, *11.32 a m; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.43, w2.20, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 4.25, w5.10, 6.22, †5.43, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.40, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.29, w8.15, 8.48, 9.10 a m, w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.
For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.20, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w†11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.
For Salem, Mass, w6.23, 7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.53 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.38, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 1.05 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.38, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p m.
For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.22, 7.01, 7.32, *7.43, 11.00 a m; 1.43, 4.58 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.13 a m; 4.25, 5.59 p m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 3.51 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.50 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.10, 9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *3.10, 5.21, *8.10, *8.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a m (to Nashua only), 8.09 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.10 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 3.41, †8.40 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 3.40 p m.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, †8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, †8.40 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m.; †8.40 p m.
References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‖Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 11, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.05 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.
The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington Line for New York city, the south and west.
SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 6.53 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S. A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A. I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D. GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.	Ticket office at Middlesex St Station.

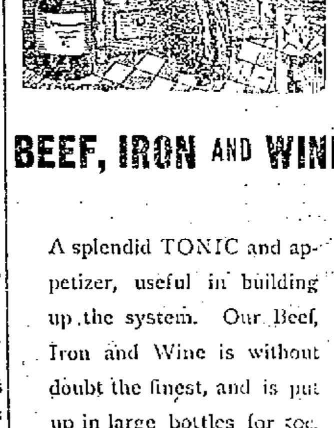
MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Friday, Jan. 20, Two Nights Only, With Saturday Matinee,
The Great Comedy Melo-Drama,
THE SLEEPING CITY
Under the Direction of A. Q. Scammon.
Incidental to the Play: The Cannon Ball Express, The Thrilling Escape from Sing Sing, The Marvelous Rescue from the Burning Asylum, The East River Den, A Great Play.

Jan. 23-24 and 25 with usual Wednesday Matinee
Scribner's Columbian Burlesquers
40—people—40. The largest burlesqued on the road. 20—beautiful maidens, 10 clever comedians. Seats now on sale at box office.

STOCKS AND BONDS
E. C. Stanwood & Co.
BANKERS.
121 Devonshire St.
BOSTON, MASS.
Investment Bonds.
LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

CONSUMPTION
To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.
Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.



BEEF, IRON AND WINE
A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

SEE WHAT YOU CAN BUY AT
7c lb. Fresh Boston Shoulders, Smoked " " Fresh Rib Roast Pork, 7c lb.
$4.75 bbl. Warranted Best Haxall Flour in the market. $4.75 bbl.
Central Cash Market
Cor. Central and Charles Sts.
Telephone 606-3.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass door every few minutes. Choice sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey } Clerks } H. Gerr

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

DR. LANDERS DEAD

Passed Away at St. John's Hospital

A VICTIM OF GRIP DEVELOPMENT.

His Death Came Wholly Unexpected.

Dr. Landers is dead.

In the early hours of this morning, Dr. Maurice J. Landers, the well known and popular young physician, passed away at St. John's hospital. Pneumonia was the cause of death and when he was removed to the hospital it was believed by the physicians that he would be completely recovered within a week, but as days passed by a severe case of pneumonia developed from the slight indisposition and at 5 o'clock this morning he expired after receiving the devoted attention of the good Sisters during the night and up to the time of his death. For several days, the doctor himself was of the firm belief that he would never recover but at no time did he appear to be alarmed and expressed his resignation to the will of the Almighty. Few young men in private life will be more widely mourned, for though but 25 years of age, his friends and admirers were legion as already he had established a lucrative practice and the reputation of being one of the most promising of Lowell's younger physicians.

He was born in this city and obtained his early education here. At an extremely early age he passed from the primary schools to the Bartlett grammar school and became a scholar of the late Principal Samuel Bement. The result of his energy at the Bartlett school was that upon graduation day, the late Principal Bement pointed out to the fellow students of the young man, a model to emulate and the ideal scholar of the school. Upon leaving the Bartlett school, the young man went to work in the Merrimack Mfg. Co., but when the vacation season came to a close he entered the Lowell High school and graduated from a four-years' course. He was a Carney medal scholar. In 1890 he entered the Harvard Medical school and the first year he was awarded the scholarship and again in the fourth year upon his graduation from that institution he was again accorded the same honor, accompanied by a "cum laude" which is only conferred upon the graduates of the highest rank. The doctor was also possessed of the distinguished honor of being the only Lowell boy who obtained the scholarship at Harvard more than once. When he went into the medical world, he was unable to attend to the great practice he at once received and the result was that in a short time he was compelled to retire from practice being overworked. Again returning to his profession, he was besieged with patients and the strain upon him was made greater when he accepted positions as court physician of Court Merrimack, F. of A., and Prosperity Circle, C. of F. He was again compelled to retire after a short time and finally he broke down in health and never recovered. His remains were this morning removed to his home, 626 Broadway, by undertaker O'Donnell. He leaves two younger brothers and one sister. The funeral will take place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BREAK EXPECTED

IN THE FORCES IN NEBRASKA'S SENATORIAL FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 21.—The activity of lieutenants of the senatorial candidates and the members of the caucuses and conferences held late last night, points to an early break in the senatorial balloting. It will not come today, though M. L. Hayward's vote will be added to, but by Monday it is believed a solution will be reached. The followers of a number of the lower candidates caucused separately and while agreeing to support their chiefs in today's ballot, virtually gave notice that the agreement ended there. There is more talk of a possible early caucus of the entire republican membership.

MUSTERED OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FICHBURG, Mass., Jan. 21.—The local companies, B. and D. of the Sixth Mass. Regiment were mustered out at their armory in this city at 6 o'clock this morning. Lieut.-Col. Newcomb, accompanied by the government paymaster, Major Doyon, arrived at 5.45 and fifteen minutes later the work of mustering out the men was begun. It was completed in less than an hour.

As each man's name was called he stepped to the front, the lieutenant read his discharge and presented him with a parchment signed by the Chief Mustering Officer and the captain of the company. Only one man out of 100 was absent from Co. B., but five of 101 members of Co. D. were not present. These men are either in the hospital or confined to their homes by sickness.

LOWELL PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 21.—Harley J. Lowell, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, whose case was postponed in the local police court until this morning, pleaded not guilty and went back to jail in default of $1,200 bail, the same amount as first fixed.

Mrs. Addie Remick and children who have been enjoying a four weeks' sojourn with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Abner K. Peirce of Chelmsford street, returned to her home in Canada today.

BOSTON'S HARBOR

Appropriation Bill Carries $55,940 for It.

MYSTIC AND MALDEN GOT $55,000

And Also $150,000 for Cape Ann.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The river and harbor bill was completed last night.

The appropriations above $50,000 for harbors, including the contract amount in each case under contract being in addition to the amount allowed for the ensuing year:

Maine—Cape Porpoise, $70,000 and continuing contract for $65,000.

Massachusetts—Boston Harbor, President Roads to Broad Sound $75,000 and continuing contracts, $481,940; Sandy Bay, Cape Ann harbor of refuge, $150,000; Mystic and Malden rivers, $55,000.

Connecticut—Bridgeport Harbor, $50,000; continuing contract, $288,327; New Haven Harbor, $50,000; continung contract, $29,000.

New York—New York Harbor, for 35-foot channel, $1,100,000; continuing contract, $3,510,000; Buffalo Harbor, $125,000; continuing contract, $248,113; Hudson River, $100,000; Larchmont Harbor, $50,000.

Pennsylvania—Erie Harbor, $125,000; Pittsburg Harbor, $110,662; Delaware River, from Trenton to its mouth, $300,000.

Maryland—Patapsco River and channel to Baltimore, $300,000.

Washington, D. C.—Potomac River, $50,000.

Virginia—James River, $150,000.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

ARE PREVALENT AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILFORD, N. H., Jan. 21.—Owing to the prevalence of contagious diseases among children here, the board of health has issued an order closing the public school, Sunday schools and public library for a period of at least four weeks, and all children under 15 years of age are prohibited for that length of time from attending church or other public gatherings of any kind. This action was taken after consultation with Dr. Watson of Concord, who advised the step. Scarlet fever is the illness from which the children are suffering most severely. Nineteen cases already have been reported and many others which have shown serious symptoms are under the eyes of the physicians. These have not yet developed into virulent form, but necessitate the separation of the patients and those caring for them. One death occurred this forenoon and several other cases are serious.

NAHANT'S POSTMASTER

THOMAS J. CUSICK SELECTED TO SORT MAIL IN SENATOR LODGE'S TOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The fourth class postmasters appointed today include: Massachusetts, Nahant, Thomas J. Cusick.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK

OCCURRED IN PORT ANTONIO—MUCH DAMAGE WAS DONE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORT ANTONIO, Jamaica, Jan. 21.—An earthquake, lasting ten seconds, and the most severe in years has occurred here. The amount of damage done is not known.

IMPORTANT NEWPORT RENTALS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 21.—Two important rentals of summer cottages for next season were announced today—the Glover Villa on Beacon Hill Road, known as "Belvir," to William K. Vanderbilt Jr., and Pinard Cottage No. 2, to Senator-elect Chauncey M. Depew of New York. Mr. Depew has occupied this cottage for two seasons past. Last year the Glover Villa was occupied by J. Edward Addicks now the Republican candidate for United States senator in Delaware.

STEAMER NEW YORK DISABLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOUTHAMPTON, Jan. 21—The American line steamer New York, Captain Passow from New York, for this port, was docked at 1.30 p. m. today here. She was delayed in her arrival owing to the disabling of her intermediate cylinder of the starboard engine, which occurred on January 11. From that time on she used her port engine. The weather was fine throughout the passage. The steamer will be repaired here.

EXPRESS THIEVES CAUGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—Two express thieves were caught red handed by the police of station 16 last night. They are John O'Brien, 24, of 78 George street, and Frank Reardon, 26, of 78 Bolton street, charged with the larceny of a package containing two lady's wraps and other articles from the team of the Boston Parcel Delivery company on Marlboro street.

SHARKEY FINED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—Thomas Sharkey, the pugilist, with his sparring partner, Robert Armstrong, was arraigned in the municipal court here this morning and fined $15 dollars each for participating in a sparring exhibition which the police maintain partook of the nature of a prize fight. Both the pugilists have been performing at one of the theatres here this week.

SHAFTER SPEAKS

Not a Mistake Made in Santiago Campaign.

THE BEST MEN WERE VICTORIOUS.

"We Kept the Enemy Busy" He Says.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 21.—Major General Shafter was given a public reception by the citizens of San Francisco last evening at the Palace Hotel. The affair was under the auspices of a company of 100 citizens headed by Major Phelan. The general shook hands with thousands of citizens. In his address the general said:

"The campaign of Santiago had been criticised but heretofore I have said little about it. Now that I am at home and among friends I have no hesitation in saying that not a mistake or a blunder was made in the campaign. If you want to hurt anybody, you have got to get up near enough so they can hurt you. (Cheers). It was a light between men and the victory went to the best soldiers and best marksmen. We kept the enemy so busy they had no time to attack our flanks."

He said that the part of the army was done, and he had no fears that the people could not successfully cope with the new responsibilities thrust upon them. The war was a great blessing and the outlook was bright for long continued peace.

RILEY OF LOWEL

HELD AT LAWRENCE BY POLICE ON SUSPICION OF LARCENY.

James J. Riley, aged 17 years, claiming Buffalo, N. Y., as his home, but who is really a Lowell boy, whose father lives here at the present time, is locked up at the Lawrence station on suspicion.

Young Riley wore a uniform which he says he bought in Boston. He also says that he was connected with the Frankie Carpenter Opera company, which was here about a week ago and that the manager became displeased with him and he was discharged. Recently he presented himself to City Missionary Carter and told his story and said his parents lived in Buffalo, giving the street and number and saying that the opera company to which he was attached had gone to Nashua, N. H. Mr. Carter gave Riley a ticket for the Adams mission to stay until he investigated the case. The police telephoned to the opera company at Nashua and the manager stated that no such person was ever in his employ. In the meantime Mr. Carter wrote to Buffalo and yesterday was informed that the person addressed was not known and there was no such street or number. For several days Mr. Carter tried to locate Riley, who was "bunking" anywhere, except at the mission, but his search was fruitless. Riley worked about several hotels in Lowell for the last three months having come here from Buffalo to find his father.

NEW BRIDGE

TO CROSS MERRIMACK RIVER AT CHELMSFORD IS WANTED.

Last evening at the hall of St. John's T. A. society of North Chelmsford, there was a lively debate which was listened to by a large audience.

The subject debated was, "Resolved, that a new state bridge across the Merrimack river between the boundaries of North Chelmsford would be a benefit to the people of Chelmsford."

The affirmative was taken by Patrick Dunigan and John F. McManimon, and the negative by Patrick T. McMahon and James F. Leahey. Both sides advanced good arguments, but the affirmative side was declared the winner by 30 points to 26 points.

The judges of the debate were John C. Hogan, James P. Quigley and John McTague.

Representative William J. Quigley was present and spoke in favor of the bridge.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WALL STREET—Noon — Confident buying of the Vanderbilt stocks, combined with purchases by London of about 50,000 shares, turned the current of prices again strongly upward. The publication of the bank statement, showing an increase in cash of almost $10,000,000 was another great bull card and caused extreme covering by the shorts. Heaviness was notable in a few stocks, notably Manhattan and Peoples Gas. In the final dealings heavy realizations caused some irregularity and the market closed with a generally strong tone. There were handsome advances in the Vanderbilt's Union Pacific and Atchison, but very moderate rises in the Grangers and other railways. Sales 761,027 shares.

FOR GOLDEN JUBILEE.

A marble floor and a railing of gold are contemplated for the main altar at St. Patrick's church. These improvements are to be made within a short time to make notable the golden jubilee of the ordination of the pastor, Rev. Michael O'Brien, and will add greatly to the beauty of the church.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL.

There will be a regular meeting of the Trades and Labor council in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street, Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Report from the ways and means committee appointed at the last special meeting, and other important matters will come before the meeting. Every delegate is requested to be present.

MILLS ON FIRE

Laurel Hill Yarn Company's Plant Destroyed.

PROPERTY DESTROYED VALUED AT $75,000.

Two Tenements Were Also Consumed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PASCOAG, R. I., Jan. 21.—The mill of the Laurel Hill Yarn Company in Bridgeton, a suburb of Pascoag, and two houses, one a two tenement house and the other a one tenement, together with stock house and out buildings, were entirely consumed by fire early this morning.

The fire was discovered between 1 and 2 o'clock but the flames had gained great headway and it was useless to try to save the building. The buildings were all owned by Messrs. Olney T. and E. A. Inman. The mill was a two story building, 120 by 56 feet and was built in 1895. On the lower floor was machinery for the manufacture of woolen yarns. The machinery was of a valuable kind. This room was operated by the Messrs. Inman.

The stock house destroyed was partially filled with stock.

The one tenement house consumed was occupied by James Fairbrother, superintendent of the woolen yarn company. With difficulty he saved the larger part of his furniture.

In the two tenement lived a family named Bellaman and Mrs. Howard and family. Mr. Bellaman succeeded in saving most of his furniture, but a large part of Mrs. Howard's was consumed.

The house of Mrs. Reuben Buxton was in great danger but by the united efforts of the by-standers it escaped with a slight scorching. A little girl of Mrs. Howard's was overcome by smoke, but this morning is reported as having recovered. It was the largest fire that has ever visited Bridgeton.

The property destroyed was valued at about $75,000 and was partly insured.

DR. CHAS. ADAMS

Favors Expansion of American Power and Influence

MATTER SOLVED BY LOUISIANA PURCHASE

His Utterances Met With Great Favor.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 21—At the Foundation Day exercises at the University of Indiana yesterday, Dr. Chas. K. Adams, president of the University of Wisconsin, spoke on "Colonies and Other Dependencies." His utterances in favor of the expansion of American power and influence were enthusiastically applauded. President Adams said that the constitutional questions involved in the subject of national expansion were not likely to present any permanent embarrassment. The problem, he thought, was solved by the Louisiana purchase when Jefferson, without constitutional authority, made the purchase and the people of manufacturing and transportation are forcing such a movement into the tropics as history has never known before. Shall the people of the United States take no part in this world movement, and if they take part in the movement shall they leave unprotected their commercial interests at a distance of thousands of miles? It is not difficult to foretell the answer to the question? Call it imperialism, if you will, it is simply the beneficent substitution of republican methods for the government of a people that has never known anything but the dominance of rapacity and cruelty."

PRIVATE WORTHEN

GOES TO HIS HOME FROM THE HOSPITAL.

Private Walter Worthen of Company C, who has been confined in both the Lowell General and St. John's hospital came out of the latter institution today to be mustered out and received discharge certificate from Uncle Sam's militia. He went to his home at 97 Forrest street this noon to further recuperate. He is still weak and will be under medical care for some time to come. Private Worthen came with the "first batch" on the transport Roy State from Porto Rico. He is a son of Inspector George E. Worthen of the Lowell Water Works who himself is an old soldier and a crack shot with a rifle.

WINIFRED MACBRAYNE

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF GREENHALGE DEBATING CLUB.

The meeting of the Frederick T. Greenhalge Debating society of the high school was held yesterday afternoon and one hundred members were present. The meeting was the semi-annual one for the election of officers for the ensuing term, and resulted in the election of Winifred MacBrayne, president; John J. Rogers, first vice president; Edith S. Richardson, second vice president; E. Thompson, secretary; Dana B. Whipple, treasurer; Osborne Cilley, sergeant-at-arms.

THOSE TAX CASES

Will be Heard by Commissioners Next Week.

THREE YEARS' ABATEMENT PETITIONED FOR

By the Tremont and Suffolk Mills.

Great things are expected of City Solicitor Qua next Wednesday when the much-discussed Tremont & Suffolk tax abatement cases against the city involving something like $1,500,000 come up before Arthur Lord, the special commissioner designated by the superior court to hear the cases. Mr. Lord has had experience in such cases, having been the commissioner in the famous Holyoke cases. On Tuesday the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills will be inspected and the hearing will be held on the following day. Frank E. Dunbar, Esq., will appear for the petitioners and City Solicitor Qua for the city. The city's side of the cases was originally prepared by ex-City Solicitor John J. Hogan but Mr. Qua, his successor, took them up where he discontinued. When Mr. Qua's candidacy for re-election was discussed, some of the members of the city council who under any other circumstances would have supported another candidate voted for Mr. Qua because of his familiarity with and work on these tax cases about to come up, believing that the city's best interests would be conserved by retaining Mr. Qua in office.

Therefore, great things are expected of him.

The Tremont & Suffolk mills have petitioned the superior court three times for an abatement of their taxes in the years 1895, 1896 and 1897. As an immense amount of money is involved in the matter the city can ill afford to lose. A separate petition is presented for each of the three years and as they are practically similar, the petition for the abatement of the taxes of 1895 printed below will give the reader an insight into the nature of them. The petition is as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex ss.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills

vs.

City of Lowell.

To the Honorable, the Justices of the Superior Court Within and For the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully represents your petitioner, the Tremont & Suffolk mills:

1. That it is a manufacturing corporation duly established and organized under the laws of the Commonwealth and having its usual place of business and manufacture established in the city of Lowell in the county and commonwealth aforesaid;

2. That it was the owner of and possessed on the first day of May in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five certain real and personal estate in said city of Lowell and taxable therein;

3. That upon notice from the assessors of the said city of Lowell as provided by statute, your petitioner within the time specified in said notice, brought in to said assessors a true list of all its real and personal estate, subject to taxation and made oath that such list was full and accurate according to its best knowledge and belief and submitted to examinations by said assessors as to the truth and accuracy thereof;

4. That the said assessors did appraise and make a valuation of said real and personal estate for the purpose of taxation and did assess taxes upon the same for said years and a bill for the amount thereof was rendered to your petitioners by the collector of taxes of the said city of Lowell and the same was duly paid by your petitioners under protest;

5. That the said assessors did not make a fair cash valuation of the said estate, real and personal, of your petitioner subject to taxation in said city of Lowell, but placed a valuation on said property of your petitioners far exceeding its fair cash value and that the taxes assessed to your petitioners for said years by said assessors were more than its just proportion and excessive, unequal and illegal and much larger than your petitioner ought in justice to pay;

6. That the said assessors did not enter in their books for said year opposite the description of each building of the manufacturing establishments of your petitioner, the value of the machinery used in said building and did not enter in said books the buildings in your petitioners' manufacturing establishments describing each cotton factory of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms used in the same nor enter in said books the value of said buildings opposite the description of the same respectively, nor enter in said books the cotton factories of your petitioner with the number of spindles and looms in the same.

7. That within six months from the date of said tax bill, your petitioner being aggrieved by the tax assessed upon it by said assessment as aforesaid, applied to them for an abatement thereof, and said assessors thereupon refused to make an abatement and gave notice in writing to your petitioner of their decision on the third day of May, 1898;

8. And your petitioner comes and makes complaint thereof to your honors and doth pray that you will decide the value of each part of said property, and that you will make such reduction of the valuation of the same and such an abatement of said tax assessed by said assessors as to you shall seem just and reasonable and for such other and further relief as to you shall seem meet and proper in the premises.

Tremont & Suffolk Mills.

A. S. COVEL, Treas.

PERKINS COMFORTABLE.

Edward M. Perkins the tobacco salesman who attempted suicide at his home in the Varnum block, Centralville, Thursday, and who has since been under treatment at the St. John's hospital, was resting comfortably at 2 o'clock this morning.

G. G. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

SOLDIER RECORDS

Being Prepared by Committee on Memorial Tablets.

MOST IMPORTANT BOOK FOR THE FUTURE

Arthur F. Salmon Doing the Work.

Many who follow the published accounts of City Hall matters in the local press have undoubtedly asked themselves often as to what is the reason for the existence of the Memorial Tablets committee of the city council. Few are familiar with the nature of its duties and as the only thing at present to show any result from its work is the collection of tablets in Memorial Hall bearing the names of the soldiers and sailors who died in the war of the rebellion, this is not to be wondered at, for it is seldom that the general public finds its way to the beautiful hall over the library. Not entirely familiar with the purpose of the committee the writer looked it up as it were, to find that its mission is a most worthy one and well worth to posterity the expenditure of any reasonable amount of money.

In the early part of last year, Alderman Dimon introduced an order in the city council for the appointment of a committee to provide a set of tablets for Memorial Hall to bear the names of all the soldiers and sailors connected with Lowell who died either in battle, from wounds or illness between the years of 1861-1866, the period covering the war of the rebellion. A committee was appointed and $500 was appropriated for its work.

At the time the order was introduced those supposed to know estimated that the committee would find about 370 names to place on the tablets and the committee was assured that all it had to do was to consult the "city records" of the soldiers. The committee went to work expecting a snap. It elected Arthur F. Salmon its clerk, and delegated to him the work connected with the matter. It didn't take Mr. Salmon more than a day to realize that he had assumed a herculean task for upon looking them up he was greatly surprised, as was everyone else, to find that the city of Lowell was absolutely without any record of its soldiers and sailors who fought in the civil war. It was then decided by the committee that as long as it had started on the tablets work it should make a complete job of it and establish a city record for the use of Lowell for the future. More money was accordingly appropriated and Mr. Salmon immediately began on the tablets first. He gathered his data by correspondence with Washington, repeated visits to the archives and vaults of the state house and by looking up and visiting the historians of all the Massachusetts regiments in which Lowell men were enlisted. When he had gathered together the names of 370 men from Lowell who died during the war, he found that he had gathered but a little over half and last August when the tablets were placed in Memorial hall they contained over 600 names. The committee also placed at the stairway leading from the street floor to the hall, a tablet explaining the character of the building. Having finished the tablet work, Mr. Salmon dropped the record gathering temporarily to take charge of the soldiers returning from the Spanish war, which kept him busy to the close of the year. At the beginning of the new year he began the arduous task of compiling a complete record of Lowell's soldiers and sailors in the rebellion and in the Spanish war. Up to date he has got through the A's and B's in the former record. There were some 5700 soldiers and sailors in the war of the rebellion and about 600 in the Spanish war. These will all go on record for the benefits of the city clerk, the overseers of the poor, the state aid officials and the pension agents of the future. The record of the soldier of the war of the rebellion will contain the name of the subject, his birthplace, residence, name of regiment and company, dates of enlistment and discharge, all if any promotion during service, when, where and how if wounded, and date of death should it occur at any time before the completion of the book, together with any other information of the subject's career that can be gleaned authentically. The records of the soldiers of the Spanish war will be even more complete and will contain the names of the parents and their birthplace as the dependence as it is much easier to get at them.

The work of recording points out many difficulties, prominent among them being that of duplicating records. With so many names gathered from so many different sources, it is an extremely difficult task to avoid duplication. Then many who enlisted were discharged before the war was over and were lost track of. For instance a soldier who was with the Sixth in its memorable march through Baltimore was mustered out after 100 days and lost track of. Mr. Salmon looking him up, found that he afterward enlisted in a Maine regiment and was wounded. A soldier supposed to have died in the South was found to be alive today taking life easy at Togus, Me. Then again, while the Massachusetts men were in the south, many of them were killed and their places were filled by loyal Southerners. These afterward reenlisted in Lowell companies and therefore must be recorded as Lowell soldiers. Nearly every city and town in the North has a more or less complete record of its soldiers that of the town of Danvers in particular. The Danvers records give the names of the parents, brothers and sisters of every Danvers soldier but were compiled immediately after the war.

Of all its valuable features perhaps the most valuable of this book of records in the estimation of many old soldiers will be the fact that it will give a true account of every man in the war as far as is possible to learn and will thereby set many an old soldier right with the world, for though it may not be generally known, it is a fact that many Lowell soldiers who served creditably are down on the records of the Adjutant General in the state house as being deserters. A well known business man of this city who can produce an honorable discharge from the army is called a deserter on the state house books.

Before concluding its work the committee on tablets would do well and please the entire city if it should add to the tablets in Memorial hall the names of all soldiers and sailors who died in the Spanish war.

OLD MAN BRICKLEY

Refuses to Mary Miss M. E. Taft.

AND SHE WANTS DAMAGES THREFOR

She Claims They Were Engaged to be Married.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 21.—Miss Mary E. Tafft, a well known resident of Auburn, demands $20,000 for alleged breach of promise from Charles A. Brickley, reputed to be in the possession of $100,000. But he has not filled up a dime, as Miss Tafft says he faithfully promised to do during his 16 years' ardent wooing of her.

Miss Tafft declares that the only obstacle to their course of true love, another woman who had mysterious influence over Mr. Brickley, died some time ago, leaving him free to carry out the engagement which she declares he sealed with a ring bearing their initials.

When chided with his neglect, Miss Tafft says that Mr. Brickley professed to have no recollections of plighting his troth to her. He had lived at her house a part of the time covering their courtship, she declares, and lost no opportunities to press his suit on her. She claim to have many proofs of their engagement.

Miss Tafft is no longer young and thinks her chances of marriage have been materially if not hopelessly diminished by Mr. Brickley's exclusive attentions.

He is apparently about 60 years old. She may be 15 years his junior.

AGAINST DEATH

REPRESENTATIVE DALTON WANTS CAPITAL PUNISHMENT ABOLISHED.

Representative J. Frank Dalton of Salem says that Alfred Williams, who was convicted of murder in Essex county and hanged in Salem last November, should never have been executed for the crime.

The evidence, he said, did not warrant such a severe sentence, he thinks, especially when the district attorney and the two previous district attorneys recommended the commutation of his sentence on the ground that there was not sufficient proof of his guilt, although there was some circumstantial evidence.

It is to abolish capital punishment altogether that Representative Dalton will make a strong effort during the present session of the legislature. He says that he does not believe in capital punishment at all, and he says the hearings upon the subject will demonstrate that the ablest men and women in Massachusetts favor the bill. Among the many who have urged him to present the measure to the legislature is the Rev. William J. Byrne, the vicar-general of the Boston archdiocese.

His bill provides that in case a convict is wrongfully accused, and there is evidence to prove his innocence, he shall have an opportunity to present such evidence to the Supreme Judicial court, which shall have power to act in the matter.

FREE DELIVERY

EXPECTED IN SUBURBAN TOWNS IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

A matter that has engaged the attention of prospective postal employes is the proposed establishment of a substation at Dracut. The reason for the interest taken is that in the event of such a rearrangement being made, a great reinforcement to both clerk and letter carrier service in the local post office will be necessary. At the present time there are about 40 clerks employed in the post office and there are many applicants with high standing on the eligible list. The last civil service examination was taken by about 50 young men and as there will be only a small number of positions to fill, the friends of all the applicants are working earnestly in their behalf with the hope that some action will be taken by congress to extend the free delivery to such towns as Dracut.

A Sun reporter yesterday afternoon interviewed Postmaster Thompson relative to the matter and the latter said the proposed extension would require more clerks and carriers and perhaps an additional wagon. "In making appointments," he said, "I take the candidates foremost on the list and highest in the recommendations of responsible citizens."

PRIVATE MOONEY

TAKES EXCEPTION TO THE PUBLISHED STATEMENTS.

Private Mooney denies the statement that his wife was buried by the Volunteer Aid association or at the expense of that body. He admits having received some aid but not to the extent reported in the press. He naturally thinks it strange that he was not notified of the death of his wife until two days after her death, but accepts the explanation that it was due to death in Dr. Simpson's own family which called him away. Somebody should be left in charge, however, with authority to notify the proper parties in case of death.

PROBATE MATTERS.

In the will of Sally M. Scales of this city, filed for probate yesterday morning at East Cambridge, the residue of the property after a number of private bequests is left to the Kirk Street Congregational church of this city, for the support of public worship.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

The Lowell Association of Stationary Engineers held a meeting last evening. One new member was admitted, two applications were received and accepted. There was a discussion on erecting one hundred H. P. plant, size of engine, boilers and belts to transmit, the same to be continued.

JOSIAH F. FISKE.

The Haverhill Gazette announces the engagement of one of Lowell's best known young men, Josiah Fielding Fiske, to Miss Madge Gilbert, daughter of Mr. George Gilbert, a prominent shoe manufacturer of that city.

It was known by a few that "Joe," as he is familiarly known, was absent at Haverhill the first few days of the week but it was thought that his visit there was in the interest of his firm.

It was not possible to substantiate the reported engagement by the party most interested, Mr. Fiske himself. He would neither deny nor affirm. He would reveal nothing to the reporter, but smiles and these he dealt out profusely.

Afterwards a friend of his volunteered the information that he had beheld the genial Josiah yesterday engaged at no other task than diamond shopping.

Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently in the local papers only recently when at the death of his grandmother, he was found to have been handsomely remembered in her will.

Prior to his debut in tailoring, Mr. Fiske figured quite prominently as an organizer and promoter of theatrical enterprises. Few people in Lowell are better posted on matters dramatic. Miss Gilbert is a sister of Miss Bessie Gilbert, a cornetist of national reputation.

SUNDAY SUBJECTS

UPON WHICH THE MINISTERS WILL DISCOURSE TO-MORROW.

Grace Universalist—Morning, "For Whose Sake?"

Mount Vernon F. B.—Morning, "Ye Shall Receive Power;" evening, "The Devil Poisoning a Woman." Rev. F. Allison Currier, M. A., will preach.

Mr. Frederick Lincoln will preach at the mission, corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets at 3 p. m.

Chelmsford Street F. B.—Morning, "Friendship."

First Primitive Methodist—Morning, "The Christian's Passion;" evening, "Failed in the Weighing."

Fifth Street Baptist—Morning, "How to Win;" evening, "The Precious Christ."

Worthen Street M. E.—Morning, "Life and Translation of Enoch;" evening, revival service.

Branch Street Baptist—Morning, "Forward;" evening, "Remember Now Thy Creator."

Highland M. E.—Morning, "In Remembrance of Me;" evening, "Faith Waiting."

Christadelphian Ecclesia—Morning, "A Peculiar People."

Westminster Presbyterian—Morning, "Church Work;" evening "Ideal Living."

First Trin. Congregational—Morning, "God is Spirit;" evening, "Conscious and Unconscious Influence."

Central Methodist—Morning, "Practical Preaching;" evening, "Personal Preaching."

First Unitarian—Morning, "The Weight of the Soul."

Eliot—Preaching in the morning at 10.30 by Prof. W. H. Ryder of Andover. Vesper service at 6.45 p.m.

First Congregational—Morning, "The Deity of Christ;" evening, "Slippery Places."

New Church—(Odd Fellows Temple) Morning, "Internal Sense of the Lord's Prayer."

St. Paul's M. E.—Morning, "Notes From the Field."

Rev. Frederic Lincoln of Boston Theological school will preach at St. Paul's church Sunday evening.

The usual consecration meeting at the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the parlor Sunday morning at 9.15. Mr. Fred Sunderland will lead the meeting. At the 4 o'clock song service in the hall, Rev. J. A. Bowler will give an illustrated address. Rev. H. Lockhart will also speak. The quartette of the Immanuel Baptist church will furnish special music.

The teachers' normal class will take the place of the regular meeting for the study of the Sunday school lesson this afternoon.

John Street—Morning, "A Clean Heart"; evening at 7, stereopticon lecture on Palestine.

House of Prayer, Walker street, Rev. W. E. L. Ward—7.30, holy communion; 10.45, choral eucharist; 3.30, children's vespers; 7, evensong and third lecture of pastor's course.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Pollard building, Palmer street—Sunday service 10.45 a. m.; subject, "Love."

Second Church of Christ, Scientist—Morning at 10.45, "Love."

Centralville M. E.—Morning, "A Promise to the Thirsty;" evening, "The Lost Sheep," illustrated by original sketches.

Revival services will be held next week at the Centralville Methodist church. Preachers: Monday evening, Rev. W. S. Searle of Lawrence; Tuesday, Rev. W. J. Wilkins of Methuen; Wednesday, Rev. G. M. Curl of Lawrence; Thursday, Rev. C. H. Farnsworth of Lawrence.

Paige Street Free Baptist—Morning, "Daniel's Courage;" evening, "Knowledge Better Than Theory."

First Baptist—Morning, "Two Great Needs;" evening, "The Valley of Decision." Prelude—"A Death in Jail."

The service at the Kirk street church to-morrow night will have an innovation in the singing. The Men's league developed a chorus of 86 male voices the other night, and it is proposed to have this chorus upon the platform. The orchestra that played at the league social has volunteered its services also, and the "family sing" promises to be one that will be enjoyable both for volume and vigor.

Free—Morning, "The Moral Necessity of Beauty."

Unity Meeting House—Afternoon at 4 o'clock, "The Creators of Modern Life."

The Seventh Day Adventist church, A. H. Clark, elder, will hold services Saturday afternoon at old Highland hall. Sabbath school at 2, preaching at 3. Subject, "The Christian's Armor."

WEST BILLERICA

AGED RESIDENT DIES SUDDENLY WHILE SEATED IN CHAIR.

Casper Rondorf, aged 77 years, died suddenly while seated in a chair in his home at West Billerica, Thursday evening. The deceased was well known in Lowell where he formerly conducted a dyeing establishment on School street. He retired from active life about five years ago. He leaves a wife and four children, Mrs. Henry S. Pike of Lowell, Mrs. William Kulp of Pennsylvania and Albert and Hugo Rondorf of Philadelphia.

BASKET BALL.

There will be a lively and interesting game in Fitchburg tonight when the Burkes will play against the Y. M. C. A. team of that place.

This evening the Y. M. C. A. will play the association team from Amesbury and the game will be well worth seeing.

A correspondent suggests that it would be an excellent idea for the referee when he calls a foul to announce the nature of the foul and the name of the offender. He avers that this would aid the audience greatly in following the play. The referee would undoubtedly be willing to make this announcement if the managers of the teams so arranged. The same correspondent also inquires "when a foul is called how far does the man stand from the basket for a free throw?

The official basket ball guide says: "When a foul has been made the opposite side shall have a free throw for the goal at a distance of fifteen feet from a point on the floor directly beneath the centre of the goal, measuring towards the opposite goal." In reply to his next question, "why is it that the ball when thrown up in the centre if not touched by either centre, is thrown up again?" Section 3 of XI may be quoted as follows:" After the referee puts the ball in play in the centre, it must be first touched by one of the centre men, who shall have been previously indicated to the umpire."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Piso's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY FORMED BY YOUNG PEOPLE.

In the vestry of the Second Congregational church at North Chelmsford Thursday night a debating society was organized. A large number of the young men of the village attended the meeting. These officers were chosen: President, Stowart McKay; vice president, A. W. Trubey; secretary, Mr. Trombley; treasurer, Mr. Mitchell. The society will be a great help to the young men of the village, for during the next few months, the society will have a series of debates and some interesting questions will be discussed.

Samuel Hodgon, who has been confined to his home the past few weeks has almost recovered and in the course of a few days he will be able to be around.

The North Chelmsford orchestra will play at the box party and dance of St. John's T. A. society, Monday evening. The members of the society are determined that their new hall shall be tested to its full capacity that evening.

LEATHER WORKERS' UNION.

At Old Manchester Unity hall, last evening the Leather Workers' union of this city held a rally and were addressed by J. D. Cowper of Lynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who expounded the principles of organization. A call was issued to the machinists to meet one week from next Friday night at Old Manchester Unity hall. After Mr. Cowper's speech, remarks were made by Dennis Haley, Joe Convery and Chas. H. McCullough. John J. Whelan was chairman.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Mr. Brennan of the boot and shoe strikers of Marlboro addressed the brussels carpet weavers at their meeting yesterday afternoon. During the meeting the weavers voted to donate $100 from the funds of the union to assist the strikers in their efforts to resist the demands of the manufacturers.

COMMON SENSE CURE

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Permanently by Curing the Cause.

Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning, and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkley, 601 Mississippi St., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Major Dean of Columbus, Ohio, says: "I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure has effectually cured me."

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is one dollar per package and it is put up only by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1883 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
315 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares. Loads on any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co. Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

Notice, For the next 15 days A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $18; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, Pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Belz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Belz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic imported cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.
Corner Willie and Broadway.

WANTED.

MADAME ROYAL the renowned western Clairvoyant, will remain in the city a while longer, owing to a rush of business. 177 Middlesex street.

AGENTS WANTED.—We are the largest manufacturers of Slot Machines. Our prices and terms will suit you. Keep posted. The Leo Counts Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, with prosperous business; no encumbrances; will appreciate genial, sensible wife. "Merchant," 3128 Forest ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—6 good canvassers at once. No other need apply. Call between 5 and 7 p. m. A. W. Burke, 123 Broadway.

WANTED—Men or women to canvass for women's Shoe. Must have references. Address Una, 91 Middlesex street.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.00 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 454 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 83 Rock street.

WANTED—Good health. The blooming idiot died last fall, wouldn't drink Hires, that is all. S. Bartlett, 163 Middlesex St., sells Hires.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 65 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 365 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 117 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONANS?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dowe, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money at or near St. Peter's church Sunday morning. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 11 Gorham street.

FOUND.—Gentleman's seal glove. Owner can have by calling at 80 Lyons street and paying for this advertisement.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two newly furnished rooms to let at $1 each, in private family. 9 Tyler street.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—5 acre farm on line of electrics, $10.00. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $1.50; also 5 good rooms, this condition for $8.50. Save money by reducing rent. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel. P. O. Box 94, Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 718 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 293 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3,000 WILL BUY wine rooms and cafe, including complete stock and license to May next; last year, receipts, $10,050. Address G., Box 891, Providence, R. I.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Lev Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chal dron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to $5.00 pair.

SLEDS
For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for
25c. EACH
and upwards.

BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck Street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2 cottages opposite Shaw Hosiery. Cheap. H. G. Bennett, Bon Marche Block.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a first class drug store. Address H. W. S., Arlington street, Haverhill, Mass.

FOR SALE—Quick Lunch Rooms. New and modern; one of the best in Lowell, and on principal street. Satisfactory reason for selling. Address Marshall, Sun office.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Litby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $3500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 8 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 350 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Ten REPANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house; good repair, large lot of land. Price $2100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 3 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 22 Middle street.

Only Perfect Bath Cabinet: Latest patent: Greatest seller. R. M. Irwin, Trenton, N. J.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 153 Merrimack street.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS.—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

MAKE YOUR MONEY EARN MONEY—The money-making chances in Stocks, Wheat, Cotton and Bonds are better and safer now than ever before. Therefore no losses under our plan, and a stipulated income on your capital is guaranteed. Every facility for successful investment is offered our clients. Write for free advice and literature, showing how you may increase your income without risk. C. E. Mackey & Co., 9 Wall street, New York.

MONEY TO LOAN
We loan money on good SECOND MORTGAGES. We also make building loans and buy houses for you on the "Rent pays for home" plan. AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 137 Central Street, Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

NAPKINS
What kind?
PAPER
To reduce our stock we are now selling
PAPER NAPKINS
BELOW COST.
The stock is not all, and at the Present Prices the buyer saves Money.
10c. PER HUNDRED
—TO—
60c. PER HUNDRED.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

The Wonderful New Drink.
"Gloria"
You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA pleases a different set of nerves,
But makes no improvement in your curves.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Help you walk upright and not on your head.
Darling we say it will make you a man,
And not have the name of raising the can;
Likely to give you a new lease of life;
Possibly the same effect on your wife.
Drink GLORIA today and more tomorrow;
You'll have very little trouble to borrow.
5 Cents everywhere.
S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

THAT'S RIGHT!
When you want a nice piece of Jewelry or a fine Watch
COME TO
LEGAULT & CO.
The Reliable Jewelers,
70 CENTRAL ST.

Now is the Time
TO BUY A
Richmond Range
If your old range is not giving satisfaction buy a RICHMOND RANGE before the coming of the severely cold weather. You will save money in doing so.
Floor Coverings of All Descriptions at the Lowest Prices
Come and see our Heating Stoves. You will wonder how we sell them so cheap.
General Furniture Satisfactory in Quality and Price.
PETER DAVEY,
134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer
TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION
HOT COFFEE. FREE SAMPLE.
THE BEST 25c. COFFEE YOU EVER SAW
—AT THE—
Banner Market Grocery
GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE.
68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.
John P. Squire's Sugar Cured Ham, - 8c
Fresh Pork, - - - - - 6c
Fore Quarters Lamb, - - - - 7c
Hind Quarters Lamb, - - - 10c
THIS WEEK ONLY

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rollers Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 84, 85, 86, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Merr'k & Bridge
$5 to $10 a Set

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 404-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

Ladies' High Cut
Lace Shoes, made from box calf stock, 3 soles, a first class storm or skating boot, regular $2.50 value, sale price $1.75 a pair.
J. J. LONERCAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING
Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at
Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR.
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU
With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it of us, as we will give you the best and cleanest Coal in the market at the least possible prices.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

THE CHANGES IN FOOTWEAR.

The Sharp Points Are Giving Way to the English Bull-Dog Toe and Good Scotch Heel.

WOMEN WITH MUCH SOLE.

In the House Feminine Daintiness Rules in the Matter of Stocking and Shoes.

A LADY KNOWN BY HER BOOTS.

"How do you tell a lady?" propounded a clubwoman the other day.

"By her boots," said a Gothamite.

"And her bonnet, of course," added a Brooklynite.

"Don't forget her gloves," whispered a Philadelphian.

So, by a symposium of clubwomen a woman is adjudged a lady by her boots, her bonnet and her gloves—with the boots coming first.

With the long enveloping cloaks now in style very little can be seen except these articles and a woman must depend for her style upon the elegance of the three.

If you will ask the average woman how much the style in shoes can change in a year she may say "not at all," but on second thought she will tell you that there are subtle changes all the time which, at the end of the year, count for a great deal. On going to get a pair of pointed toed shoes the other day a woman was met with a polite stare from the clerk.

"For the street?" asked the clerk. "Oh, we have none of that description—except for the house."

"Actually," said one woman, "I felt as out of date as if I had asked for Congress gaiters."

"I am sorry about the toes," sighed another woman that had just become used to the needle points, "for now I must jump into the clumsy broad English bull-dog shoes when toothpick points it me best."

RETURN OF FRENCH HEEL.

There have been so many things for the clubwomen to discuss that the denunciation of the French heel has made the most of the lull and crept back into vogue. For instance, in mindy's dress shoes the slender curved heel is almost three inches high, the top of the shoe is of cloth or dull glove kid and the vamp or patent leather.

For the house two styles are used—a heavy, broad, thick, rolled tie, either entirely of patent leather with large brass eyelets for the broad silk strings, or heavy tan leather with black heels and soles.

Then there is the Puritan slipper of soft tan leather with a narrow square toe, quite a heavy extension sole, a high flaring tongue and leather bow held by a nickle buckle, but so inconsistent a three-inch French heel! There seems scarcely to be an end to the vagaries in house slippers. It looks, sometimes, as though the odds and ends of the dressmaker had been purchased for the purpose of making pretty fancy slippers.

For the boudoir a dainty slipper is a mull with just the cloth toe of Scotch plaid silk and pasted over the dangerously high heel is the same silk. Across the instep is a band of black fur.

EVENING SLIPPERS.

For evening slippers one's fancy can have full sway. Satin ties in all colors or dancing slippers made from a scrap of the gown with which they are to be worn are seen.

For a quiet little dance there are patent leather slippers with high red heels or the smartest little patent leather "pumps," made very mannish with little or no heels.

The fur-lined, brocaded silk evening boots to wear right over the dancing slipper are clumsy looking but indispensable to a girl who goes out a great deal. These are often seen in democratic New York in cable car or elevated train of an evening, for in a city where distances are so great, cabs are nuisances. It takes so long to go in this way that one prefers electricity or steam of a cold night to a slow-going horse.

The velvet-covered fur-edged foot-warmers used in a victoria or landau are very comforting.

From shoes to stockings is but a step, and as many novelties are shown in one as the other. The most marked is the return of clocks, gayly embroidered on black, blue or maroon silken hose, sometimes in the form of a rose vine, or again, just green leaves, but the embroidery is always in light shades.

Nickel blue stockings are powdered with white silk polka-dots, and navy blue stockings have bias light Roman stripes running around.

Plaided stockings in silk or fine cashmere are more used than ever; sometimes the plaids are bias, but often straight.

The half-colored stockings are not used as much as formerly, but an odd pair were checker-boarded with black and white half way up, then black alone.

Open-work stockings are the favorites for evening, quite often showing real lace applique. Stockings with sequin trimming over the instep are actually seen, but, of course, they are to be worn only with slippers.

HOME-MADE STOCKINGS.

Fancy stockings are so expensive that many women, with more taste than money, are making them at home. They buy the plain stocking and embroider it to suit the slippers.

In shoes for winter a dull finish is sought. This is put on with a kid glove which has been wrung out of oil until almost dry. The shoe gets, in this way, a dull, dressy finish which is admirable.

On pleasant days the shoes come forth shining, for then patent leathers are worn.

A word about skating shoes. They are usually made to order of black or brown, a heavy, broad shoe of the "bull-dog" type, coming quite high, though not quite so high as the bicycle boots.

Tights are often used instead of petticoats, or silk or light woolen bloomers are liked. All of the fashionable set are great skaters, and the ice rinks, where lessons are given, have boasted the smartest debutantes and matrons among the pupils.

It is the style in Gotham to be healthy, therefore, warm, comfortable stockings are worn in the street, and stout, good shoes. The "paper" sole is for dancing only; or for the parlor, but in the street its thin and necessarily soggy appearance is a sign of poverty.

MARY GOODWIN HUBBELL.

THE EMPRESS AS A COLONEL.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST OF THE EMPRESS ALL WORDS OF FRENCH ORIGIN HAVE BEEN BANISHED FROM THE ARMY, AS SHE DESIRES HER SOLDIERS TO USE ONLY THE PUREST OF GERMAN.

AN EASTER COSTUME OF 100 YEARS AGO.

THE BELLE OF THE EARLY CENTURY

A CHANCE IN NEW YORK.

The Western Girl Conquers With Her Progressiveness and the Southern Girl With Her Soft Voice.

"There are a great many chances for out-of-town girls now in New York," said the president of a woman's club the other day. "I do not mean for the poorer class of young women, but for educated ones. I know now at least 100 girls who are living independently in New York, as girl bachelors, who earn a livelihood at the trades, occupations and professions and of them all, not more than 6 per cent. are New York girls. It is the day of the out-of-town girl.

"Southern girls succeed best. Their beauty and soft gentle ways captivate. Their talents are great, too, especially along the lines of literature. But they marry too soon.

"Western girls are remarkable along the progressive lines. Their clear headedness makes them admirable in the professions. They are ideal as business managers and in positions requiring general good health and good nature. They make excellent wives, too, but they are witty and hard to suit. They do not marry the first man that asks them.

"Which do I like best? Don't ask me! Well! Give me the Southern girl. Her soft accent is to me irresistible."

THE FADS AND FANCIES OF THE NEW YEAR WOMAN OF 1899.

A PROGRESSIVE EMPRESS.

In Germany as in America it has always been considered a mark of superior education to be able to throw in a French word here and there; to punctuate one's language, so to speak, with a foreign phrase; and to guide one's speech with a line from another tongue.

But the German Empress—she who has always distinguished herself as being a quiet woman with only the raising of her children as an object in life—has decided otherwise, and owing to her opinion the Kaiser has just issued the most extraordinary command to his army.

The last issue of the royal organ of Berlin publishes an imperial cabinet order substituting German for all French words now employed in the army, or for words of French origin. The paper, in another column, says that the Kaiser is determined to promote the use of pure German in his empire, and with that end in view has banished all foreign words from army and navy use. This shuts out an immense variety of terms, for, until one stops to think, one has no idea how many foreign words are employed in every-day conversation.

The German Empress, who has worked to bring about this innovation, has always been a stickler for pure German. As a Princess of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, which is one of the oldest of German Provinces, she aimed to speak only the purest German, and up to the time of her marriage she was unable to understand even a word of any other language—a most remarkable state of affairs for a royal Princess.

Immediately upon her entrance to the Court of Berlin she was compelled to take lessons of private tutors in English, French and Russian, but it was several years before she learned these sufficiently to preside without embarrassment at her own court functions.

The Empress has long since learned to speak all foreign languages, but she likes German best, and has always been greatly distressed at the careless way in which the children of Germany were speaking their native tongue.

In English, as a mark of refinement, we sound the G and speak the Boston A, and in Germany there are just as delicate refinements of speech. These the Empress caused to be introduced in the public schools some years ago, and she gives every year certain prizes to poor children who speak German with a clear, good accent. The language of the street urchin is to her very offensive, for she does not like to hear the Kaiser's German murdered.

When the Kaiserin was appointed a Colonel of the Emperor's Guard she allowed to do so. Now at length she has taken him at his royal word. She has asked that only the best of German be used in military documents. This to a country, just over the border, means a great deal, for though these nations may be separated by a strong national feeling there have been international marriages, and so a patois is formed thereby.

The Empress of Germany is a very progressive woman, although she has never been given credit as such. Only a woman of great strength of character would have cared to go to the Holy Land at such a season. The Empress faithfully accompanied her husband every step of the way.

She is well posted on art matters and her criticism greatly aided the Kaiser in his allegorical painting of a year ago. She is a magnificent musician, and is as good a critic of theatricals as of music. In ten years the Kaiserin—now that her family can take care of itself—will be as well known in the world of women, as the progressive woman of Germany predict, as the Kaiser is known in the world of men.

The Kaiserin is not a pretty woman, for she has high cheek bones and has a tendency toward stoutness, which she constantly fights down. She inherits this from her mother, who grew immensely fat at a very early age. The Kaiserin rides horseback and takes frequent violent exercise to keep down her size, but it constantly increases until now she is very near the 200 mark. Still she is a handsome woman with a good presence, and of such fine height that she carries her weight without being at all noticeable. In fact she would pass for a woman of only 145 pounds.

As Colonel of the Guards she is a very pretty sight, and, now that she has come out strongly in favor of all things German, her popularity is increased fifty-fold.

REMEMBRANCE RINGS.

The very latest thing in remembrance rings is a ring with a stone of rock. This typifies eternal remembrance.

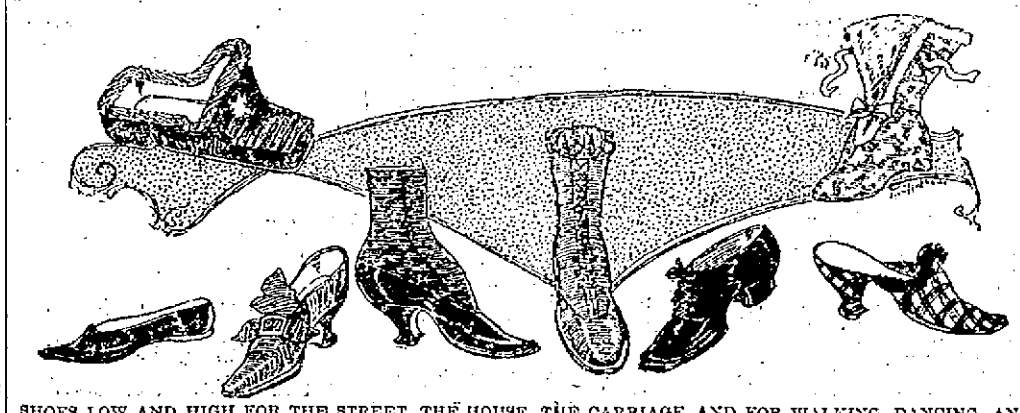
A certain gentleman of this city has a ring and scarfpin to match, each set with a small rock.

The rock is supposed to be from the rock of Gibraltar. But there is a New Jersey firm engaged in turning out these rock rings in such quantities that the observer is led to doubt if the rock of Gibraltar could furnish them all.

Yet, they are Gibraltar rings, just the same—eternal in memory

THE BLACK STOCKING HAS GONE OUT AND THE PLAID AND THE STRIPED STOCKING HAS COME IN.

THE LATEST FANCIES IN FEMININE SHOES.



SHOES LOW AND HIGH FOR THE STREET, THE HOUSE, THE CARRIAGE AND FOR WALKING, DANCING AND CYCLING.

VICTORIA'S PICTURE OF EUGENIE.

QUEEN VICTORIA IS SO FOND OF HER FRIEND, THE EX-EMPRESS OF FRANCE, THAT SHE ANNUALLY REQUESTS HER TO HAVE A SPECIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN FOR HER OWN PLEASURE. THIS IS EUGENIE'S LATEST GIFT TO VICTORIA.

TWO WOMEN FRIENDS OF EUROPE

It used to be playfully remarked that Queen Victoria and the ex-Empress Eugenie were never so happy as when shedding tears together over a cup of afternoon tea. That time has passed and the feeling of playfulness has deepened into one of respect for the great friendship which exists between these two remarkable women. One great because of her magnificent reign which includes almost the whole of the nineteenth century, and the other remarkable because of her life history.

When Eugenie suffered the great loss of her life in the death of her son, twenty years ago, she found a sympathetic friend in Queen Victoria, who had known what it was to lose those dearest to her.

That tie was the one which bound these two women together and it formed the basis of the great friendship which has since existed between them. Supported by a lapse of years, for there is a wide difference in their ages, they have yet a great deal in common, for both are masculine women, strong in thought and active in mind. They are women who have little thought for dress, but all the thought in the world for the affairs of the world.

Every year the ex-empress pays a long visit to Queen Victoria and the two talk together for hours, until the ladies-in-waiting to the queen suggest to the ex-empress that Her Majesty is tired. Forcibly separated they part only to renew their conversation next day. It is a familiar sight to see these two women, one supernaturally young and the other prematurely old, sitting on one of the benches at Balmoral, or driving together in the queen's pony phaeton, always deep in thought.

It has frequently been maliciously whispered that Eugenie has an axe to grind when she goes to see Victoria, but if so the ex-empress grinds it so quietly that no one but herself is the wiser. This year she took with her the great burden of the trouble between France and England. She feared that it might break out over the Fashoda difference and she talked it over many times with Victoria, holding the latter promise that she would do all in her power to prevent any hostility between the two nations.

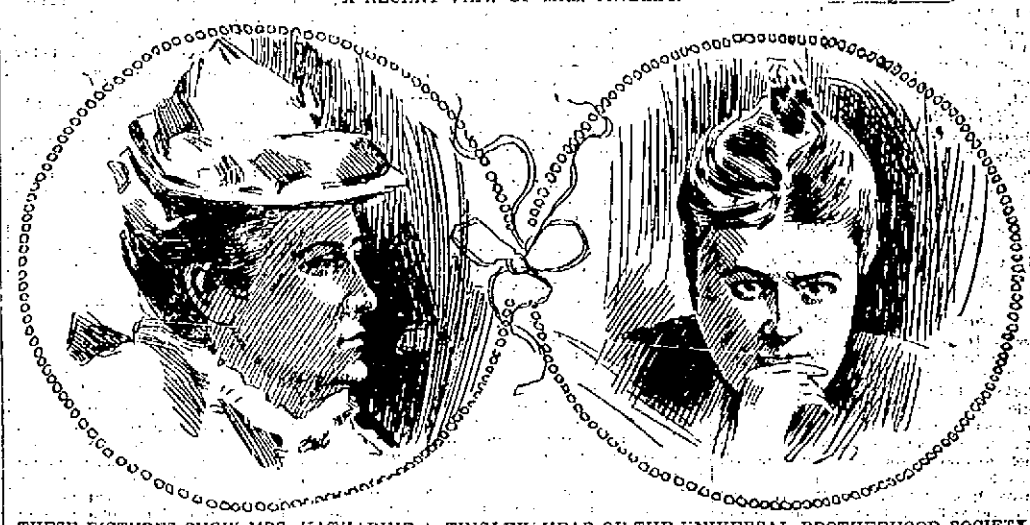
The queen is a hard woman to influence, but when she separated from Eugenie she said: "If war should break out between France and England, I should ask God to allow me to die before hostilities began."

This was interpreted by the English to mean that the queen would prohibit war between the two countries as strongly as a queen could prohibit war.

So firm is the tie between these two women that when Victoria has been in poor health Eugenie has pined, for she feels that when this, her strongest friend dies, she will have little to live for.

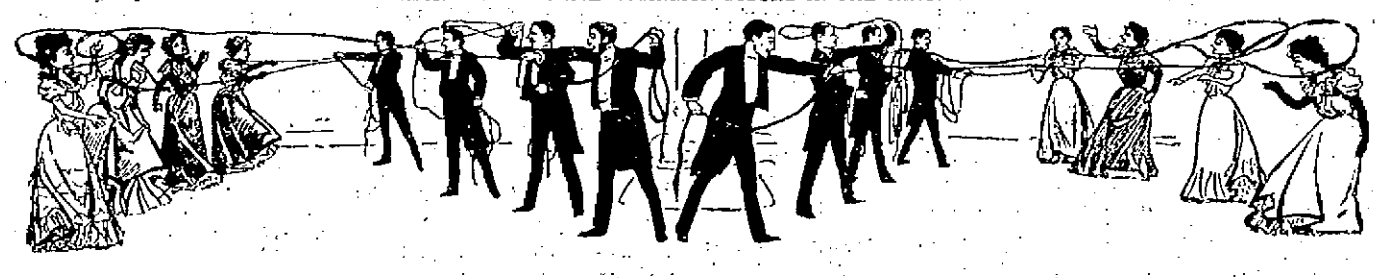
Although Eugenie is not now on the throne of France, and stands no chance of ever becoming its empress, she still feels very dear to that country, and would greatly grieve at its misfortune. She watches France as a separated mother watches the career of a dear child.

A RECENT VIEW OF MRS. TINGLEY.



THESE PICTURES SHOW MRS. KATHARINE A. TINGLEY, HEAD OF THE UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD SOCIETY, AS SHE LOOKS AT HOME AND AS SHE APPEARS IN HER STREET DRESS. SHE HAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN WORK OF GENERAL PHILANTHROPY AND IS STILL CARING FOR A HOSPITAL FULL OF CONVALESCENT SOLDIERS.

"THE LASSO." A FAVORITE COTILLION FIGURE IN THE JANUARY DANCES.



THIS PRETTY FIGURE IS DANCED IN DOUBLE ROWS DOWN EACH SIDE OF THE ROOM, THE GENTLEMEN LASSO THEIR FAIR PARTNERS WITH RIBBON OR WITH LONG STRIPS OF LASSO PAPER WHICH COMES FOR THE PURPOSE.

THE GIRL OF '99.

She Must Model Herself Along These Lines If She Wants to Please the Chappies.

(The Confession of a New York Dude.)

All women are fond of dudes.

All dudes are fond of women.

A dude meant in other days a dandy, a fop, but the dude of to-day is more. He is a dandy, according to the very latest interpretation of the name. He fought well in the Spanish War—the dude—and in times of peace he lives well.

The dudes, or the chappies, have their feminine ideals. This is the girl of '99, according to the best ideal of the chappies.

She will be slender, the girl of '99, extremely so, yet not attenuated. She will be lithe and willowy, with that very stylish air which only comes with lithness. Her waist will be the athletic waist. This is the waist which looks small because it has a blouse jacket falling over it, and a big, round skirt emerging from it. The girl of '99 will not be an hour glass, by any means, nor a meal bag; far from it, she will have an athletic waist—you know what that is—broad and full.

The girl of '99 will be extremely accomplished. She will be able not only to argue, but to laugh. Any girl can argue. Argument comes with narrow-mindedness, with the single-sotedness, with the petty sentiments of a little nature. But to laugh takes broad-mindedness.

We can all of us laugh at the joys and sorrows of a year ago, but it is hard to laugh at the sorrows of to-day. The girl of '99 will meet the vicissitudes of the day and the hour with a philosophic smile, and will laugh long all through the year. That is the twentieth century girl.

and her life is bound up in the joys and sorrows of her pet city—Paris!

It is said that Eugenie cared little for the sorrows of Spain, although she was a Spanish princess. Certain it is that she used no influence to keep England from siding with the United States. But when it comes to trouble between England and France, that is different.

It is a matter of royal gossip that Eugenie, who once had a thousand dresses a year, now boasts only one at a time, and when that is worn out she gets another one. She wears no jewelry, does not dress boomingly and seems to have lost all her fancy for fascination.

But she still speaks well and, like certain great beauties, she will be a woman of power to the end of the chapter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and Bermuda lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 19 Appleton street.

GOOD TEAS AND COFFEES.

Our teas are strictly new crop, high grade. Our coffees are fresh roasted and ground to order. DICKSON BROS., 88 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Full line of Blank Books at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central St.

Watches cleaned, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. H. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Vespers went to Lawrence to play the Home club of that city. Following is the result:

POOL.

Vespers—A. M. Chadwick, 75; A. K. Chadwick, 64; totals, 139.

Home Club—Priestman, 80; Eastham, 76; totals, 156.

BILLIARDS.

Vespers—Farrington, 150; Leighton, 123; totals, 263.

Home Club—Lannigan, 119; Morris, 150 ;total, 269.

WHIST.

Vespers, 313, plus 1.

Home Club, 311 minus 17.

BOWLING.

Vespers—Adams, 376; Wellman, 558; Fels, 500; Hill, 437; Grover, 529; totals 2493.

Home Club—Robinson, 447; Sherman, 480; Dow, 410; Day, 550; Pond, 519; totals, 2407.

Company G team defeated Boucher's team at the armory yesterday afternoon. The score:

Co. G—Fairweather, 501; Dodge, 481; Jones, 446; Durant, 394; Brock, 512; totals, 2334.

Boucher's Team—Waugh, 390; Hennessy, 444; Delmore, 436; Boucher, 372; Sub, 413; totals, 2055.

Teams Three and One of the High school played at Les Miserables in the afternoon and rolled the following scores:

Team Three—O'Sullivan, 351; Bennett, 330; Goddard, 330; Libby, 353; Jewett, 436; totals, 1800.

Team One—Kelley, 368; Harmon, 446; Conant, 392; Brady, 264; Davis, 335; totals, 1733.

The Defenders last night met and defeated the Heroes on Les Miserables alleys in a very exciting game. The matter of winning the contest was decided by only 8 pins. The score:

Defenders—Bridge, 402; Jordan, 365; Buckley, 463; Lyons, 449; sub, 499; totals, 2198.

Heroes—Flood, 468; McCaffery, 370; Whalen, 416; McShea, 466; sub, 470; totals, 2190.

FATAL FALL

FROM A CART—THOMAS MURRAY THE VICTIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MELROSE, Jan. 20.—Thomas Murray a well-known resident of this town was fatally injured this afternoon while at work for the Metropolitan park commission in the Middlesex Fells reservation.

He was driving his tip cart when his horse became frightened at a carriage with rubber tires in which were seated two women. The horse shied and threw Murray out of the cart.

He struck on his head against a stone, making an ugly gash. He was brought to the Melrose hospital where he died soon after his arrival.

He was about 60 years old and leaves a wife and grown up family on Tremont street.

SHOT IN HEAD

BALTIMORE WOMAN HELD FOR KILLING HER HUSBAND.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 21.—Azariah Reckard was found in a dying condition with a bullet hole in his head yesterday at his home here and his wife is under arrest, charged with having shot him.

Reckard died soon after his removal to the hospital, and the police say the shooting was the result of jealousy. The woman was found wandering in her night dress and told the police that she was awakened from sleep by a pistol shot and saw a colored man in the room, whereupon she leaped from the window, carrying the sash with her and escaped. The pistol with which the shooting was done could not be found.

KIRK ST. CHURCH

ANNUAL MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

The annual meeting of the Kirk street Congregational church was held last evening. Rev. W. A. Bartlett was the moderator and George H. Spalding was chosen clerk pro. tem.

The report of the treasurer showed receipts to the amount of $3506.34; balance on hand, $23.07. The report of the secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school, Geo. H. Spalding, showed general receipts and expenditures of $304; class accounts, $255.

Other reports were submitted.

Deacon H. B. Shattuck, though he deprecated further service, was reelected for another term, receiving 51 out of 63 votes.

Other elections were as follows: Clerk and treasurer, A. L. Thompson; deaconesses, Alice Merrill, Mrs. J. B. Trueworthy, Mrs. Burrill, and Mrs. Jolley; chief usher, Henry Hyde; superintendent of Central mission, R. W. McAllister with the deacons as an official board; auditor, Geo. W. Bachelder.

Appropriations—Sunday school, $200; flowers, $50; social purposes, $50.

The meeting closed about 9.30 o'clock with the singing of a familiar hymn and the benediction by the pastor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

PRIVATE DEMPSEY

Writes a Tale of the Late War.

ENTITLED "HIS LAST GOOD BYE."

Story of a Brave Soldier's Death.

John W. Dempsey of Co. G, Sixth regiment, contributes the following story of an occurrence of the late war. It is an actual happening though the names of the parties are disguised and it will be read with interest by the soldier boys who will at once recognize the characters. Private Dempsey gives the title "His Last Good Bye" to the story which follows:

"In a certain Massachusetts village there was a local millitary company which contained some well-known young men of the place among whom was one who was the support of a widowed mother whose husband served in the Civil War losing an arm there and had died since then. At the outbreak of the war between America and Spain when the call for volunteers rang far and wide, everybody was filled with the desire to enlist, especially the young men of this militia company. When they were asked to go they all accepted but this young man and being asked the reason, he said: "I cannot in justce to my mother leave her; who will there be to take care of her?"

At last it got noised around that Jack Conway, which was his name, was afraid to go and so must be a coward. It was one of the topics among his fellow soldiers, one of whom was a chum of his called Ned. One day not long after, a lot of them in Jack's absence began to taunt Ned about the cowardice of his friend Jack, when Ned spoke up and said "Shame, boys, to speak of him so. His father served through the Civil war, and as for himself, who was it when Deacon Jones' house was ablaze, and his little daughter appeared at an upper story window and everybody stood appalled at the sight, thinking she was doomed to be burned to death, who was it who rushed into the burning building and rescued her at the risk of his own life, and who was so severely burned that he lay for weeks suffering on a bed of pain? And who was it that was always ready to give a helping hand to the poor and needy? It was no one else, as you all know, but Jack Conway, and then to have those he calls friends charge him as a coward behind his back. Shame on such friends."

The boys began to feel ashamed of themselves, but it did not stop the talk any.

It at last got to his own ears and going to his mother, he said, "I must leave you; I must go."

The company he joined was called away, and as he bade good bye to his gray haired mother, who sadly allowed him to go while tears were coursing down her withered cheeks, he pressed her to his heart, and, as he tried to stay the tears that came unbidden to his own eyes, he said, "Cheer up, Mother; the war will soon be over, and then I will come back to you, never to leave you again."

Ah, little did he know that they will never meet again on this earth. He was among the first to land in Cuba, and often made his comrades wonder at his deeds of bravery.

One time, when water was needed, and the spring was within sight of the Spanish sharpshoters, it was he who took a number of the boys' canteens, and under the crack of the Mauser bullets, went and brought back water to those who were suffering so much with thirst. At another time, when on a march, when a fellow soldier fell down in a faint he remained by him, standing over him to shield him from the hot sun, and took his own hat off to cool his fevered brow, and when they were ready to proceed, carried all of the other's load beside his own. And at the gallant charge up San Juan hill he was among the foremost until he fell mortally wounded by a deadly Mauser bullet.

He was carried by his comrades to a place called a hospital, and laid on a cot. And as the doctor stood over him, he asked "Will I live?" and the doctor looked grave and sadly shook his head. The poor sufferer said "Well never mind; it is God's will, and it is in a good cause." He lingered for days, suffering in silence, and God alone knew his thoughts of the dear old mother so far away.

The end drew near, and his wandering mind went through the sad scene of leaving home again, and hearts stout and true loved and sympathized with the dying soldier.

He died surrounded by the very ones whom he befriended, and the last word he uttered was "mother," and many were the eyes that were dimmed with unshed tears as they thought of their own dear mother whom they might never see again.

They prepared a rough coffin and placed his body carefully in it, wrapping the flag for which he had died, around him. Four of his comrades carried him, followed by the regiment, until they came to a newly dug grave. And in obedience to orders given in a low respectful voice, they formed a hollow square, and as the body was lowered the Chaplain read the burial service. As I stood there in the glare of the hot sun that day, while they were burying him my thought were far away. I thought of the loving mother who had held the bright faced boy in her arms, and had thanked God for the joy he had sent into her life. How she had watched every evidence of his opening mind; how lovingly she listened for the first spoken word. And then how happy she was as he played around her, or climbed into her lap and threw his little arms around her neck and kissed her. The school days come and go, she watches him go and listens with impatience until she hears his returning step. Then comes the dark day when the father died and the little one, now grown to manhood says "never mind, mother, you have only me now, but I will take care of you," which he does. Then came the war he said "good bye; I'll be back; my country's call." He went out of her sight. I wonder where she is today. Like many others she waited and waited in vain for news of her boy. He told them not to write until he is better, as she will be uneasy about him.

Well, mother, he is better today. No more long weary marches and lonely night watches of the picket. And the day of battle will come for him no more; and when she hears of his death her already heavily laden heart will beat more wearily, if it does not break altogether.

A squad of soldiers fired three volleys over his grave, and as each volley broke the stillness of the solemn hour the scene became more sad, more painfully oppressive. The bugler, through the sobs he scarcely could smother, sounded taps, that most beautiful of all calls, which means "lights out," just as this soldier's life went out. And as the echo came to us through the hills, God alone knows what thoughts coursed through the minds of those comrades who such a short time ago taunted him with being a coward. They placed a board at the head of his grave with the simple inscription

"Not a Coward, but a Hero."

Sleep, comrade, sleep, tho' we all will miss thee,
Who left you in thine lone grave today;
Alas, soon thy country will forget thee,
And thy name from the earth pass away.
But there's one who'll remember; 'tis mother,
Who nursed you in sickness and pain.
The God above makes room for another,
A hero we'll ne'er meet again.

In Pain?

In the Back? Then probably the kidneys.
In the Chest? Then probably the lungs.
In the Joints? Then probably rheumatism.

No matter where it is, nor what kind; you need have it no longer. It may be an hour, a day, or a year old; it must yield to

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after applying it you feel its soothing, warming, strengthening power.

It quiets congestion; draws out inflammation.

It is a new plaster.

A new combination of new remedies. Made after new methods. Entirely unlike any other plaster.

The Triumph of Modern Medical Science.

The Perfected Product of years of Patient Toil.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the treatment of all throat and lung affections.

Placed over the stomach, it stops nausea and vomiting; over the bowels, it controls cramps and colic.

Placed over the small of the back, it removes all congestion from the kidneys and greatly strengthens weakness.

For sale by all Druggists.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THROWN 20 FEET

BY AN ENGINE BUT BRIDGET HUGHES WAS UNHURT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Bridget Hughes of Mt. Vernon was struck by an express train on the N. Y., N. H., & H. R. R. railroad and was hurled 20 feet in the air and escaped without injury. After the accident she walked to her home, a mile away, and prepared supper for her husband.

Mrs. Hughes is 65 years old. When a reporter called upon her this evening he found her preparing supper for her husband.

"I'm all right," she said, "but I don't know how I escaped death. All I know is that I have walked the railroad tracks for the last time in my life."

PERSONAL.

Rev. H. Lockhart preaches his last sermon at the Chelmsford street church one week from next Sunday.

Mrs. Stetson Gordon who returned last month from a prolonged visit to relatives in Philadelphia and who has been a sufferer from the grip nearly all the time since her return is now able to be out and about.

Mrs. Artemas S. Young of 73 Beech street is rapidly recovering after a very severe attack of grip.

Arthur C. Moore with his uncle, George B. Parker, has gone to Jamaica for three months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Boynton were among the guests at the brilliant wedding of Mr. Arthur Lang Foster and Miss Lydia Armenell Ackley in Immanuel Congregational church in Roxbury Wednesday. Mr. Foster, who was formerly a clerk in the Appleton bank, and now teller in the Eliot Savings bank of Boston is a brother of Mrs. Boynton.

Miss Sarah Johnson of Exeter, who was taken ill on the train while on her way home a few days ago and was brought to St. John's hospital, has recovered and set out for her home yesterday.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

CHISHOLM LOSES

To Patsy Sweeney at Manchester, N. H.

LOWELL MAN PUT UP GAME FIGHT

But Was Outpointed by Opponent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 21.—One of the liveliest boxing exhibitions ever held in this city was witnessed at Mechanics' hall last evening, when "Patsy" Sweeney of this city defeated Billy Chisholm of Lowell in twelve rounds.

About 600 local and out-of-town sports occupied seats and the entire day force of policemen were on duty at the hall. Chief Healy, Deputy Chief Cassidy and Sergeant O'Dowd were present on the stage, but the services of the officers were not necessary as the exhibition went off in a very smooth manner. A sixteen-foot ring was pitched and the betting seemed to be in favor of the local man, with odds of 3 to 2.

The first event scheduled was a ten-round contest between Bob Montgomery of Boston and George Gardner of this city. Montgomery is a colored man who has acquired considerable notoriety as a pugilist, and proved himself a hard fighter. George Gardner, his opponent, is a young boxer who has gained some reputation and is willing to meet any 145-pound man in New England. The official time-keeper was George V. Toohey of Boston and John J. Sullivan of Boston acted as referee.

The contest was scheduled at catch weights, and both men weighed close to 145 pounds, Gardner having a little the better of it in height. Montgomery's seconds were Mallit Flaherty and Tim Kearns of Boston, while Artie Allen and Jack Walker seconded Gardner.

The principal bout of the evening was then announced, and Billy Chisholm entered the ring, seconded by Billy Taylor, Birge Pattee and "Young" Chisholm. He weighed at 126 pounds. Sweeney entered shortly afterward and was roundly applauded. For seconds he had Tom Maguire, Jack Caley and Jim Stewart. He weighed 124 pounds. Both seemed to be in the pink of condition, Chisholm having a little the advantage in height, though his reach was not as good as that of the Manchester lad.

At 10.20 the referee called the men to the center of the ring and cautioned them as to hitting on the breakaway. At 10.25 he called time and the men started.

Round 1—Chisholm led and Sweeney rushed, landing left and rights repeatedly. The Lowell man led out with a light left on the ear and Sweeney returned with a succession of straight jabs and uppercuts and got off with a punch on the chin. The round ended in Sweney's favor and Chisholm bleeding freely from the nose.

Round 2—This was practically a repetition of the first round, Chisholm avoiding some punishment by clever ducking, but could not get away from straight arm blows which Sweney seemed to deal out at will, Chisholm landing an occasional left in the wind, but with little effect.

Round 3—Sweeney started in fast and got in a succession of blows without a return. Chisholm ducked a vicious swing and both clinched. Sweeney landed uppercuts and Chisholm swung low and wild. Sweeney landed a stiff right on the face, followed by two straight jabs and took a left on the ear and both clinched. Sweeney landed right on Chisholm's face repeatedly and Chisholm ducked; both exchanged lefts. Sweney landed three hard lefts on the chin. The round ended in Sweeney's favor. Chisholm bleeding freely and appearing somewhat weary.

Round 4—The Lowell boy was a little groggy but led with a hook on the body. Sweeney got back with a right on the face and an exchange of lefts followed. Chisholm swung wild and received several stiff ones in the face, which covered his countenance with blood. Both clinched, Sweeney landing right on face and both countered with left. Sweeney landed left and right in rapid sucession and the round closed with an exchange of lefts and rights.

Round 5—Chisholm was gradually weakening and did not look as though he could stand another round. He led and an exchange of rights followed by a left on the face from Sweeney, who continued to rush matters and had his man dazed at the call of time. Chisholm was covered with his own gore but seemed to stand his punishment with considerable gameness.

Round 6—Both got in close and a clinch followed. Sweeney got in with rights and left and uppercuts, seeming to hit his man just when and where he chose and keeping out of reach of his adversary's wild swings.

Round 7—Sweeney rushed and landed a left uppercut which staggered his opponent and again started the blood. Chisholm took a brace and landed left on the jaw and got one in the mouth in return. This was the Lowell man's best round, but Sweeney's pace was too fast and he was obliged to take several jabs and uppercuts which called for loud applause.

Rounds 8 and 9 were in Sweeney's favor throughout, and his opponent was swinging wild and showed considerable weakness.

Round 10—Chisholm served as a punching bag for his opponent, who landed at will and did not allow the Lowell man to reach him once.

Rounds 11 and 12 were one-sided. Sweeney knocked his man at short range, playing for the heart with the right and placing his left on the jaw and face. In the last round they exchanged lefts and Sweeney ducked a right swing and slipped to the floor. He then put in three left-handers on the face, and pust before the call of time landed both right and left, staggering his adversary, who was just about able to put up his hands.

The referee awarded the bout to Sweeney amid the cheers of the spectators, and the 600 sports who witnessed the affair counted on "Young Corbett" as a coming light in the roped arena.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made of Cream of Tartar.

Most healthful leavener in the World. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SUPT. BATES

OF FALL RIVER SPOKE TO SCHOOL-TEACHERS.

Supt. Bates of the public schools of Fall River spoke to a large audience composed of local school teachers at the High school hall yesterday afternoon. His subject was "What the Pupils Taught the Teacher," and according to his treatment it proved of great interest.

Superintendent Bates does not believe in depriving the children of their recess nor of keeping them after school as a punishment, to learn lessons. He maintains that if there is not enough in the teacher to enable him to inspire the child to do his work, in school hours, he will not be very successful outside of school hours.

The children, he thinks, should be met more than half way in their affectionate advances. Children are all ready to give more than obedience, if only the teacher is ready to accept it.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

DOWN GO THE PRICES.

Jackets Almost Given Away

BUY NOW. BUY NOW.

$12.50 Jackets now $5.00.
$18.00 Jackets now $8.00.
$25.00 Jackets now $12.00.
$7.50 Jackets now $3.49.
$6.50 Jackets now $2.98.

New Style Separate Skirts, draped, braid and button trimmed, exclusive designs.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

A FEW SPECIAL ITEMS

FOR CONTINUATION OF THE

Sale of the Globe Shoe Stock

We shall sell all the 15 cases of Rubbers for Ladies, Children and Misses, low cut and storm rubbers,

25c PAIR.

Here are 2 bargains for Men:

We have divided in two lots about 300 pairs of odd lines, real good shoes, in black calf and russet vici kid, bals and congress, but there are sizes out in some of these, and to close them out we offer them for

98c PAIR and $1.39 PAIR.

Worth $1.50 to $2 50. Worth $2.50 to $3.00.

We can fit you to a pair of these, no doubt, and save you some money.

And then for Children's and Misses:

We have also divided the assortment in 2 lots, from the shoes Sears sold $1.00 and $1.50 and we will sell them

50c and 89c.

All solid well made shoes, and good styles, in black, russet, lace and buttons. These are only a few bargains of this good stock, and it will pay all to come and look over the new lots we are bringing out every day.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A Murder

Right Here in Lowell.

Cor. of Central and Middlesex Sts.

Next Door to Drug Store.

CLOTHING

is to be Slaughtered.

WAIT! WAIT!

We open SATURDAY, Jan. 21st, and will have in operation

A Big Blue Tag Sale

Which is slashing affair. We are the Originators in Everybody's Mouth.

Money Saving

Men's $7.00 Overcoats,	$1.98
Men's $10.00 Overcoats,	$3 98
Men's $12.00 Overcoats,	4.98
Men's $13.50 Overcoats,	6 89
Men's $15.00 Covert Overcoats,	7.48
Men's $16.00 Covert Overcoats,	7.98
Men's $15.00 Spring Covert Overcoats,	5.98
Men's $18.00 Light Covert Overcoats,	9.98
Youth's $10.00 Ulsters,	2 48
Men's $12.00 Ulsters,	3.48
Men's $15.00 Ulsters,	4 98
Men's $6.00 Suits,	1.98
Men's $7.00 Suits,	2.98
Men's $8.00 Suits,	3.98
Men's $10.00 Suits,	4.98
Men's $12.00 Suits,	6 48
Men's $13.50 Suits,	7.48
Men's $15.00 Suits,	9 98
Men's $7.00 Reefers,	2.98
Men's 25 cent Silk Handkerchiefs,	7c.
Boys' $6.00 All Wool Long Pant Suits,	1.98
Boys' $1.00 Sweaters, all colors,	39c.
Men's $2.50 Pants,	93c.
Men's $3.00 Pants,	1.24
Men's $3.50 Pants,	1.48
Men's $4.00 Pants,	1.98
Men's 40 cent Overalls, Jumpers,	14c.
Men's Odd Vests,	48c.
Men's 75 cent White Shirts,	38c.
Men's 87 cent Shirts, fancy bosom and cuffs,	34c.
Men's Grey 40c. Shirts or Drawers,	18c.
Men's 75 cent Shirts, fleece lined,	29c.
Men's $2.00 Hats,	93c.
Men's 50c. Winter Caps,	14c.
Men's 25c. Suspenders,	6c.
Men's 15c. Cotton Hose,	4c.
Men's 25c. All Wool Blue Hose,	9c.
Men's $1.00 Blue Rib Shirts and Drawers,	46c.
Boys' 40c. Knee Pants,	9c.
Boys' $1.75 Blue Chinchilla Reefers,	97c.
Children's $3.00 3-piece Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.50 Knee Pant Suits,	98c.
Boys' $2.00 Knee Pant Suits,	1 08
Boys' $4.00 Ulsters,	98c.

LOOK FOR BIG BLUE TAG.

Cor. Central and Middlesex Sts.

L. W. RICHARDS, Prop.
A. W. QUIMBY, Manager.

The Clown and the Mule is Ours.